# **E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.** and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 and Independent Auditors' Report

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.

### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd. (ESFHC) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 and for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, and its consolidated financial performance for the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 and its consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Futures Commission Merchants, and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matters of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2023 are described as follows:

### Assessment of Allowance for Possible Losses on Loans

The Company is engaged principally in providing loans to customers. As of June 30, 2023, the net amount of discounts and loans of the Company represented approximately 55% of total consolidated assets, and is considered material to the consolidated financial statements as a whole. Besides assessing expected credit losses of loans in accordance with IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", the management of E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd. (E.SUN Bank), a subsidiary of ESFHC, complies with the Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans and related regulations (collectively, the Regulations) when assessing classification of credit assets and recognizing allowance for possible losses. For accounting policies and relevant information about loan impairment assessment of E.SUN Bank, please refer to Notes 4, 5 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

We determined the assessment of allowance for possible losses on loans to be a key audit matter for the six months ended June 30, 2023 because the assessment made by E.SUN Bank to assess the classification of credit assets and recognize allowance for possible losses in accordance with the Regulations involves critical estimates and judgements.

The main audit procedures we performed in response to certain aspects of the key audit matter described above are as follows:

- 1. We obtained an understanding of and performed test on the relevant internal controls in respect of E.SUN Bank's loan impairment assessment.
- 2. We acquired the loan evaluation form used by management of E.SUN Bank and assessed the allowance for possible losses on credit assets; we tested the completeness of the loan assets.
- 3. We assessed that the loans of E.SUN Bank were classified in accordance with the definition of the Regulations.
- 4. We calculated the required provision of allowance for possible losses on loans of E.SUN Bank in order to assess whether it complied with the Regulations.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Futures Commission Merchants, and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chen-Hsiu Yang and Kuan-Hao Lee.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

August 25, 2023

### Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2		June 30, 2022		
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount %		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Note 6)	\$ 56,330,275	2	\$ 76,217,644	2	\$ 72,247,105	2	
DUE FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND CALL LOANS TO OTHER BANKS (Notes 7 and 41)	187,729,397	5	152,916,314	4	126,240,330	4	
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Notes 8 and 41)	297,788,644	8	360,749,273	10	385,764,801	12	
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Notes 4, 9, 41 and 43)	365,220,324	10	347,716,866	10	343,425,353	10	
INVESTMENTS IN DEBT INSTRUMENTS AT AMORTIZED COST (Notes 4, 10, 15, 41 and 43)	444,568,244	13	401,405,743	12	351,967,026	11	
FINANCIAL ASSETS-HEDGING-NET (Notes 4 and 11)	10,603	-	-	-	-	-	
SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER RESELL AGREEMENTS (Note 12)	10,954,787	-	7,881,831	-	1,684,169	-	
RECEIVABLES, NET (Notes 4, 13 and 40)	155,976,530	5	125,988,674	4	116,586,439	4	
CURRENT TAX ASSETS (Note 4)	46,555	-	15,510	-	34,215	-	
DISCOUNTS AND LOANS, NET (Notes 4, 14, 15, 40 and 41)	1,961,978,686	55	1,934,791,917	56	1,872,442,278	56	
OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS, NET (Note 16)	7,037,886	-	4,920,274	-	7,857,144	-	
INVESTMENT PROPERTIES, NET (Note 17)	1,762,009	-	1,830,028	-	1,867,552	-	
PROPERTIES AND EQUIPMENT, NET (Note 18)	34,808,283	1	34,708,732	1	34,036,367	1	
RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, NET (Note 19)	6,791,104	-	7,143,707	-	6,837,228	-	
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET (Note 20)	6,313,105	-	6,109,490	-	6,114,130	-	
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (Note 4)	3,422,304	-	3,418,268	-	3,238,549	-	
OTHER ASSETS, NET (Notes 19 and 21)	16,637,136	1	13,746,203	1	12,971,662		
TOTAL	\$ 3,557,375,872	100	\$ 3,479,560,474	<u> 100</u>	\$ 3,343,314,348	100	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
DEPOSITS FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS (Note 22)	\$ 73,387,894	2	\$ 72,514,434	2	\$ 73,606,922	2	
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Notes 8 and 27)	90,474,505	3	89,569,651	3	94,247,886	3	
SECURITIES SOLD UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (Notes 9, 10 and 23)	19,804,182	1	18,495,295	1	17,873,538	1	
COMMERCIAL PAPER ISSUED, NET (Note 24)	4,117,209	_	1,739,403	_	3,818,380		
PAYABLES (Notes 25 and 40)	38,438,078	1	37,486,918	1	48,918,052	1	
CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES (Note 4)	3,006,312	-	1,895,233	_	2,520,443	_	
DEPOSITS AND REMITTANCES (Notes 26 and 40)	2,946,182,973	83	2,902,599,406	83	2,776,162,645	83	
BONDS PAYABLE (Note 27)	44,250,000	1	43,850,000	1	40,850,000	1	
OTHER BORROWINGS (Note 28)	1,674,735	-	3,500,491	_	1,629,412	_	
PROVISIONS (Note 29)	1,023,538	-	1,114,461	-	1,106,338		
OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Notes 17 and 31)	102,154,203	3	99,337,181	3	89,945,852	3	
LEASE LIABILITIES (Note 19)	3,974,200	-	4,303,812	-	3,955,634	-	
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (Note 4)	2,028,765	-	1,895,421	-	1,460,377	-	
OTHER LIABILITIES (Note 32)	4,132,518		4,167,814		3,495,654		
Total liabilities	3,334,649,112	94	3,282,469,520	94	3,159,591,133	94	
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF ESFHC							
Capital stock Common stock	150,751,000	4	142,751,000	4	133,546,000	4	
Reserve for capitalization Total capital stock	5,889,000 156,640,000	4	142,751,000	4	9,205,000 142,751,000	4	
Capital surplus Additional paid-in capital from share issuance in excess of par value	31,418,013	1	22,687,680	1	22,687,680	1	
From treasury stock transactions Total capital surplus	3,382,484 34,800,497	<u> </u>	3,382,484 26,070,164	1	3,382,484 26,070,164	1	
Retained earnings Legal reserve	18,430,702	1	16,897,898	1	16,897,898	1	
Special reserve Unappropriated earnings	5,531,342 11,590,044		1,238,321 15,336,000	<u>-</u>	1,238,321 7,332,424		
Total retained earnings Other equity	35,552,088 (4,439,666)	<u> </u>	33,472,219 (5,367,107)	<u> </u>	<u>25,468,643</u> (10,717,960)	<u> </u>	
Total equity attributable to owners of ESFHC	222,552,919	6	196,926,276	6	183,571,847	6	
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	173,841		164,678		151,368		
Total equity	222,726,760	6	197,090,954	6	183,723,215	6	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 3,557,375,872</u>	<u> 100</u>	<u>\$ 3,479,560,474</u>	<u> 100</u>	\$ 3,343,314,348	<u> 100</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the T	Three Mon	ths Ended June 30		For the			
	2023		2022		2023		2022	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
INTEREST REVENUE								
(Notes 33 and 40)	\$ 20,862,048	135	\$ 11,688,434	96	\$ 39,978,108	128	\$ 21,574,206	84
INTEREST EXPENSE (Notes 33 and 40)	(13,491,035)	<u>(87</u> )	(3,812,168)	(31)	(25,982,763)	<u>(83</u> )	(6,314,026)	<u>(25</u> )
NET INTEREST	7,371,013	48	7,876,266	65	13,995,345	45	15,260,180	59
NET REVENUES AND GAINS OTHER THAN INTEREST Service fee and commission income, net (Notes 34 and 40) Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at	5,174,214	33	4,649,137	38	10,116,891	32	9,822,211	38
fair value through profit or loss (Notes 8 and 35) Realized gains on financial assets at fair value through other	2,472,507	16	(575,016)	(5)	6,508,917	21	(13,141)	-
comprehensive income (Note 9)	734,412	5	234,635	2	788,354	3	449,645	2
Foreign exchange gains (losses), net Reversal of impairment	(290,749)	(2)	(137,085)	(1)	(181,262)	(1)	22,076	-
losses (impairment losses) on assets (Note 4) Other noninterest gains, net	(65) 42,755	<u>-</u>	11,089 73,746	<u> </u>	3,297 72,755	 	620 142,168	<u> </u>
Total net revenues and gains other than interest	8,133,074	52	4,256,506	35	17,308,952	55	10,423,579	41
TOTAL NET REVENUES	15,504,087	100	12,132,772	100	31,304,297	100	25,683,759	100
BAD-DEBT EXPENSES AND PROVISIONS FOR LOSSES ON COMMITMENTS AND GUARANTEES (Notes 4 and 14) OPERATING EXPENSES	(424,268)	(3)	(531,280)	(4)	(422,384)	(2)	(875,544)	(3)
(Notes 4, 17, 18, 19, 20, 30, 36 and 40) Employee benefits Depreciation and amortization General and administrative	(4,227,821) (969,061) (4,168,655)	(27) (6) (27)	(3,459,609) (930,909) (3,309,764)	(29) (8) (27)	(7,847,009) (1,922,689) (7,862,161)	(25) (6) (25)	(7,022,329) (1,877,321) (6,668,068)	(28) (7) (26)
Total operating expenses	(9,365,537)	<u>(60</u> )	(7,700,282)	<u>(64</u> )	(17,631,859)	<u>(56</u> )	(15,567,718)	<u>(61</u> )
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	5,714,282	37	3,901,210	32	13,250,054	42	9,240,497	36
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 37)	(1,210,999)	(8)	(1,132,971)	<u>(9)</u>	(2,700,185)	<u>(8)</u>	(2,145,452)	<u>(8</u> )
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	4,503,283	29	2,768,239	23	10,549,869	34		28 (continued)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the T	Three Mon	ths Ended June 30	ı	For the	ns Ended June 30				
	2023		2022		2023		2022			
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 4 and 37) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Changes in the fair value attributable to changes in the credit risk of										
financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss	\$ (1,165,248)	(7)	\$ 105,078	1	\$ (1,928,701)	(6)	\$ (69,992)	-		
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive										
income Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit	806,467	5	(2,897,298)	(24)	1,820,887	6	(1,819,217)	(7)		
or loss Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss, net of	(1,139)		23,280		183		28,685			
income tax Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on the translation of	(359,920)	(2)	(2,768,940)	<u>(23</u> )	(107,631)		(1,860,524)	(7)		
financial statements of foreign operations Unrealized gains (losses) on investments in debt instruments at fair	333,606	2	649,257	5	(102,020)	-	1,885,349	7		
value through other comprehensive income Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit	(239,501)	(2)	(4,719,387)	(39)	1,395,665	4	(10,226,306)	(40)		
or loss Items that may be reclassified subsequently to	6,241		305,655	3	(154,390)	(1)	797,748	3		
profit or loss, net of income tax  Other comprehensive income (loss) for the	100,346		(3,764,475)	(31)	1,139,255	3	(7,543,209)	(30)		
period, net of income tax	(259,574)	(2)	(6,533,415)	(54)	1,031,624	3	(9,403,733)	(37)		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 4,243,709	<u>27</u>	<u>\$ (3,765,176)</u>	<u>(31</u> )	<u>\$ 11,581,493</u>	<u>37</u>	\$ (2,308,688) (C	(9) ontinued)		

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the	ths Ended June 30	For the Six Months Ended June 30							
	2023		2022		2023		2022			
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%		
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:										
Owners of ESFHC	\$ 4,500,722	29	\$ 2,759,405	23	\$ 10,542,913	34	\$ 7,084,672	28		
Non-controlling interests	2,561		8,834	<del>-</del>	6,956		10,373			
	\$ 4,503,283	29	\$ 2,768,239	23	<u>\$ 10,549,869</u>	<u>34</u>	\$ 7,095,045	<u>28</u>		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO:										
Owners of ESFHC Non-controlling interests	\$ 4,241,038 2,671	<u>27</u>	\$ (3,774,201) 9,025	(31)	\$ 11,574,469 	37	\$ (2,319,410) 10,722	(9)		
	<u>\$ 4,243,709</u>	27	<u>\$ (3,765,176)</u>	<u>(31</u> )	<u>\$ 11,581,493</u>	37	<u>\$ (2,308,688)</u>	<u>(9</u> )		
EARNINGS PER SHARE (NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS; RETROSPECTIVELY ADJUSTED FOR THE EFFECTS OF THE STOCK DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED; Note 38)										
Basic Diluted	\$ 0.29 \$ 0.29		\$ 0.19 \$ 0.19		\$ 0.70 \$ 0.70		\$ 0.48 \$ 0.48			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Equity Attributable	to Owners of ESFHC								
									Other Equity					
		Exchange (Losses) on Differences on Financial Assets Translation of the at Fair Value Financial Through Other		Changes in the Fair Value Attributable to Changes in the Credit Risk of Financial Liabilities Designated as at	Non and alling									
	Shares	Capital Stock (Note 39	Reserve for	Capital Surplus	Ketained	Earnings (Notes 9, 3	Unappropriated	Statements of Foreign	Comprehensive Income	Fair Value Through Profit or	Non-controlling Interests			
	(In Thousands)	Common Stock	Capitalization	(Note 39)	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Earnings	Operations	(Notes 9 and 37)	Loss	(Note 39)	Total Equity		
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2023	14,275,100	\$ 142,751,000	\$ -	\$ 26,070,164	\$ 16,897,898	\$ 1,238,321	\$ 15,336,000	\$ (385,903)	\$ (10,775,505)	\$ 5,794,301	\$ 164,678	\$ 197,090,954		
Appropriation of 2022 earnings					1 522 904		(1.522.904)							
Legal reserve Special reserve	-	-	-	-	1,532,804	4,293,021	(1,532,804) (4,293,021)	-	-	-	-	-		
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-		(2,855,020)	-	-	-	-	(2,855,020)		
Stock dividends	-	-	5,710,000	-	-	-	(5,710,000)	-	-	-	-	-		
Issuance of shares for cash	800,000	8,000,000	-	8,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,000,000		
Issuance of common stock from employees' compensation	-	-	179,000	275,660	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	454,660		
Share-based payment for the subscription of new shares by employees	-	-	-	454,673	-	-	(2,139)	-	-	-	2,139	454,673		
Disposals of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	104,115	-	(104,115)	-	-	-		
Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,542,913	-	-	-	6,956	10,549,869		
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2023, net of income tax	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>		(80,139)	3,040,396	(1,928,701)	68	1,031,624		
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2023	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>_</del>		10,542,913	(80,139)	3,040,396	(1,928,701)	7,024	11,581,493		
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2023	<u>15,075,100</u>	<u>\$150,751,000</u>	\$ 5,889,000	<u>\$ 34,800,497</u>	<u>\$ 18,430,702</u>	\$ 5,531,342	\$ 11,590,044	<u>\$ (466,042)</u>	<u>\$ (7,839,224)</u>	\$ 3,865,600	<u>\$ 173,841</u>	<u>\$222,726,760</u>		
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2022	13,354,600	\$ 133,546,000	\$ -	\$ 25,662,214	\$ 14,784,546	\$ 164,235	\$ 21,142,980	\$ (2,721,712)	\$ 2,299,053	\$ (651,427)	\$ 158,753	\$ 194,384,642		
Appropriation of 2021 earnings														
Legal reserve	-	-	-	-	2,113,352	1.074.006	(2,113,352)	-	-	-	-	-		
Special reserve Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	1,074,086	(1,074,086) (8,947,582)	-	-	-	-	(8,947,582)		
Stock dividends	-	-	9,000,000	-	-	-	(9,000,000)	-	-	-	-	(0,747,302)		
Issuance of common stock from employees' compensation	-	-	205,000	407,950	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	612,950		
Cash dividends distributed by subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(18,107)	(18,107)		
Disposals of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	239,792	-	(239,792)	-	-	-		
Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,084,672	-	-	-	10,373	7,095,045		
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2022, net of income tax			<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>				1,518,867	_(10,852,957)	(69,992)	349	(9,403,733)		
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2022		<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>_</del>		7,084,672	1,518,867	(10,852,957)	(69,992)	10,722	(2,308,688)		
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2022	13,354,600	<u>\$133,546,000</u>	\$ 9,205,000	<u>\$ 26,070,164</u>	<u>\$ 16,897,898</u>	<u>\$ 1,238,321</u>	<u>\$ 7,332,424</u>	<u>\$ (1,202,845)</u>	<u>\$ (8,793,696)</u>	<u>\$ (721,419)</u>	<u>\$ 151,368</u>	<u>\$183,723,215</u>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30			
		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	\$	13,250,054	\$	9,240,497
Adjustments for:	Ψ	13,230,031	Ψ	2,210,127
Depreciation expenses		1,566,412		1,509,489
Amortization expenses		356,277		367,832
Expected credit losses/bad-debt expenses		495,606		858,447
Losses (gains) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through		.,,,,,,,		000,
profit or loss		(6,508,917)		13,141
Interest expense		25,982,763		6,314,026
Interest revenue		(39,978,108)		(21,574,206)
Dividend income		(598,915)		(542,482)
Provision for losses on guarantees		(68,740)		3,517
Salary expenses on share-based payments		774,005		214,258
Losses (gains) on disposal of properties and equipment		439		(7,514)
Losses (gains) on disposal of investments		(189,439)		92,837
Others		522		(4,830)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities				( ) ,
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks		(16,397,183)		4,061,428
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		67,040,390		98,573,921
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(14,695,989)		(14,089,229)
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost		(42,537,300)		(41,237,433)
Receivables		(27,172,210)		10,974,873
Discounts and loans		(28,988,041)		(104,397,569)
Other financial assets		(2,087,612)		1,233,342
Other assets		(577,538)		7,596,669
Deposits from the Central Bank and other banks		873,460		(9,874,236)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(236,193)		(42,017,762)
Securities sold under repurchase agreements		1,308,887		1,224,899
Payables		(4,454,202)		5,518,094
Deposits and remittances		43,583,567		81,099,854
Provision for employee benefits		44		17
Other financial liabilities		7,514,350		13,870,464
Other liabilities		(25,784)	_	(8,057,045)
Cash generated from (used in) operations		(21,769,395)		965,299
Interest received		40,041,373		22,142,162
Dividends received		104,242		226,192
Interest paid		(23,964,634)		(5,696,604)
Income tax paid	_	(1,699,601)	_	(1,676,466)
		<b></b>		
Net cash generated from (used in) operating activities		(7,288,015)	_	15,960,583
				(Continued)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		For the Six M		
		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payments for properties and equipment Proceeds from disposal of properties and equipment	\$	(1,440,385) 267	\$	(1,077,239) 34,937
Increase in settlement fund Decrease in settlement fund Increase in refundable deposits		(205) 7,248 (2,350,454)		(27,823) 14,060 (6,662,689)
Payments for intangible assets Payments for right-of-use assets Increase in other assets		(164,000) (1,410) (821)		(122,242) (105)
Decrease in other assets			_	1
Net cash used in investing activities		(3,949,760)		(7,841,100)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in short-term borrowings		_		653,167
Decrease in short-term borrowings Decrease in due to the Central Bank and other banks		(1,834,366)		(14,021,010)
Increase in commercial paper issued Decrease in commercial paper issued Repayments of corporate bonds		2,380,000		(970,000) (1,100,000)
Proceeds from issue of bank debentures Repayments of bank debentures		1,900,000 (1,500,000)		3,800,000 (3,220,000)
Repayments of long-term borrowings Increase in guarantee deposits received Decrease in guarantee deposits received		(4,368) - (4,697,328)		(6,724) 9,944,997 -
Repayments of the principal portion of lease liabilities Proceeds from issuance of shares		(602,709) 16,000,000		(558,597)
Net cash generated from (used in) financing activities	_	11,641,229	_	(5,478,167)
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,198,033		(9,016,113)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,601,487		(6,374,797)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD		115,750,099	_	104,712,225
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	<u>\$</u>	117,351,586	<u>\$</u>	98,337,428 (Continued)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2023		2022
RECONCILIATIONS OF THE AMOUNTS IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS WITH THE EQUIVALENT ITEMS REPORTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022				
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated balance sheets  Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks in accordance  with the definition of cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7	\$	56,330,275	\$	72,247,105
"Statement of Cash Flows"  Securities purchased under resell agreements in accordance with the definition of cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 "Statement of		50,066,524		24,406,154
Cash Flows" Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$	10,954,787 117,351,586	\$	1,684,169 98,337,428

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd. (ESFHC) was established by E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd. (E.SUN Bank), E.SUN Bills Finance Corp. (E.SUN Bills) and E.SUN Securities Corp. (E.SUN Securities) through a share swap on January 28, 2002 based on the Financial Holding Company Act and related regulations in the Republic of China (ROC). ESFHC's shares have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) since January 28, 2002. After the share swap, E.SUN Bank, E.SUN Bills and E.SUN Securities became wholly owned subsidiaries of ESFHC.

ESFHC invests in and manages financial institutions.

E.SUN Bank engages in banking activities permitted by the Banking Act of the ROC. The operations of E.SUN Bank's Trust Department consist of planning, managing and operating the trust business. These operations are regulated under the Banking Act and Trust Enterprise Act of the ROC. As of June 30, 2023, E.SUN Bank had a business department, an international banking department, a trust department, a credit card and payment division, an offshore banking unit (OBU), an insurance agent department, 8 overseas branches, and 138 domestic branches.

To integrate resources, enhance operating effectiveness, strengthen E.SUN Bank's equity structure, and ensure its long-term development, the stockholders of E.SUN Bank and E.SUN Bills resolved E.SUN Bank's merger with E.SUN Bills on August 25, 2006, to have a merger with each other, with E.SUN Bank as the surviving entity. The effective date of this merger is December 25, 2006.

E.SUN Bank acquired the assets, liabilities, and business of Chiayi The Fourth Credit Cooperative and Chu Nan Credit-Cooperative Association on November 3, 2012 and July 9, 2011, respectively.

To expand economies of scale, improve integrated marketing, reduce operating costs and develop operating synergy, the stockholders of E.SUN Bank and E.SUN Insurance Broker Co., Ltd. (ESIB) resolved E.SUN Bank's merger with ESIB on August 21, 2015, with E.SUN Bank as the surviving entity. The effective date of this merger is March 25, 2016.

Union Commercial Bank PLC. (UCB) was founded in March 1994, under the Laws of the Kingdom of Cambodia. UCB is engaged in banking activities permitted by the Laws of the Kingdom of Cambodia. E.SUN Bank acquired 70% equity interest of UCB on August 28, 2013, and on December 29, 2015, E.SUN Bank acquired from non-controlling interests for additional 5% shares of UCB, which increased its continuing interest from 70% to 75%. E.SUN Bank acquired residual 25% equity interest of UCB on August 25, 2017.

In January 2016, E.SUN Bank (China), Ltd. (ESBC) began its formal launch after acquiring the approval of the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) and the China Bank Regulatory Commission. The registered capital of ESBC is CNY two billion, and ESBC has been opened in Shenzhen, China on March 11, 2016. ESBC is engaged in banking activities permitted by the laws of mainland China.

E.SUN Securities, as an integrated securities firm, engages in underwriting, dealing and brokerage of securities. The FSC approved the brokerage of futures on January 28, 2010 and E.SUN Securities started the operating in brokerage of futures on June 7, 2010. In addition, the FSC approved the dealing of futures on June 4, 2014 and E.SUN Securities started the operating in dealing of futures on June 12, 2014.

E.SUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd. (ESVC) engages in venture capital investments.

To expand business in electronic commerce, E.SUN Bank's board of directors resolved the acquisition of 7,875 thousand common shares of BankPro E-Service Technology Co., Ltd. (BankPro) on November 13, 2015. This acquisition was approved by the authorities and settled on January 11, 2016, and BankPro was included in the consolidated financial statements from the acquisition date.

BankPro is engaged in retail sale of computer software, software design service, data processing service, digital information supply service and business consultant.

For the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the average number of employees of the Company (ESBC, UCB and BankPro excluded) was 9,209 and 9,112, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the average number of employees of ESBC, UCB and BankPro was 1,026 and 945, respectively.

For more information on the consolidated entities, please refer to Table 1 (attached).

The operating units of ESFHC and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") maintain their accounts in their respective functional currencies. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars.

#### 2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The board of directors of ESFHC, in their meeting on August 25, 2023, approved and authorized the consolidated financial statements for issue.

### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

The initial application of the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have material impact on the Company's accounting policies.

b. Not yet applied new IFRSs endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2024

Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
January 1, 2024 (Note 2)
January 1, 2024
January 1, 2024 January 1, 2024 (Note 3)

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRSs are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: A seller-lessee shall apply the Amendments to IFRS 16 retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of IFRS 16.
- Note 3: The amendments provide some transition relief regarding disclosure requirements.

The Company assessed that the application of the above standards would not have any material impact on the Company's financial position and financial performance. As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of above standards and interpretations will have on the Company's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

c. Not yet applied new IFRSs announced by IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	To be determined by IASB
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17 - Comparative Information"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability"	January 1, 2025 (Note 2)

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRSs are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: An entity shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Upon initial application of the amendments, the entity recognizes any effect as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. When the entity uses a presentation currency other than its functional currency, it shall, at the date of initial application, recognize any effect as an adjustment to the cumulative amount of translation differences in equity.

The Company assessed that the application of the above standards would not have any material impact on the Company's financial position and financial performance. As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of above standards and interpretations will have on the Company's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

### 4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Futures Commission Merchants and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC. Disclosure information included in the interim consolidated financial statements is less than those required in a complete set of annual consolidated financial statements.

### b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair value and net defined benefit liabilities/assets that are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

#### c. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of ESFHC, and the entities controlled by ESFHC, including E.SUN Bank, UCB (subsidiary of E.SUN Bank), ESBC (subsidiary of E.SUN Bank), BankPro (subsidiary of E.SUN Bank), E.SUN Securities, E.SUN Securities Investment Consulting Corp. (subsidiary of E.SUN Securities), and ESVC.

The accounting policies of ESFHC and subsidiaries are consistent.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated for consolidation purposes. E.SUN Bank's financial statements include the accounts of its Head Office, OBU, and all branches. All intra-bank transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the ESFHC and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

### d. Other material accounting policies

Except for those described below, please refer to the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2022 for details of summary of the significant accounting policies.

### 1) Retirement benefits

Pension cost for defined benefit retirement plans of interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant plan amendments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

### 2) Income tax expense

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. Interim period income taxes are assessed on an annual basis and calculated by applying to an interim period's pre-tax income the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

#### 3) Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the balance sheet date. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately, in addition, if the derivatives were designated as effective hedging instruments, the timing that recognized in profit or loss will depend on the nature of the hedging relationship. If the fair value of a derivative is a positive number, the derivative is recognized as an asset and if the fair value is a negative number, the derivative is recognized as a liability.

### 4) Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including accounts receivable), investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, lease receivables, as well as contract assets.

The Company always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for accounts receivable and lease receivables. For all other financial instruments, the Company recognizes lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of a default occurring as the weights. 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

For internal credit risk management purposes, the Company determines that the following situations indicate that a financial asset is in default (without taking into account any collateral held by the Company):

- a) Internal or external information show that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors.
- b) When a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Company has reasonable and corroborative information to support a more lagged default criterion.

The impairment loss of all financial assets is recognized in profit or loss by a reduction in their carrying amounts through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and the carrying amounts of such financial assets are not reduced.

Under FSC guidelines, E.SUN Bank should classify credit assets as sound credit assets or unsound credit assets, with the unsound assets further categorized as special mention, substandard, with collectability highly doubtful and uncollectable, on the basis of the customers' financial position, valuation of collaterals and the length of time the principal repayments or interest payments have become overdue.

E.SUN Bank made 100%, 50%, 10%, 2% and 1% provisions for credits deemed uncollectable, with collectability highly doubtful, substandard, special mention and sound credit assets (excluding assets that represent claims against an ROC government agency), respectively, as minimum provisions. Furthermore, the FSC stipulated that banks should make at least 1.5% provisions each for sound credit assets in mainland China (pertaining to short-term advance for trade finance) and loans for house purchases, renovations and constructions, respectively.

Credits deemed uncollectable might be written off if the write-off is approved by the board of directors.

### 5) Hedge accounting

The Company designates certain hedging instruments as fair value hedges.

### Fair value hedges

Gains or losses on derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognized in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk. The change in the fair value of the hedging instrument and the change in the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk are recognized in profit or loss in the line item relating to the hedged item.

The Company discontinues hedge accounting only when the hedging relationship ceases to meet the qualifying criteria; for instance, when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised.

## 5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the Company's management is required to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revisions affect only that period or in the period of the revisions and future periods if the revisions affect both current and future periods.

### Estimated impairment of loans

The provision for impairment of loans is based on assumptions about probability of default and loss given default. The Company uses judgment in making these assumptions and in selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Company's historical experience, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates as of end of each reporting period.

In the calculation of the required provision of allowance for possible losses, the Company also takes into consideration the classification of loans based on the status of the loan collaterals and the length of time the loans are overdue. The Company evaluates the impairment of loans based on the customer's financial conditions, whether the repayments of principal and interest are overdue and the status of the collateral, etc. If future actual cash flows are lesser than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

### 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Cash on hand	\$ 16,031,034	\$ 21,310,770	\$ 14,959,205
Checks for clearing	1,990,397	8,558,300	1,959,305
Due from banks	38,328,330	46,109,059	55,361,204
Cash in transit	8,750	275,192	, , , , <u>-</u>
	56,358,511	76,253,321	72,279,714
Less: Allowance for possible losses	(28,236)	(35,677)	(32,609)
	\$ 56,330,275	\$ 76,217,644	<u>\$ 72,247,105</u>

Reconciliations of cash and cash equivalents between the consolidated statements of cash flows and the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 are shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows. Reconciliations as of December 31, 2022 are stated below.

	D	ecember 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents, ending balance in the consolidated balance sheets	\$	76,217,644
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks in accordance with cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows"		31,650,624
Securities purchased under resell agreements in accordance with the definition of cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows"	_	7,881,831
Cash and cash equivalents, ending balance in the consolidated statements of cash flows	\$_	115,750,099

### 7. DUE FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND CALL LOANS TO OTHER BANKS

		December 31,	
	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022
Deposit reserves - account A	\$ 32,181,855	\$ 36,803,658	\$ 22,190,380
Deposit reserves - account B	69,181,596	63,704,247	58,965,942
Reserves for deposits - foreign currency deposits	716,496	777,317	787,739
Due from the Central Bank - other	18,960,959	21,298,772	17,624,041
Deposit in the Central Bank - deposits of			
government agencies	6,109	5,458	8,586
Call loans to banks	66,709,366	30,360,654	26,713,717
	187,756,381	152,950,106	126,290,405
Less: Allowance for possible losses	(26,984)	(33,792)	(50,075)
	\$ 187,729,397	\$ 152,916,314	\$ 126,240,330

As required by law, the deposit reserves are calculated by applying the prescribed rates to the average monthly balances of various types of deposit accounts held by E.SUN Bank. The deposit reserves - account B is subject to withdrawal restrictions, but deposit reserves - account A and foreign-currency deposit reserves may be withdrawn anytime.

Under the "Directions for a National Treasury Agent Bank Acting on Behalf of the Central Bank of the Republic of China Handling National Treasury Matters", E.SUN Bank redeposits 60% of the receipts of deposit of government agencies in the Central Bank of the Republic of China, and the amount is subject to withdrawal restrictions.

Refer to Note 41 for information relating to deposit reserves pledged as security.

### 8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
value through profit or loss  Negotiable certificates of deposit Commercial paper Treasury bills Corporate bonds Bank debentures Overseas bonds Stocks Mutual funds Operating securities - dealing department Operating securities - underwriting department Currency swap contracts Interest rate swap contracts Currency option contracts Forward contracts Futures exchange margins Non-deliverable forward contracts Metal commodity swap contracts Cross-currency swap contracts Credit default swap contracts	\$ 26,617,137 87,859,629 6,898,200 54,960,201 46,614,784 10,549,113 5,588,266 555,656 750,570 72,507 31,177,952 22,719,686 1,638,774 745,592 330,441 612,240 144 97,752	\$ 76,508,885 94,737,469 1,933,379 63,547,802 48,509,761 8,477,240 4,243,038 627,988 169,995 85,656 33,337,361 24,699,752 1,884,884 721,165 279,127 829,893 155,242 636	\$ 102,778,661 74,162,809 16,967,303 68,085,517 48,835,428 4,319,517 785,461 279,665 97,060 45,740,014 19,829,423 1,877,063 658,719 309,521 947,167 11,910 71,896 7,667
Hald for too ding financial lightlifting	\$ 297,788,644	\$ 360,749,273	\$ 385,764,801
Currency swap contracts Interest rate swap contracts Currency option contracts Forward contracts Non-deliverable forward contracts Cross-currency swap contracts Credit default swap contracts Metal commodity swap contracts Interest rate option contracts Security borrowing Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 24,014,243 22,478,569 1,753,037 562,232 361,722 171,380 15,692 1,004 103,928 5,932 49,467,739	\$ 25,884,719 22,058,694 2,579,681 530,768 296,913 330,854 22,468 1,044 59,421	\$ 28,505,845 15,195,325 2,680,327 558,389 464,409 712,562 1,285 2,211 145,623 5,211 48,271,187
Bank debentures (Note 27)	41,006,766 \$ 90,474,505	37,805,089 \$ 89,569,651	45,976,699 \$ 94,247,886

Refer to Note 41 for information relating to financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit or loss pledged as security.

The contract (nominal) amounts of derivative transactions by ESFHC as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022 were zero.

E.SUN Bank engages in derivative transactions mainly to accommodate customers' needs, manage its exposure positions and hedge against its exchange rate and interest rate exposures as well as its credit risks as a bondholder.

The contract (nominal) amounts of derivative transactions by E.SUN Bank as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively, were as follows:

	December 31,					
	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022			
Currency swap contracts	\$ 1,706,109,559	\$ 1,626,401,629	\$ 1,847,136,267			
Interest rate swap contracts	861,864,793	883,116,053	858,449,372			
Currency option contracts	271,414,798	276,153,216	314,168,678			
Interest rate option contracts	12,000,000	14,000,000	12,000,000			
Forward contracts	42,710,598	38,615,247	51,494,067			
Non-deliverable forward contracts	44,146,751	26,896,489	31,582,534			
Cross-currency swap contracts	10,522,922	14,622,702	21,302,787			
Metal commodity swap contracts	68,485	13,613	145,972			
Credit default swap contracts	3,215,260	3,177,860	1,802,885			
Equity option contracts	-	-	2,973			
Equity swap contracts	-	-	2,973			
Interest rate futures contracts	204,754	49,158	74,315			
Commodity futures contracts	69,023	39,403	171,500			
Stock index futures contract	3,320	2,110	31,130			
Single stock futures contract	12,286	-	20,361			

As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the amounts of futures exchange margins receivable held by E.SUN Securities were \$211,696 thousand, \$193,056 thousand and \$230,463 thousand, respectively.

## 9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (FVTOCI)

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI	\$ 15,777,525 349,442,799	\$ 14,546,562 333,170,304	\$ 19,704,130 323,721,223
	\$ 365,220,324	\$ 347,716,866	\$ 343,425,353

### a. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

	December 31,				
	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022		
Listed shares and emerging stocks Unlisted shares	\$ 14,171,239 	\$ 13,152,115 1,394,447	\$ 18,185,320 		
	\$ 15,777,525	\$ 14,546,562	\$ 19,704,130		

These investments in equity instruments are not held for trading. Instead, they are held for long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI.

For the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company sold shares of stocks for \$4,439,996 thousand and \$7,442,782 thousand, respectively, for the return on investment positions and risk management. The related other equity - unrealized gains of \$104,115 thousand and \$239,792 thousand on financial assets at FVTOCI were transferred to retained earnings, respectively.

Dividend income of \$598,915 thousand and \$542,482 thousand were recognized in profit or loss for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The dividends related to investments held at the end of the reporting period were \$593,003 thousand and \$504,090 thousand, respectively.

### b. Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

		December 31,	
	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022
Bank debentures	\$ 170,357,205	\$ 165,856,290	\$ 161,176,031
Government bonds	54,021,240	53,132,650	58,395,113
Corporate bonds	108,513,624	103,810,275	97,553,154
Overseas bonds	16,239,300	10,042,713	6,228,603
Negotiable certificates of deposit	311,430	307,871	300,259
Discounted note		20,505	68,063
	<u>\$ 349,442,799</u>	\$ 333,170,304	\$ 323,721,223

As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI, which amounted to \$19,874,014 thousand, \$19,335,552 thousand and \$17,773,474 thousand, respectively, had been sold under repurchase agreements.

Refer to Note 43 for information relating to their credit risk management and impairment.

Refer to Note 41 for information relating to investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI pledged as security.

### 10. INVESTMENTS IN DEBT INSTRUMENTS AT AMORTIZED COST

		December 31,	
	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022
Overseas bonds	\$ 41,400,267	\$ 33,694,068	\$ 22,953,179
Bank debentures	49,612,217	46,605,479	44,288,553
Corporate bonds	21,674,366	14,951,609	12,612,144
Negotiable certificates of deposit	309,994,560	286,077,350	265,647,260
Government bonds	21,922,843	19,929,604	6,319,236
Securitization products		178,794	167,937
-	444,604,253	401,436,904	351,988,309
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	(36,009)	(31,161)	(21,283)
	\$ 444,568,244	\$ 401,405,743	\$ 351,967,026

As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the investments in debt instruments at amortized cost, which amounted to \$1,056,468 thousand, \$946,453 thousand and \$1,104,132 thousand, respectively, had been sold under repurchase agreements.

Refer to Note 43 for information relating to their credit risk management and impairment.

Refer to Note 41 for information relating to investments in debt instruments at amortized cost pledged as security.

### 11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS FOR HEDGING

June 30, 2023

### Financial assets for hedging

Fair value hedge - interest rate swaps

\$ 10,603

### Fair value hedge

The debt instruments held by the Company may be subject to the risk of fair value fluctuations due to changes in interest rates; as the Company assessed that this risk may be material, it entered into interest rate exchange contracts.

The Company's fair value hedging information is summarized as follows:

### June 30, 2023

Hedging Instrument	Contract Amount	Maturity	Line Item in Balance Sheet	Carrying Amount of Assets	Change in Value Used for Calculating Hedge Ineffectiveness		
Fair value hedge Interest rate swap contracts	\$ 623,040	2031.10.29	Financial assets for hedging	\$ 10,603	\$ (10,609)		

Hedged Item	Carrying Amount of Assets	Accumulated Amount of Fair Value Hedge Adjustments of Assets	Change in Value Used for Calculating Hedge Ineffectiveness
Fair value hedge Interest rate risk Financial assets at FVTOCI	\$ 518,613	\$ (12,374)	\$ 12,374
For the six months ended June 30, 2023			
	Amount of Hedg Recognized in	Line Item in Which Hedge Ineffectiveness	
	Income	e (Loss)	Ineffectiveness
Impact on Comprehensive Income	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2023	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023	Is Included in Comprehensive Income
Impact on Comprehensive Income  Fair value hedge Interest rate risk	For the Three Months Ended	For the Six Months Ended	Is Included in Comprehensive

### 12. SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER RESELL AGREEMENTS

Securities acquired for \$10,954,787 thousand, \$7,881,831 thousand and \$1,684,169 thousand under resell agreements as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively, would subsequently be sold for \$10,965,032 thousand, \$7,899,935 thousand and \$1,684,860 thousand, respectively.

### 13. RECEIVABLES, NET

		December 31,	
	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022
Receivables on credit cards	\$ 119,416,613	\$ 93,047,186	\$ 76,652,526
Accounts receivable factored without recourse	8,492,731	10,412,770	13,994,808
Margin loans receivable	6,509,710	5,937,843	6,901,105
Accrued interest	10,294,851	8,888,775	5,993,492
Accounts receivable	2,296,331	1,973,788	2,144,042
Settlements receivable	4,965,232	2,399,213	5,997,677
Acceptances	1,120,733	1,381,774	1,930,697
Securities business money lending	1,585,235	1,629,361	1,727,982
Settlement consideration	144,397	_	-
Receivables on digital stimulus vouchers			
redemption	-	_	286,745
Others	2,897,507	<u>2,211,991</u>	2,785,477
	157,723,340	127,882,701	118,414,551
Less: Allowance for possible losses	(1,746,810)	(1,894,027)	(1,828,112)
	\$ 155,976,530	<u>\$ 125,988,674</u>	<u>\$ 116,586,439</u>

The changes in allowance for possible losses of receivables were as follows:

## For the six months ended June 30, 2023

Allowance for Possible Losses	12-month ECL						L	Impairment Loss under IFRS 9				Total
Balance at January 1, 2023 Changes of financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the reporting period Transfers to	\$	124,749	\$	38,637	\$	427,379	\$	590,765	\$	1,303,262	\$	1,894,027
Lifetime ECL		(452)		924		(472)		-		-		-
Credit-impaired financial assets		(560)		(18,892)		19,452		-		-		-
12-month ECL		14,446		(13,665)		(781)		-		-		-
Derecognition of financial assets in												
the reporting period		(4,911)		(2,122)		(18,858)		(25,891)		-		(25,891)
New financial assets purchased or												
originated		5,617		1,892		2,974		10,483		-		10,483
Difference of impairment loss under												
regulations		-		-		-		-		(242,690)		(242,690)
Write-offs		-		-		(285,705)		(285,705)		-		(285,705)
Recovery of written-off receivables		-		-		225,294		225,294		-		225,294
Change in model or risk parameters		(38,185)		30,710		196,995		189,520		-		189,520
Change in exchange rates or others		(16)		(4)		462	_	442	_	(18,670)	_	(18,228)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	100,688	\$	37,480	\$	566,740	\$	704,908	\$	1,041,902	\$	1,746,810

## For the six months ended June 30, 2022

Allowance for Possible Losses	-month ECL	Life	time ECL	i F	etime ECL Credit- npaired inancial Assets)	Lo	pairment oss under IFRS 9	Ir L	ifference of npairment loss under egulations		Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 53,702	\$	6,430	\$	354,738	\$	414,870	\$	1,666,653	\$	2,081,523
Changes of financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the											
reporting period											
Transfers to											
Lifetime ECL	(247)		453		(206)		-		-		-
Credit-impaired financial assets	(233)		(3,173)		3,406		-		-		-
12-month ECL	5,044		(2,271)		(2,773)		-		-		-
Derecognition of financial assets in											
the reporting period	(2,194)		(374)		(14,295)		(16,863)		-		(16,863)
New financial assets purchased or											
originated	4,598		2,052		10,953		17,603		-		17,603
Difference of impairment loss under									(2=0=0.1)		(2=0=0.1)
regulations	-		-		(215.210)		(217.210)		(378,704)		(378,704)
Write-offs	-		-		(217,310)		(217,310)		-		(217,310)
Recovery of written-off receivables	42 200		-		226,168		226,168		-		226,168
Change in model or risk parameters	43,399		23,011		58,476		124,886		(10.22.0)		124,886
Change in exchange rates or others	 52		128		865		1,045	_	(10,236)	_	(9,191)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 104,121	\$	26,256	\$	420,022	\$	550,399	\$	1,277,713	\$	1,828,112

The changes in gross carrying amount of receivables were as follows:

## For the six months ended June 30, 2023

Balance at June 30, 2022

Gross Carrying Amount	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL (Credit- impaired Financial Assets)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 125,005,419	\$ 291,493	\$ 2,585,789	\$ 127,882,701
Transfers to				
Lifetime ECL	(282,276)	283,520	(1,244)	-
Credit-impaired financial assets	(357,339)	(135,935)	493,274	-
12-month ECL	106,493	(104,244)	(2,249)	-
Derecognition of financial assets in the				
reporting period	(26,747,421)	(21,850)	(398,019)	(27,167,290)
New financial assets purchased or				
originated	57,225,700	47,814	38,260	57,311,774
Write-offs	(10.570)	- (02)	(285,705)	(285,705)
Change in exchange rates or others	(18,579)	(92)	531	(18,140)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 154,931,997	\$ 360,706	\$ 2,430,637	\$ 157,723,340
Eartha six manths and d Ivas 20, 20	.00			
For the six months ended June 30, 20	<u>122</u>			
Gross Carrying Amount	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL (Credit- impaired Financial Assets)	Total
Gross Carrying Amount	12-month ECL		(Credit- impaired Financial Assets)	
Gross Carrying Amount Balance at January 1, 2022		Lifetime ECL \$ 133,734	(Credit- impaired Financial	<b>Total</b> \$ 126,493,647
Gross Carrying Amount  Balance at January 1, 2022  Transfers to	<b>12-month ECL</b> \$ 123,745,609	\$ 133,734	(Credit- impaired Financial Assets) \$ 2,614,304	
Gross Carrying Amount  Balance at January 1, 2022  Transfers to  Lifetime ECL	12-month ECL \$ 123,745,609 (146,028)	\$ 133,734 146,787	(Credit- impaired Financial Assets) \$ 2,614,304	
Gross Carrying Amount  Balance at January 1, 2022  Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets	12-month ECL \$ 123,745,609 (146,028) (342,141)	\$ 133,734 146,787 (62,659)	(Credit- impaired Financial Assets) \$ 2,614,304 (759) 404,800	
Gross Carrying Amount  Balance at January 1, 2022  Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL	12-month ECL \$ 123,745,609 (146,028)	\$ 133,734 146,787	(Credit- impaired Financial Assets) \$ 2,614,304	
Gross Carrying Amount  Balance at January 1, 2022  Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the	12-month ECL \$ 123,745,609 (146,028) (342,141) 60,004	\$ 133,734 146,787 (62,659) (48,978)	(Credit- impaired Financial Assets) \$ 2,614,304  (759) 404,800 (11,026)	\$ 126,493,647 - -
Gross Carrying Amount  Balance at January 1, 2022 Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the reporting period	12-month ECL \$ 123,745,609 (146,028) (342,141)	\$ 133,734 146,787 (62,659)	(Credit- impaired Financial Assets) \$ 2,614,304 (759) 404,800	
Gross Carrying Amount  Balance at January 1, 2022 Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the reporting period New financial assets purchased or	12-month ECL \$ 123,745,609 (146,028) (342,141) 60,004 (38,738,780)	\$ 133,734 146,787 (62,659) (48,978) (8,066)	(Credit- impaired Financial Assets) \$ 2,614,304 (759) 404,800 (11,026) (291,149)	\$ 126,493,647 - - (39,037,995)
Gross Carrying Amount  Balance at January 1, 2022 Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the reporting period	12-month ECL \$ 123,745,609 (146,028) (342,141) 60,004	\$ 133,734 146,787 (62,659) (48,978)	(Credit- impaired Financial Assets) \$ 2,614,304  (759) 404,800 (11,026)	\$ 126,493,647 - -
Gross Carrying Amount  Balance at January 1, 2022  Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the reporting period  New financial assets purchased or originated	12-month ECL \$ 123,745,609 (146,028) (342,141) 60,004 (38,738,780)	\$ 133,734 146,787 (62,659) (48,978) (8,066)	(Credit- impaired Financial Assets)  \$ 2,614,304  (759) 404,800 (11,026)  (291,149)  95,271	\$ 126,493,647 - - (39,037,995) 31,141,578

\$ 115,622,007

198,323

\$ 2,594,221

\$ 118,414,551

### 14. DISCOUNTS AND LOANS, NET

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Loans			
Short-term	\$ 299,495,464	\$ 298,077,932	\$ 299,749,483
Medium-term	517,039,628	520,695,187	486,206,479
Long-term	1,164,484,974	1,135,959,195	1,104,855,814
Overdue loans	2,802,489	2,594,751	2,121,323
Bills negotiated and discounts	2,458,041	1,940,308	2,878,290
	1,986,280,596	1,959,267,373	1,895,811,389
Less: Allowance for possible losses	(24,281,260)	(24,457,810)	(23,406,922)
Adjustment of premium or discount	(20,650)	(17,646)	37,811
	<u>\$ 1,961,978,686</u>	<u>\$ 1,934,791,917</u>	<u>\$ 1,872,442,278</u>

Refer to Note 41 for information relating to discounts and loans pledged as security.

As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the loan and credit balances of E.SUN Bank, for which the accrual of interest revenues was discontinued, amounted to \$2,709,506 thousand, \$2,575,008 thousand and \$2,103,026 thousand, respectively. The unrecognized interest revenues on these loans and credits of E.SUN Bank were \$32,908 thousand and \$17,561 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The changes in allowance for possible losses of discount and loans were as follows:

### For the six months ended June 30, 2023

Allowance for Possible Losses	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL (Credit- impaired Financial Assets)	Impairment Loss under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 1,594,898	\$ 1,507,384	\$ 3,130,969	\$ 6,233,251	\$ 18,224,559	\$ 24,457,810
Changes of financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the						
reporting period						
Transfers to						
Lifetime ECL	(8,963)	43,455	(34,492)	-	-	-
Credit-impaired financial assets	(7,147)	(235,768)	242,915	-	-	-
12-month ECL	134,771	(110,819)	(23,952)	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in the						
reporting period	(232,929)	(38,320)	(282,888)	(554,137)	-	(554,137)
New financial assets purchased or						
originated	591,535	72,151	192,227	855,913	-	855,913
Difference of impairment loss under						
regulations	-	-	-	-	(255,809)	(255,809)
Write-offs	-	-	(1,040,647)	(1,040,647)	-	(1,040,647)
Recovery of written-off credits	-	-	258,680	258,680	-	258,680
Change in model or risk parameters	(363,039)	538,768	375,159	550,888	-	550,888
Change in exchange rates or others	(10,059)	(516)	(1,173)	(11,748)	20,310	8,562
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 1,699,067	\$ 1,776,335	\$ 2,816,798	\$ 6,292,200	\$ 17,989,060	\$ 24,281,260

## For the six months ended June 30, 2022

Allowance for Possible Losses	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL (Credit- impaired Financial Assets)	Impairment Loss under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 1,107,559	\$ 1,159,549	\$ 2,685,341	\$ 4,952,449	\$ 17,171,522	\$ 22,123,971
Changes of financial instruments						
recognized at the beginning of the						
reporting period Transfers to						
Lifetime ECL	(3,865)	20,299	(16,434)	_	_	_
Credit-impaired financial assets	(6,673)	(79,786)	86,459	_	_	_
12-month ECL	68,515	(36,658)	(31,857)	_	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in the	,	. , ,	. , ,			
reporting period	(182,954)	(18,046)	(155,103)	(356,103)	-	(356,103)
New financial assets purchased or						
originated	430,240	172,930	119,479	722,649	-	722,649
Difference of impairment loss under						
regulations	-	-	-	-	114,002	114,002
Write-offs	-	-	(357,697)	(357,697)	-	(357,697)
Recovery of written-off credits	-	-	356,958	356,958	-	356,958
Change in model or risk parameters	259,437	202,975	161,457	623,869	-	623,869
Change in exchange rates or others	22,490	430	12	22,932	156,341	179,273
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,694,749	\$ 1,421,693	\$ 2.848.615	\$ 5,965,057	\$ 17,441,865	\$ 23,406,922

The changes in gross carrying amount of discount and loans were as follows:

## For the six months ended June 30, 2023

Gross Carrying Amount	12-month ECL	Lit	fetime ECL	(Cr	fetime ECL edit-impaired ancial Assets)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 1,942,716,929	\$	7,867,961	\$	8,682,483	\$ 1,959,267,373
Transfers to						
Lifetime ECL	(2,226,003)		2,477,263		(251,260)	-
Credit-impaired financial assets	(1,299,637)		(692,181)		1,991,818	-
12-month ECL	800,950		(573,293)		(227,657)	-
Derecognition of financial assets in the						
reporting period	(441,850,265)		(1,240,111)		(1,397,531)	(444,487,907)
New financial assets purchased or						
originated	470,563,787		2,186,547		669,856	473,420,190
Write-offs	· · · · -		_		(1,040,647)	(1,040,647)
Change in exchange rates or others	(827,077)		(54,337)		3,001	(878,413)
Balance at June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 1,967,878,684</u>	\$	9,971,849	\$	8,430,063	\$ 1,986,280,596

## For the six months ended June 30, 2022

Gross Carrying Amount	12-month ECL	Lit	fetime ECL	(Cre	fetime ECL edit-impaired ancial Assets)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 1,776,479,581	\$	6,530,761	\$	7,688,413	\$ 1,790,698,755
Transfers to						
Lifetime ECL	(1,316,411)		1,499,269		(182,858)	=
Credit-impaired financial assets	(1,233,833)		(333,899)		1,567,732	-
12-month ECL	458,192		(157,501)		(300,691)	-
Derecognition of financial assets in the						
reporting period	(422,565,411)		(857,873)		(855,685)	(424,278,969)
New financial assets purchased or	, , ,		. , ,		. , ,	, , , ,
originated	526,793,398		773,261		241,775	527,808,434
Write-offs	, , , , <u>-</u>		´ -		(357,697)	(357,697)
Change in exchange rates or others	1,935,022		5,778		66	1,940,866
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,880,550,538	\$	7,459,796	\$	7,801,055	\$ 1,895,811,389

The bad-debt expenses and provision for losses on commitments and guarantees for the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 and for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30			For the Six Months Ended June 30			Ended	
	20	23	2	2022		2023		2022
Provision (reversal of provision) for possible losses on due from banks	\$	(85)	\$	325	\$	(7,779)	\$	12,960
Provision (reversal of provision) for possible losses on call loans	Ψ	(65)	Ψ	323	Ψ	(1,117)	Ψ	12,700
to other banks	(2	0,784)		(5,185)		(7,415)		1,658
Provision (reversal of provision) for possible losses on receivables Provision for possible losses on	(	8,363)		60,941		(68,578)	(	253,078)
discounts and loans	50	8,432	4	68,953		596,855	1,	104,417
Reversal of provision for possible losses on overdue receivables Reversal of provision for possible		(81)		(889)		(114)		(1,718)
losses on remittance		-		-		-		(10)
Provision for possible losses on guarantees Provision (reversal of provision)	(2	3,187)		4,631		(68,740)		3,517
for possible losses on financing commitments	(3	<u>1,664</u> )		2,504		(21,845)		7,798
	\$ 42	4,268	\$ 5	31,280	\$	422,384	\$	875,544

The FSC stipulated that banks should make at least 1.5% provisions each for sound credit assets in mainland China (pertaining to short-term advances for trade finance) and loans for house purchases, renovations and constructions. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, E.SUN Bank was in compliance with the FSC's provision requirement for both types of credit assets.

### 15. UNCONSOLIDATED STRUCTURED ENTITIES

a. E.SUN Bank holds the following unconsolidated structured entities. The fund is from E.SUN Bank and an external third-party

Type of Structured Entity	Characteristic and Purpose	<b>Equity Owned by E.SUN Bank</b>
Assets securitization products and	Investment in assets	Investment in asset-backed
asset-based loan	securitization product and	securities issued by
	asset-based loan to gain profit	unconsolidated structured
		entities and principal of loans

b. As of June 30, 2023, the carrying amounts of the unconsolidated structured entities recognized by E.SUN Bank were as below:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Assets securitization products and asset - based loan			
Investments in debt instruments at amortized			
cost	\$ -	\$ 177,156	\$ 166,378
Discounts and loans		<u>780,184</u>	<u>732,808</u>
	<u>\$</u>	\$ 957,340	<u>\$ 899,186</u>

The maximum exposure to possible loss is the carrying amount of the assets held.

### 16. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS, NET

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022			
Overdue receivable Less: Allowance for possible losses Overdue receivable, net Due from banks Guarantee deposits received on futures contracts Others	\$ 173,158 (173,158) 5,181,703 1,828,315 27,868 \$ 7,037,886	\$ 185,641 (185,641) - 3,118,088 1,802,186 - \$ 4,920,274	\$ 197,384 (197,384) - 6,121,871 1,726,239 9,034 \$ 7,857,144			
Guarantee deposits received on futures contracts were as follows:						
	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022			
Deposits in bank Deposits held by futures commission merchants	\$ 1,177,915	\$ 868,442	\$ 1,135,192			
as a clearing member	650,400	933,744	591,047			
	\$ 1,828,315	<u>\$ 1,802,186</u>	\$ 1,726,239			
Guarantee deposits received on futures contracts Less: Commission revenue	\$ 1,828,315 (625)	\$ 1,802,186 (648)	\$ 1,726,239 (888)			
Futures transaction tax Temporary receipts	(266) (1,643)	(256) (1,783)	(413) (1,054)			
Customers' equity accounts - futures (Note 31)	\$ 1,825,781	\$ 1,799,499	\$ 1,723,884			

Due from banks were collateral for loans from other financial institutions, deposits for operating reserve, and time deposits with maturities longer than three months.

### 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES, NET

		June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Land Buildings Right-of-use assets		\$ 208,875 1,506,436 46,698	\$ 208,875 1,573,931 47,222	\$ 208,875 1,610,931 47,746
		\$ 1,762,009	<u>\$ 1,830,028</u>	\$ 1,867,552
	Land	Buildings	Right-of-use Assets	Total
Cost				
Balance, January 1, 2023 Net exchange difference	\$ 208,900	\$ 1,899,627 (51,426)	\$ 48,788	\$ 2,157,315 (51,426)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 208,900	<u>\$ 1,848,201</u>	<u>\$ 48,788</u>	\$ 2,105,889
Balance, January 1, 2022 Net exchange difference Reclassification	\$ 203,110 5,790	\$ 1,871,588 37,341 4,332	\$ 48,788 - -	\$ 2,123,486 37,341 10,122
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 208,900	<u>\$ 1,913,261</u>	\$ 48,788	\$ 2,170,949
Accumulated depreciation and Impairment				
Balance, January 1, 2023 Depreciation expenses Net exchange difference	\$ (25)	(325,696) (25,499) 9,430	\$ (1,566) (524)	\$ (327,287) (26,023) 9,430
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ (25)	(341,765)	<u>\$ (2,090)</u>	\$ (343,880)
Balance, January 1, 2022 Depreciation expenses Net exchange difference Reclassification	\$ (25)	(267,899) (25,591) (5,391) (3,449)	\$ (519) (523)	\$ (268,443) (26,114) (5,391) (3,449)
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ (25)	(302,330)	\$ (1,042)	\$ (303,397)

Right-of-use assets included in investment properties are part of acquired superficies and above-ground buildings which are subleased under operating leases.

Investment properties (except for land) are depreciated through 25 to 50 years on a straight-line basis.

As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the fair values of investment properties were \$2,536,611 thousand, \$2,591,680 thousand and \$2,907,028 thousand, respectively. The fair value was classified in Level 3 and was determined using the valuation of discounted cash flow analysis method from external real estate appraiser joint firm (that were not the Company's related parties), and the comparison of price of the comparable property from external appraisal company and the Company's appraisal center.

The revenues generated from the investment properties are summarized as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six M June	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Rental income from investment properties Direct operating expenses of	\$ 10,126	\$ 10,283	\$ 20,480	\$ 18,569
investment properties that generate rental income Direct operating expenses of	(13,126)	(13,293)	(26,387)	(26,427)
investment properties that do not generate rental income	(142)	(139)	(280)	(277)
	\$ (3,142)	\$ (3,149)	<u>\$ (6,187)</u>	<u>\$ (8,135)</u>

Lease agreements on premises occupied by other companies or individuals are operating lease. Rentals are calculated on the basis of the leased areas and are receivable monthly, quarterly or semiannually. The lessees do not have bargain purchase options to acquire the investment properties at the expiry of the lease periods. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, refundable deposits on these leases totaled \$12,261 thousand, \$12,579 thousand and \$12,634 thousand, respectively (part of guarantee deposits received). The maturity analysis of lease payments receivable under operating leases of investment properties was as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	
Year 1	\$ 31,463	\$ 43,314	\$ 51,005	
Year 2	32,261	37,516	36,609	
Year 3	2,486	9,811	26,042	
Year 4	1,836	1,836	1,370	
Year 5	1,092	1,110	540	
Over 5 years	<u>360</u>	<del>_</del>	<u>=</u>	
	\$ 69,498	\$ 93,587	\$ 115,566	

### 18. PROPERTIES AND EQUIPMENT, NET

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	
Carrying amount				
Land	\$ 14,969,285	\$ 14,706,278	\$ 14,695,721	
Buildings	13,843,065	12,920,775	12,779,001	
Computers	2,740,047	2,813,881	2,767,986	
Transportation equipment	456,520	444,029	393,255	
Miscellaneous equipment	1,526,555	1,539,979	1,520,749	
Prepayments for properties and equipment	1,272,811	2,283,790	1,879,655	
	\$ 34,808,283	\$ 34,708,732	\$ 34,036,367	

	Land	Buildings	Computers	Transportation Equipment	Miscellaneous Equipment	Prepayments	Total
Cost							
Balance, January 1, 2023 Addition Disposal Net exchange difference Reclassification and others	\$ 14,706,278 258,480 - 4,527	\$ 18,530,243 322,851 (24,364) 972,511	\$ 7,690,853 201,869 (55,432) (5,230) 142,312	\$ 1,022,451 41,543 (6,987) (551) 16,540	\$ 4,164,787 80,255 (123,097) (1,604) 29,515	\$ 2,283,790 533,959 - (306) (1,544,632)	\$ 48,398,402 1,438,957 (185,516) (27,528) (383,754)
Balance, June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 14,969,285</u>	<u>\$ 19,801,241</u>	\$ 7,974,372	<u>\$ 1,072,996</u>	<u>\$ 4,149,856</u>	<u>\$ 1,272,811</u>	\$ 49,240,561
Balance, January 1, 2022 Addition Disposal Net exchange difference Reclassification and others	\$ 14,693,991 - (14,027) 21,547 (5,790)	\$ 18,804,234 26,822 (24,594) 79,546 25,802	\$ 7,243,409 130,999 (107,366) 14,952 46,369	\$ 972,460 25,467 (48,275) 2,966 3,253	\$ 4,164,905 130,225 (126,924) 40,352 93,116	\$ 1,394,275 763,202 - 1,145 (278,967)	\$ 47,273,274 1,076,715 (321,186) 160,508 (116,217)
Balance, June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 14,695,721</u>	<u>\$ 18,911,810</u>	\$ 7,328,363	\$ 955,871	\$ 4,301,674	\$ 1,879,655	\$ 48,073,094

	Land	Buildings	Computers	Transportation Equipment	Miscellaneous Equipment	Total
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance, January 1, 2023 Disposal Depreciation expenses Net exchange difference	\$ - - -	\$ (5,609,468) - (352,237) 3,529	\$ (4,876,972) 55,146 (415,945) 3,446	\$ (578,422) 6,793 (45,102) 	\$ (2,624,808) 122,871 (120,627) (737)	\$ (13,689,670) 184,810 (933,911) 
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	<u>\$ (5,958,176)</u>	\$ (5,234,325)	<u>\$ (616,476)</u>	\$ (2,623,301)	<u>\$ (14,432,278)</u>
Balance, January 1, 2022 Disposal Depreciation expenses Net exchange difference Reclassification and others	\$ - - - -	\$ (5,809,347) 16,308 (328,861) (14,358) 3,449	\$ (4,249,268) 107,261 (407,871) (10,499)	\$ (569,754) 48,274 (39,015) (2,121)	\$ (2,763,437) 121,920 (115,310) (24,098)	\$ (13,391,806) 293,763 (891,057) (51,076) 3,449
Balance, June 30, 2022	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ (6,132,809)</u>	<u>\$ (4,560,377)</u>	<u>\$ (562,616)</u>	<u>\$ (2,780,925)</u>	<u>\$ (14,036,727)</u>

Depreciation is calculated by the straight-line method over service lives estimated as follows:

Buildings

Main buildings	20 to 50 years
Equipment installed in buildings	10 to 15 years
Computers	3 to 8 years
Transportation equipment	4 to 10 years
Miscellaneous equipment	1 to 20 years

### 19. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

## a. Right-of-use assets, net

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022		
Carrying amounts					
Land and superficies royalties Buildings Office equipment Transportation equipment	\$ 3,732,246 3,047,375 4,072 7,411	\$ 3,772,244 3,359,786 6,412 5,265	\$ 3,812,241 3,012,502 8,668 3,817		
	<u>\$ 6,791,104</u>	\$ 7,143,707	\$ 6,837,228		

		Months Ended e 30	For the Six Months Ended June 30		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Additions to right-of-use assets			\$ 295,318	<u>\$ 532,196</u>	
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets Land and superficies royalties Buildings Office equipment Transportation equipment	\$ 19,998 279,216 1,111 948	\$ 19,998 267,515 1,117 959	\$ 39,997 562,204 2,238 2,039	\$ 39,997 548,097 2,232 1,992	
	\$ 301,273	\$ 289,589	\$ 606,478	<u>\$ 592,318</u>	

The Company has been subleasing part of its acquired superficies and above-ground buildings under operating leases. The related right-of-use assets are presented as investment properties. Please refer to Note 17. The amounts disclosed above with respect to the right-of-use assets do not include right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment properties.

Except for the additions, depreciation and sublease recognized above, the Company had no impairment of right-of-use assets during the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

### b. Lease liabilities

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022		
Carrying amounts	\$ 3,974,200	<u>\$ 4,303,812</u>	\$ 3,955,634		
Range of discount rates for lease liabilities was as follows:					
	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022		
Land Buildings Office equipment Transportation equipment	1.09% 0.37%-7.50% 0.70%-2.63% 0.73%-2.98%	1.09% 0.37%-7.50% 0.70%-2.98% 0.73%-2.98%	1.09% 0.37%-7.50% 0.37%-2.98% 2.98%		

### c. Material lease-in activities and terms

The Company has entered into certain lease contracts with other companies or individuals for the business halls and office space that are required to be rented for operating activities. Rentals are calculated based on the actual number of rented flats and are payable monthly, quarterly or semi-annually. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, refundable deposits on these leases totaled \$726,502 thousand, \$774,327 thousand and \$752,511 thousand, respectively.

### d. Other lease information

Lease arrangements under operating leases for the leasing out of investment properties are set out in Note 16.

	For the Three I		For the Six Months Ende June 30			
	2023 2022		2023	2022		
Expenses relating to short-term						
leases	<u>\$ 6,361</u>	<u>\$ 9,744</u>	<u>\$ 15,599</u>	<u>\$ 22,928</u>		
Expenses relating to low-value asset leases	<u>\$ 49</u>	<u>\$ 82</u>	<u>\$ 199</u>	<u>\$ 173</u>		
Expenses relating to variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease						
liabilities Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ 4,919</u>	\$\frac{136}{\$(618,661)}	\$ 5,048 \$ (586,756)		

The Company's leases of certain land, buildings, transportation equipment and other equipment qualify as short-term leases and low-value asset leases. The Company has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

### 20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

			Ju	ne 30,	2023	Dec	ember 3 2022	31,	June	30, 2022
Goodwill			\$	4,495	,851	\$ 4	4,487,26	63	\$ 4	,467,240
Computer software				1,278	,237		1,084,59	92	1	,119,729
Banking licenses				496	,937		490,10	)9		474,189
Core deposits					,377		13,73			15,089
Developed technology					,155		21,89			24,627
Customer relationship			_		,548		11,90			13,256
			<u>\$ 6,313,105</u>		\$ 6,109,490		90	<u>\$ 6,114,130</u>		
	Goodwill	Computer Software	Bankin License		ore Deposits		veloped chnology		stomer itionship	Total
Balance, January 1, 2023 Separate acquisition Amortization expenses Reclassification Net exchange difference	\$ 4,487,263 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 1,084,592 164,000 (350,478) 383,739 (3,616)	\$ 490,	109 \$ - - - 828 _	13,733	\$	21,891 - (2,736)	\$	11,902 - (1,354)	\$ 6,109,490 164,000 (355,924) 383,739 11,800
Balance, June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 4,495,851</u>	<u>\$ 1,278,237</u>	\$ 496,9	<u>937</u> <u>\$</u>	12,377	\$	19,155	\$	10,548	<u>\$ 6,313,105</u>
Balance, January 1, 2022 Separate acquisition Amortization expenses Reclassification Net exchange difference	\$ 4,426,370 - - - 40,870	\$ 1,249,795 122,566 (361,981) 106,095 3,254	\$ 441,	- - - 494 _	(1,356)	\$	27,364 - (2,737)	\$	14,610 - (1,354)	\$ 6,176,279 122,566 (367,428) 106,095 76,618
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 4,467,240	\$ 1,119,729	\$ 474,	<u>189</u> <u>\$</u>	15,089	\$	24,627	\$	13,256	\$ 6,114,130

The above intangible assets with limited useful lives are amortized on a straight-line basis by the useful lives as follows:

Computer software	2 to 10 years
Core deposits	16 years
Developed technology	11 years
Customer relationship	11 to 17 years

In testing assets for impairment, the Company uses as recoverable amounts (a) value in use for an operating segment defined as a CGU and (b) net fair value for an investment property. Goodwill on E.SUN Bank's acquisition of UCB (subsidiary of E.SUN Bank), BankPro (subsidiary of E.SUN Bank), the Kaohsiung Business Bank Co., Ltd., Chu Nan Credit-Cooperative Association and Chiayi The Fourth Credit Cooperative was allocated to operating segments (CGUs with allocated goodwill). The Company estimates the next five years' cash flows of a CGU by taking into consideration the actual performance of each CGU, business cycle, etc. under the going-concern assumption. The discounted present value of cash flows is used to determine the value in use of each CGU. The discount rates for future cash flows of CGUs were determined using the capital asset pricing model (CAPM). The testing for asset impairment showed that no impairment losses had been incurred.

# 21. OTHER ASSETS, NET

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Refundable deposits, net	\$ 13,737,497	\$ 11,387,043	\$ 10,767,200
Operating deposits and settlement funds	576,658	583,701	583,709
Prepayments	1,196,948	489,187	828,862
Defined benefit assets	848,374	689,543	532,797
Collections for underwriting stock value	380	443,866	177
Others	277,279	152,863	258,917
	\$ 16,637,136	\$ 13,746,203	<u>\$ 12,971,662</u>

#### 22. DEPOSITS FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Call loans from banks	\$ 44,244,520	\$ 43,812,095	\$ 66,366,749
Deposits from Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd.	22,276,177	22,276,985	2,276,985
Call loans from the Central Bank	2,803,680	3,379,640	1,486,300
Banks overdrafts	686,500	1,217,016	598,322
Deposits from banks	3,347,237	1,801,904	2,852,158
Deposits from the Central Bank	29,780	26,794	26,408
	<u>\$ 73,387,894</u>	\$ 72,514,434	\$ 73,606,922

## 23. SECURITIES SOLD UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Securities sold for \$19,804,182 thousand, \$18,495,295 thousand and \$17,873,538 thousand under repurchase agreements as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively, would subsequently be purchased for \$19,891,825 thousand, \$18,555,769 thousand and \$17,934,712 thousand, respectively.

## 24. COMMERCIAL PAPER ISSUED, NET

The face values of commercial paper issued were \$4,120,000 thousand, \$1,740,000 thousand and \$3,820,000 thousand, and the annual discount rates were from 1.32%-1.62%, 1.31%-1.38% and 0.72%-0.95%, as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively. These financial instruments were accepted and guaranteed by financial institutions.

## 25. PAYABLES

	December 31,		
	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022
Checks for clearing	\$ 1,990,397	\$ 8,558,300	\$ 1,959,305
Dividends payable	2,855,477	457	8,947,985
Accrued interest	7,660,989	5,665,301	2,598,108
Accrued expenses	4,085,266	5,361,454	3,937,884
Accounts payable	4,047,151	1,863,156	2,696,984
Factored accounts payable	4,377,166	3,211,212	3,736,513
Settlements payable	4,807,869	2,171,613	2,953,090
Acceptances	1,116,716	1,410,606	1,916,290
Payables for short-sale transactions	643,833	1,704,602	824,907
Deposits on short-sale transactions	598,657	1,863,556	748,595
Tax payable	521,864	474,923	389,281
Collections payable	545,116	852,666	11,783,731
Interbank remittance clearing payables	1,988,148	2,075,617	1,740,021
Others	3,199,429	2,273,455	4,685,358
	<u>\$ 38,438,078</u>	\$ 37,486,918	\$ 48,918,052

#### 26. DEPOSITS AND REMITTANCES

	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		June 30, 2022	
Deposits						
Checking	\$	11,448,603	\$	19,642,986	\$	13,319,013
Demand		705,142,559		746,940,194		783,316,660
Savings - demand		735,980,591		715,721,562		708,737,911
Time		1,022,184,137		1,006,834,922		912,802,686
Negotiable certificates of deposit		13,609,643		9,398,169		21,999,874
Savings - time		441,007,898		386,458,484		321,701,894
Treasury deposits		15,316,725		15,918,036		12,820,875
Remittances		1,492,817		1,685,053		1,463,732
	\$ 2	2,946,182,973	\$	2,902,599,406	\$ 2	2,776,162,645

#### 27. BONDS PAYABLE

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Bank debentures ESFHC's unsecured corporate bonds - first issue	\$ 38,250,000	\$ 37,850,000	\$ 34,850,000
in 2019	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
ESFHC's unsecured corporate bonds - first issue in 2021	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
	\$ 44,250,000	\$ 43,850,000	<u>\$ 40,850,000</u>

On January 14, 2019, ESFHC made a first issue of unsecured corporate bonds with aggregate face value of \$4,000,000 thousand and par value of \$10,000 thousand. The bonds will mature in five years, and principal is repayable on maturity. Interest is payable annually at annual interest rate for 0.95%.

On May 25, 2021, ESFHC made a first issue of unsecured corporate bonds with aggregate face value of \$2,000,000 thousand and par value of \$10,000 thousand. The bonds will mature in five years, and principal is repayable on maturity. Interest is payable annually at annual interest rate for 0.50%.

To strengthen operating capital and fulfill maturing debt obligations, on August 25, 2023, ESFHC's board of directors resolved to apply for the issuance of up to NT\$90 billion in unsecured subordinate corporate bonds. The issuance may occur in multiple tranches, pending regulatory approval.

Details of bank debentures issued by E.SUN Bank were as follows:

•		), 2023	De	December 31, 2022		June 30, 2022	
Two types of subordinated bonds issued on August 27, 2012; interest rate at (a) 1.50% for type A bond and (b) 1.62% for type B bond; interest payable annually for both bond types; principal repayable on maturity (7 years for type A bond and 10 years for type B bond after the issue date).	\$		\$			\$	3,500,000
Two types of subordinated bonds issued on May 24, 2013; interest rate at (a) 1.55% for type A bond and (b) 1.70% for type B bond; interest payable annually for both bond types; principal repayable on maturity (7 years for type A bond and 10 years for type B bond after	Ψ		¥			¥	3,500,000
the issue date).  Two types of subordinated bonds issued on March 7, 2014; interest rate at (a) 1.80% for type A bond and (b) 1.95% for type B bond; interest payable annually for both bond types; principal repayable on maturity (7 years for type A bond and 10 years for type B bond after		-		1,500,0	000		1,500,000
the issue date).	2,20	00,000		2,200,0	000		2,200,000 (Continued)

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Two types of subordinated bonds issued on April 30, 2015; interest rate at (a) 1.80% for type A bond and (b) 2.10% for type B bond; interest payable annually for both bond types; principal repayable on maturity (7 years for type A bond and 10 years for type B bond after the issue date).  Two types of subordinated bonds issued on September 29, 2015; interest rate at (a) 1.65% for type A bond and (b) 2.00% for type B bond; interest payable annually for both bond types; principal repayable on maturity (7 years	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 4,500,000
for type A bond and 10 years for type B bond	2 (50 000	2 (50 000	2.750.000
after the issue date).  Two types of subordinated bonds issued on March 30, 2018; interest rate at (a) 1.30% for type A bond and (b) 1.55% for type B bond; interest payable annually for both bond types; principal repayable on maturity (7 years for type A bond and 10 years for type B bond after the issue date).	3,650,000 4,000,000	3,650,000 4,000,000	3,750,000 4,000,000
Bonds issued on August 13, 2019; interest rate at 0.65%; interest payable annually; principal repayable on maturity (3 years after the issue	1,000,000	1,000,000	
date).  Noncumulative perpetual subordinated bonds issued on January 8, 2020; interest rate at 1.45%; interest payable annually; E.SUN Bank may redeem the bond after 5 years and one	-	-	3,000,000
month from the issue date.  Bonds issued on March 19, 2020; interest rate at 0.58%; interest payable annually; principal repayable on maturity (5 years after the issue	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
date). Two types of bonds issued on October 28, 2021; interest rate at (a) 0.37% for type A bond and (b) 0.47% for type B bond; interest payable annually for both bond types; principal repayable on maturity (3 years for type A bond and 7 years for type B bond after the issue	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
date). Bonds issued on March 18, 2022; interest rate at 0.71%; interest payable annually; principal repayable on maturity (5 years after the issue	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,600,000
date).	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000 (Continued)

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Two types of subordinated bonds issued on June 15, 2022; interest rate at (a) 1.90% for type A bond and (b) 2.10% for type B bond; interest payable annually for both bond types; principal repayable on maturity (7 years for type A bond and 10 years for type B bond after the issue date).	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 2,700,000
Bonds issued on July 27, 2022; interest rate at 1.60%; interest payable annually; principal repayable on maturity (3 years after the issue	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 2,700,000
date). Bonds issued on December 27, 2022; interest rate at 2.30%; interest payable annually; principal repayable on maturity (7 years after the issue	7,300,000	7,300,000	-
date). Bonds issued on March 16, 2023; interest rate at 1.40%; interest payable annually; principal repayable on maturity (5 years after the issue	2,300,000	2,300,000	-
date).	1,900,000		<del>_</del>
	\$ 38,250,000	\$ 37,850,000	\$ 34,850,000 (Concluded)

E.SUN Bank designated the bank debentures as at fair value through profit or loss, which are summarized below:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Unsecured USD-denominated subordinated bonds	\$ 3,127,407	\$ 2,983,976	\$ 3,458,996
issued on May 27, 2015 Unsecured noncumulative perpetual	\$ 3,127,407	\$ 2,963,970	\$ 3,430,990
USD-denominated subordinated bonds issued			
on May 27, 2015	1,610,967	1,553,813	2,018,905
Unsecured USD-denominated subordinated bonds	-,,	-,,	_,,,,,,,,,
issued on October 28, 2015	2,318,203	2,173,492	2,515,453
Unsecured noncumulative perpetual			
USD-denominated subordinated bonds issued			
on October 28, 2015	833,539	805,369	1,051,814
Unsecured USD-denominated subordinated bonds			
issued on January 22, 2016	9,441,896	8,330,092	9,405,077
Unsecured noncumulative perpetual			
USD-denominated subordinated bonds issued	<b>. .</b>		6.000.000
on January 22, 2016	5,764,990	5,360,604	6,902,399
Unsecured USD-denominated subordinated bonds	2 07 4 727	2 (5( 120	2 1 ( 0 0 0 1
issued on June 6, 2016	2,864,737	2,656,420	3,168,881
Unsecured noncumulative perpetual USD-denominated subordinated bonds issued			
	2 201 742	2 145 242	2 7/2 700
on June 6, 2016	2,301,743	2,145,343	2,742,780 (Continued)

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	De	cember 31, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2022
Unsecured noncumulative perpetual USD-denominated subordinated bonds issued						
on December 29, 2016	\$	2,198,540	\$	2,062,697	\$	2,629,333
Unsecured USD-denominated bonds issued on						
May 19, 2017		1,731,205		1,598,987		1,926,312
Unsecured USD-denominated bonds issued on						
November 21, 2017		3,833,068		3,482,836		4,203,881
Unsecured noncumulative perpetual USD-denominated subordinated bonds issued						
on February 12, 2018		4,980,471		4,651,460		5,952,868
	<u>\$</u>	41,006,766	\$	37,805,089	\$	45,976,699 (Concluded)

On May 27, 2015, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured subordinated bank debentures amounting to US\$85,000 thousand with a 30-year maturity and 0% interest rate. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures and with the approval of the authorities, E.SUN Bank may either redeem the bonds at an agreed-upon price after seven years from the issue date and every five years afterward, or make bond repayments on the maturity date.

On May 27, 2015, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured noncumulative perpetual subordinated bank debentures amounting to US\$85,000 thousand with no maturity date and with a 4.97% interest payable annually on July 1 under certain interest payment conditions. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures and with the approval of the authorities, E.SUN Bank may redeem all the bonds after 15 years from the issue date.

On October 28, 2015, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured subordinated bank debentures amounting to US\$63,000 thousand with a 30-year maturity and 0% interest rate. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures and with the approval of the authorities, E.SUN Bank may either redeem the bonds at an agreed-upon price after seven years from the issue date and every five years afterward, or make bond repayments on the maturity date.

On October 28, 2015, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured noncumulative perpetual subordinated bank debentures amounting to US\$43,000 thousand with no maturity date and with a 5.10% interest payable annually on July 1 under certain interest payment conditions. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures and with the approval of the authorities, E.SUN Bank may redeem all the bonds after 15 years from the issue date.

On January 22, 2016, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured subordinated bank debentures amounting to US\$240,000 thousand with a 30-year maturity and 0% interest rate. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures and with the approval of the authorities, E.SUN Bank may either redeem the bonds at an agreed-upon price after seven years from the issue date and every five years afterward, or make bond repayments on the maturity date.

On January 22, 2016, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured noncumulative perpetual subordinated bank debentures amounting to US\$240,000 thousand with no maturity date and with a 5.10% interest payable annually on July 1 under certain interest payment conditions. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures and with the approval of the authorities, E.SUN Bank may redeem all the bonds after 15 years from the issue date.

On June 6, 2016, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured subordinated bank debentures amounting to US\$95,000 thousand with a 30-year maturity and 0% interest rate. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures and with the approval of the authorities, E.SUN Bank may either redeem the bonds at an agreed-upon price after seven years from the issue date and every five years afterward, or make bond repayments on the maturity date.

On June 6, 2016, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured noncumulative perpetual subordinated bank debentures amounting to US\$95,000 thousand with no maturity date and with a 4.41% interest payable annually on July 1 under certain interest payment conditions. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures and with the approval of the authorities, E.SUN Bank may redeem all the bonds after 15 years from the issue date.

On December 29, 2016, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured noncumulative perpetual subordinated bank debentures amounting to US\$90,000 thousand with no maturity date and with a 4.85% interest payable annually on July 1 under certain interest payment conditions. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures and with the approval of the authorities, E.SUN Bank may redeem all the bonds after 15 years from the issue date.

On May 19, 2017, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured bank debentures amounting to US\$60,000 thousand with a 30-year maturity and 0% interest rate. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures, E.SUN Bank may either redeem the bonds at an agreed-upon price after five years from the issue date and each year afterward, or make bond repayments on the maturity date.

On November 21, 2017, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured bank debentures amounting to US\$135,000 thousand with a 30-year maturity and 0% interest rate. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures, E.SUN Bank may either redeem the bonds at an agreed-upon price after five years from the issue date and each year afterward, or make bond repayments on the maturity date.

On February 12, 2018, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured noncumulative perpetual subordinated bank debentures amounting to US\$200,000 thousand with no maturity date and with a 4.75% interest payable annually on July 1 under certain interest payment conditions. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures and with the approval of the authorities, E.SUN Bank may redeem all the bonds after 15 years from the issue date.

To hedge against its exposure to interest rate risk due to the issuance of the above bank debentures, E.SUN Bank entered into interest rate swap (IRS) contracts, which are measured at fair value. The changes in fair value of the IRS contracts are recognized in profit or loss. To eliminate an accounting mismatch, E.SUN Bank also designated the bank debentures as at fair value through profit or loss.

To support sustainable business development and the government's green finance policy, on September 20, 2022, the FSC approved the issuance of unsecured bank debentures amounting to NT\$30 billion (or foreign currency equivalent) with no more than 40 years to maturity and can be issued in installments.

To strengthen operating capital and capital structure, on November 11, 2022, E.SUN Bank's board of directors approved the issuance of unsecured foreign currency bank debentures and offshore structured products amounting to US\$50,000 thousand (or foreign currency equivalent) with no more than 30 years of maturity and can be issued in installments within 10 years. On January 19, 2023, the FSC approved the issuance of US\$50,000 thousand (or foreign currency equivalent), of unsecured foreign currency bank debentures and E.SUN Bank's application for offshore structured products was approved the issuance of US\$50,000 thousand (or foreign currency equivalent) by the FSC on July 28, 2023.

On July 28, 2023, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured foreign exchange-linked bank debentures amounting to US\$21,300 thousand with a 6-month maturity, and the interest rate is determined by the exchange rate. If the USD/CNY exchange rate is 7.3 or higher, the interest rate is 5.85%; otherwise, it is 5.15%. In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures and with the approval of the authorities, E.SUN Bank may calculate and pay interest at the maturity date and repay the full principal at that time.

On July 28, 2023, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured redeemable interest rate-linked bank debentures amounting to US\$19,600 thousand with a 3-year maturity and a range of 5.5%-5.8% interest rate. It is determined by a 10-year fixed-term swap rate for USD (annual interest). In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures, E.SUN Bank may calculate and pay interest quarterly and repay the principal in full at maturity, unless the issuer exercises the redemption option.

On August 18, 2023, E.SUN Bank issued unsecured redeemable interest rate-linked bank debentures amounting to US\$9,100 thousand with a 3-year maturity and a range of 5.5%-5.8% interest rate. It is determined by a 10-year fixed-term swap rate for USD (annual interest). In accordance with the terms of the bank debentures, E.SUN Bank may calculate and pay interest quarterly and repay the principal in full at maturity, unless the issuer exercises the redemption option.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, bank debentures amounting to NT\$28.1 billion and US\$50,000 thousand (or foreign currency equivalent) has not yet been issued.

#### 28. OTHER BORROWINGS

	June 30	, 2023	December	31, 2022	June 30	, 2022
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Short-term borrowings Long-term borrowings	\$ 1,314,262 360,473	2.12-6.66 6.85-7.51	\$ 3,140,581 <u>359,910</u>	1.94-6.15 4.31-4.95	\$ 1,276,947 352,465	1.16-2.83 2.35-4.31
	\$ 1,674,735		\$ 3,500,491		\$ 1,629,412	

#### 29. PROVISIONS

	Jun	June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022			June 30, 2022		
Provision for losses on financing commitments	\$	590,127	\$	611,342	\$	580,447	
Provision for employee benefits		3,537		3,493		3,739	
Provision for losses on guarantees		262,784		331,511		354,424	
Others		167,090		168,115		167,728	
	\$	1,023,538	\$	1,114,461	\$	1,106,338	

The changes in provision for losses on guarantees and financing commitments are summarized below:

# For the six months ended June 30, 2023

instruments in the reporting

New financial instruments purchased

Difference of impairment loss under

Change in model or risk parameters Change in exchange rates or others

Balance at June 30, 2022

period

or originated

regulations

(21,345)

18,825

12,559

\$ 107,775

94

For the six months ended Jui	<u>ne 30, 2023</u>					
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL (Credit- impaired Financial Assets)	Impairment Loss under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023 Changes of financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the reporting period Transfers to	\$ 110,707	\$ 47,755	\$ 3,228	\$ 161,690	\$ 781,163	\$ 942,853
Lifetime ECL	(34)	542	(508)	-	-	-
Credit-impaired financial instruments	(1)	(72)	73			
12-month ECL Derecognition of financial instruments in the reporting	5,557	(5,503)	(54)	-	-	-
period	(8,648)	(139)	(25)	(8,812)	-	(8,812)
New financial instruments purchased or originated	32,308	270	76	32,654	_	32,654
Difference of impairment loss under	32,300	270	70	32,034		32,034
regulations	-	-	-	-	(91,089)	(91,089)
Change in model or risk parameters	(8,820)	(15,092)	574	(23,338)	1 150	(23,338)
Change in exchange rates or others	(465)	<u>(50</u> )		(515)	1,158	643
Balance at June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 130,604</u>	<u>\$ 27,711</u>	\$ 3,364	<u>\$ 161,679</u>	<u>\$ 691,232</u>	<u>\$ 852,911</u>
For the six months ended Jun	ne 30, 2022					
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL (Credit- impaired Financial Assets)	Impairment Loss under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022 Changes of financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the reporting period Transfers to	\$ 95,148	\$ 99,444	\$ 4,171	\$ 198,763	\$ 719,207	\$ 917,970
Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial instruments	(50)	50	-	-	-	-
12-month ECL Derecognition of financial	2,544	(824)	(1,720)	-	-	-

(48)

136

(76,358)

\$ 22,401

(13)

78

68

\$ 2,584

(21,406)

19,039

(63,731)

\$ 132,760

95

(21,406)

19,039

77,413

(63,731) 5,586

\$ 934,871

77,413

5,491

<u>\$ 802,111</u>

## 30. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

#### a. Defined contribution plan

The pension mechanism under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act") is deemed a defined contribution plan. Under the Act, the Company makes monthly contribution equal to 6% of each employee's monthly salary to employees' pension accounts in the Bureau of Labor Insurance.

The Company recognized expenses of \$223,000 thousand and \$214,902 thousand in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, in accordance with the defined contribution plan.

#### b. Defined benefit plan

The Company has a defined benefit pension plan for all regular employees. Under this plan, the pension is calculated on the basis of an employee's seniority accumulated since the hire date in accordance with the Labor Standards Act.

ESFHC makes monthly contributions, equal to 5.54% of salaries and wages, to a pension fund. The fund is deposited in the Bank of Taiwan under management of Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the "Bureau").

E.SUN Bank makes monthly contributions, equal to 2% of salaries and wages, to a pension fund. The fund is deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the name of the Supervisory Committee of Workers' Retirement Preparation Fund, which manages the fund. The difference between the contributions and the pension costs based on actuarial calculations for E.SUN Bank is deposited in a financial institution in the name of the employees' pension fund administration committee.

E.SUN Securities makes monthly contributions, equal to 4% of salaries and wages, to a pension fund. The fund is deposited in the Bank of Taiwan under management of the Bureau. However, E.SUN Securities paused in making monthly contributions from January 2017 to December 2023 with the approval of Department of Labor, Taipei City Government.

Starting from July 1, 2005, the Company has made monthly contributions to the pension fund by the foregoing pension calculation for the employees that choose to continue being subject to the Labor Standards Act.

The pension fund is managed by the Bureau and the Company has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay post-employment benefits for employees who conform to post-employment requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year.

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Act, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The plan assets are invested in domestic (and foreign) equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets should not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.

3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

For the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the pension expenses under defined benefit plan recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income amounted to \$2,254 thousand and \$7,390 thousand, respectively.

## 31. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Principal of structured products Guarantee deposits received Customers' equity accounts - futures	\$ 97,837,831 2,490,591 1,825,781	\$ 90,349,763 7,187,919 1,799,499	\$ 76,338,239 11,883,729 1,723,884
	\$ 102,154,203	\$ 99,337,181	\$ 89,945,852

## 32. OTHER LIABILITIES

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Advance receipts	\$ 3,391,695	\$ 3,033,789	\$ 2,824,587
Deferred revenue	722,969	677,997	657,477
Collections for underwriting stock value	321	443,726	118
Others	17,533	12,302	13,472
	\$ 4,132,518	\$ 4,167,814	\$ 3,495,654

## 33. NET INTEREST

		Months Ended te 30	For the Six Months Ended June 30		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Interest revenue					
From discounts and loans	\$ 14,414,490	\$ 8,777,466	\$ 27,930,903	\$ 16,358,643	
From investments	4,453,882	2,116,342	8,387,371	3,782,986	
From revolving interests of					
credit cards	501,965	478,714	1,001,350	955,804	
From due from banks and call	,	Ź	, ,	,	
loans to other banks	1,235,803	237,210	2,150,833	364,273	
Others	255,908	78,702	507,651	112,500	
	20,862,048	11,688,434	39,978,108	21,574,206	
				(Continued)	

	For the Three Jun		For the Six Months Ended June 30		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Interest expense					
From deposits	\$ (11,930,291)	\$ (3,205,620)	\$ (23,057,865)	\$ (5,243,824)	
From due to the Central Bank					
and other banks	(550,380)	(212,767)	(1,053,243)	(342,975)	
From issuing bonds payable	(167,307)	(140,912)	(330,145)	(278,756)	
From lease liabilities	(11,344)	(10,450)	(22,776)	(21,138)	
Others	(831,713)	(242,419)	(1,518,734)	(427,333)	
	_(13,491,035)	(3,812,168)	(25,982,763)	(6,314,026)	
	\$ 7,371,013	\$ 7,876,266	\$ 13,995,345	\$ 15,260,180 (Concluded)	

# 34. SERVICE FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME, NET

	For the Three Months Ended June 30				For the Six Months Ended June 30			
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Service fee and commission								
income								
From credit cards	\$	2,510,757	\$	2,173,975	\$	4,886,938	\$	4,323,456
From insurance		1,083,473		710,987		2,031,979		1,511,327
From trust business		1,071,426		1,069,981		2,148,671		2,510,683
From loans		516,722		524,890		987,324		1,078,455
From brokerage		625,611		630,214		1,180,363		1,294,452
Others		498,896		498,030		1,025,347		1,090,335
		6,306,885		5,608,077		12,260,622		11,808,708
Service charge and commission								
expenses								
From agency		(497,870)		(464,464)		(1,001,412)		(956,694)
From credit cards		(174,567)		(124,566)		(351,771)		(299,321)
From cross - bank transactions		(82,777)		(78,809)		(168,173)		(160,374)
From computer processing		(109,177)		(79,456)		(178,727)		(128,447)
Others		(268,280)		(211,645)		(443,648)		(441,661)
		(1,132,671)		<u>(958,940</u> )		(2,143,731)		(1,986,497)
	\$	5,174,214	\$	4,649,137	\$	10,116,891	\$	9,822,211

# 35. GAINS (LOSSES) ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

			e Months Ended	June 30, 2023	
	Dividend Income	Interest Revenue (Expense)	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Gain (Loss) on Valuation	Total
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit or loss Held-for-trading financial liabilities	\$ 20,075	\$ 602,205	\$ 10,712,860 (6,135,561)	\$ 16,938,919 (20,393,168)	\$ 28,274,059 (26,528,729)
Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss	<del>_</del>	(599,734)		1,326,911	727,177
	<u>\$ 20,075</u>	\$ 2,471	\$ 4,577,299	<u>\$ (2,127,338)</u>	\$ 2,472,507
		For the Thre	e Months Ended	June 30, 2022	
	Dividend Income	Interest Revenue (Expense)	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Gain (Loss) on Valuation	Total
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit or loss Held-for-trading financial liabilities	\$ 20,020	\$ 502,164	\$ 5,196,638 (3,703,006)	\$ 39,071,564 (44,014,856)	\$ 44,790,386 (47,717,862)
Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss		(561,776)		2,914,236	2,352,460
	<u>\$ 20,020</u>	\$ (59,612)	<u>\$ 1,493,632</u>	<u>\$ (2,029,056)</u>	<u>\$ (575,016)</u>
		For the Six	Months Ended J	une 30, 2023	
	Dividend Income	Interest Revenue (Expense)	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Gain (Loss) on Valuation	Total
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit or loss Held-for-trading financial liabilities Financial liabilities designated as at fair	\$ 27,545 -	\$ 1,240,680 -	\$ 19,919,394 (12,109,529)	\$(15,588,044) 13,549,241	\$ 5,599,575 1,439,712
value through profit or loss		(1,190,820)		660,450	(530,370)
	<u>\$ 27,545</u>	<u>\$ 49,860</u>	\$ 7,809,865	<u>\$ (1,378,353)</u>	<u>\$ 6,508,917</u>
			Months Ended J	une 30, 2022	
	Dividend Income	Interest Revenue (Expense)	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Gain (Loss) on Valuation	Total
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit or loss Held-for-trading financial liabilities Financial liabilities designated as at fair	\$ 26,806	\$ 1,381,638	\$ 8,756,086 (5,658,653)	\$ 64,346,926 (73,790,548)	\$ 74,511,456 (79,449,201)
value through profit or loss		(1,093,260)	_	6,017,864	4,924,604
		(1,093,200)		0,017,001	.,,,,,,,,,,

#### 36. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSES

		Months Ended e 30	For the Six Months Ended June 30		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Employee benefits					
Salaries	\$ 3,738,271	\$ 2,985,810	\$ 6,718,249	\$ 5,909,156	
Insurance	207,028	202,365	479,442	469,988	
Excessive interest from					
preferential rates	-	-	_	26,744	
Post-employment benefits	113,410	113,900	225,254	222,292	
Others	169,112	157,534	424,064	394,149	
Depreciation expenses	785,481	750,115	1,566,412	1,509,489	
Amortization expenses	183,580	180,794	356,277	367,832	

Under the Articles of Incorporation of ESFHC, ESFHC accrued employees' compensation and remuneration of directors at the rates from 2.0% to 5.0% and no higher than 0.9%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, employees' compensation, and remuneration of directors (after offsetting accumulated deficit). For the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the employees' compensation were \$319,332 thousand and \$214,494 thousand, respectively; and the remuneration of directors were \$55,000 thousand and \$37,000 thousand, respectively.

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the differences are recorded in the next fiscal year as a change in the accounting estimate.

The employees' compensation and remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 that have been approved by ESFHC's board of directors on February 20, 2023 and March 11, 2022, respectively, were as follows:

	2022	2021
Employees' compensation - cash	\$ 1,105	\$ 2,915
Employees' compensation - stock	454,660	612,950
Remuneration of directors - cash	65,000	81,800

ESFHC announced the distribution of 17,900 thousand shares and 20,500 thousand shares as employees' compensation for 2022 and 2021, respectively, which were determined by the closing price (NT\$25.40 and NT\$29.90) of the day before the board of directors approved the distribution.

The differences between the approved amounts of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, were resulted from a change in the accounting estimate. The differences recognized in profit or loss for 2023 and 2022, respectively, were as follows:

	20	22	2021		
	Employees' Compensation	Remuneration of Directors	Employees' Compensation	Remuneration of Directors	
Amounts approved by ESFHC's					
board of directors	\$ 455,765	\$ 65,000	\$ 615,865	<u>\$ 81,800</u>	
Amounts recognized in the					
consolidated financial statements	<u>\$ 455,765</u>	<u>\$ 73,000</u>	<u>\$ 616,101</u>	<u>\$ 106,000</u>	

Information on the approved amounts of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the TWSE (http://emops.twse.com.tw).

#### 37. INCOME TAX

Under Article 49 of the Financial Holding Company Act, a financial holding company (FHC) can elect to file consolidated income tax returns for the regular corporate income tax as well as the income tax on undistributed earnings for FHC and its domestic subsidiaries if the FHC holds more than 90% of the domestic subsidiaries' outstanding shares in the entire tax year; for other taxation issues, ESFHC and domestic subsidiaries should conduct separately.

ESFHC and subsidiaries started to file consolidated tax returns since 2003.

# a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Main components of income tax expense were as follows:

	For the Three June		For the Six Months Ended June 30		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Current tax					
Current period	\$ 1,339,463	\$ 952,622	\$ 2,732,161	\$ 2,186,588	
Additional income tax on					
unappropriated earnings	46,860	10,610	46,860	10,610	
Prior year's adjustments	(31,070)	(81,484)	(31,070)	(81,484)	
, ,	1,355,253	881,748	2,747,951	2,115,714	
Deferred tax					
Current period	(144,254)	251,223	(47,766)	29,738	
Income tax expense recognized					
in profit or loss	\$ 1,210,999	\$ 1,132,971	\$ 2,700,185	\$ 2,145,452	

# b. Income tax recognized directly in equity

	For the Three Jun		For the Six Months Ended June 30		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Current tax					
Disposals of investment in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ (22,542)	\$ (3,164)	\$ (23,226)	\$ (3,164)	
Deferred tax		. ( )			
Disposals of investment in equity instruments at fair value through other					
comprehensive income	22,542	3,164	23,226	3,164	
Income tax recognized directly in equity	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	

# c. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Three Months Ended June 30			For	r the Six M June		s Ended
	2023		2022	2	2023		2022
Deferred tax							
In respect of the current period Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Fair value changes of financial assets in equity instruments at fair value through other		100 (	(22.200)		(100)	0	(20, (05)
comprehensive income Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange differences on the translation of financial statements of	\$ 1,	139 \$	(23,280)	\$	(183)	\$	(28,685)
foreign operations Fair value changes of financial assets in debt instruments at fair value through other	63,	765	123,334		(21,949)		366,133
comprehensive income Income tax expense (benefit)	(70,	<u>006</u> )	(428,989)		176,339	_(	1,163,881)
recognized in other comprehensive income	<u>\$ (5,</u>	<u>102</u> ) <u>\$</u>	(328,935)	\$	154,207	\$	(826,433)

d. The years which income tax returns have been assessed by the tax authorities were as follows:

_	ESFHC	E.SUN Bank	E.SUN Securities	ESVC	
	2017	2017	2017	2017	

# 38. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The numerators and denominators used in calculating earnings per share were as follows:

For the three months ended June 30, 2023	Amount (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator in Thousands)	Earnings Per Share (Dollars)
Basic earnings per share Effect of dilutive common shares:	\$ 4,500,722	15,417,646	\$ 0.29
Employees' compensation  Diluted earnings per share	\$ 4,500,722	12,258 15,429,904	\$ 0.29
For the three months ended June 30, 2022			
Basic earnings per share Effect of dilutive common shares:	\$ 2,759,405	14,815,798	<u>\$ 0.19</u>
Employees' compensation		7,396	
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 2,759,405	14,823,194	<u>\$ 0.19</u>
For the six months ended June 30, 2023			
Basic earnings per share Effect of dilutive common shares:	\$ 10,542,913	15,122,341	<u>\$ 0.70</u>
Employees' compensation		17,203	
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 10,542,913	15,139,544	\$ 0.70
For the six months ended June 30, 2022			
Basic earnings per share Effect of dilutive common shares:	\$ 7,084,672	14,807,687	<u>\$ 0.48</u>
Employees' compensation		15,507	
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 7,084,672	14,823,194	\$ 0.48

The number of shares outstanding was retrospectively adjusted to reflect the effects of the stock dividends distributed in the year following earnings appropriation. Due to stock dividends distributed in 2023, the earnings per share was retrospectively adjusted as follows:

**Unit: NT\$ Per Share** 

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		_ 0_ 0	Tonths Ended e 30
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Before retrospective adjustment Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.30 \$ 0.30	\$ 0.19 \$ 0.19	\$ 0.72 \$ 0.72	\$ 0.50 \$ 0.50
After retrospective adjustment Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.29 \$ 0.29	\$ 0.19 \$ 0.19	\$ 0.70 \$ 0.70	\$ 0.48 \$ 0.48

ESFHC can elect to distribute compensation to employees by stock or by cash. If the compensation is in the form of cash or shares, ESFHC should presume that the entire amount of the compensation will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares should be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding to be used in calculating diluted earnings per share (EPS) if the shares have a dilutive effect. The number of shares is estimated by dividing the entire amount of the compensation by the closing price of the shares on the balance sheet date. The dilutive effects of the potential shares need to be included in the calculation of diluted EPS until the number of shares to be distributed to employees resolved in the following year.

#### 39. EQUITY

#### a. Capital stock

#### Common stock

	December 31,		
	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022
Authorized number of shares (in thousands)	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
Authorized capital	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 200,000,000
Number of shares issued (in thousands)	15,075,100	<u>14,275,100</u>	13,354,600
Common stock issued	<u>\$ 150,751,000</u>	<u>\$ 142,751,000</u>	<u>\$ 133,546,000</u>

Common stock issued has a NT\$10 par value. Each share has one voting right and the right to receive dividends.

In 2022, the stockholders of ESFHC resolved to use \$9,000,000 thousand from the 2021 unappropriated earnings as stock bonus to stockholders and \$612,950 thousand from the compensation to employees by stock. The appropriations and compensation, which were a total of 920,500 thousand shares, were approved by the FSC. The issuance was approved by the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA).

On February 20, 2023, the ESFHC's board of directors resolved to issue 800,000 thousand ordinary shares. The ESFHC has decided on \$20 per share, which increased the share capital issued. The issuance was approved by the MOEA.

In 2023, the stockholders of ESFHC resolved to use \$5,710,000 thousand from the 2022 unappropriated earnings as a stock bonus to stockholders and \$454,660 thousand from the compensation to employees by stock. The appropriations and compensation, which were a total of 588,900 thousand shares, were approved by the FSC. The date of issuance is August 3, 2023. This issuance was approved by the MOEA.

To dispose of ESFHC's shares held by E.SUN Bank and to increase its capital by issuing common stocks for the issuance of Global Depositary Shares (GDS), ESFHC issued 14,800 thousand units of GDS (one unit represents 25 common shares), which equaled 370,000 thousand common shares, on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

The GDS holders are entitled to present their GDSs for cancellation and receive the corresponding number of underlying common shares, and the common shares can be traded in the domestic stock exchange market. As of June 30, 2023, ESFHC issued 507 thousand units (equal to 12,684 thousand shares) because of capital increase, the deposit agents reissued 5,529 thousand units (equal to 138,218 thousand shares), and the GDS holders had canceled 20,828 thousand units (equal to 520,695 thousand shares). Therefore, the outstanding GDSs were 8 thousand units, which were equal to 207 thousand shares, or 0.001373% of ESFHC's total outstanding common shares.

#### b. Capital surplus

Under related regulations, capital surplus must be used to offset deficit except capital surplus arising from the issuance of shares (issuance in excess of par value, capital surplus from issuance of common stock for combination and treasury stock transactions) and donation may be used to distribute cash dividends or transfer to common stock. However, any capital surplus transferred to common stock should be within a certain percentage of paid-in capital prescribed by law.

For FHC, if the capital surplus due from stocks convert of financial intuition is from unappropriated retained earnings before convert, according to the regulatory, the FHC could implement distributing cash dividends or the capital increase in entre year, furthermore, the proportion of capital increase is not restricted by Securities and Exchange Act Article 41 point 2 and Securities and Exchange Act Enforcement Rules Article 8. The distribution of unappropriated retained earnings without restriction above, is the amount after recognizing legal reserve or special reserve.

The subsidiaries' unappropriated retained earnings before stock conversion amounted to \$2,919,727 thousand, which was already stated as ESFHC's capital surplus as of its establishment date. In 2002, the stockholders resolved to increase ESFHC's capital by \$1,800,000 thousand through the issuance of stock dividends from capital surplus.

As of June 30, 2023, the capital surplus came from treasury stock transactions and the issuance of shares in excess of par value. Capital surplus sources and uses were as follows:

#### Sources

1 . 1. .

From subsidiaries	
Capital surplus (mainly additional paid-in capital from share issuance in excess of	
par value)	\$ 413,733
Legal reserve	2,776,834
Special reserve	109,230
Unappropriated earnings	2,919,727
	6,219,524
Total capital stock of subsidiaries in excess of ESFHC's issuance	600,000
Balance on January 28, 2002	6,819,524
From E.SUN Securities Investment Trust Corp. (ESSIT) which became a 100% subsidiary of ESFHC in 2003 through a share swap	
Legal reserve	4,350
Unappropriated earnings	7,861
	6,831,735
Corporate bonds converted into capital stock	7,407,345
Treasury stock transactions recognized from subsidiaries	3,015,943
Transferring of shares to employees by subsidiaries	483
Cash dividends from ESFHC received by subsidiaries	208,161
Transferring of shares to employees by ESFHC	157,897
The difference between par value and issue price for the issuance of common stock	
from bonus to employees	401,166
The difference between par value and issue price for the issuance of common stock	
from compensation to employees	2,137,408
Additional paid-in capital from ESFHC's share issuance in excess of par value	18,562,422
Share-based payment for the subscription for ESFHC's new shares by the employees	
of ESFHC and its subsidiaries	1,126,826
	39,849,386
	(Continued)

#### Uses

Remuneration of directors and supervisors and bonus to employees by subsidiaries	\$	(156,458)
Issuance of ESFHC's stock dividends in 2002		(1,800,000)
Offset of deficit in 2003		(3,091,451)
Difference between par value and issue price for the issuance of common stock from		
bonus to employees in 2009	_	(980)
	\$	34,800,497
		(Concluded)

# c. Special reserve

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Reclassification of the trading loss reserve and default loss reserve The debit balance of other equity	\$ 164,235 	\$ 164,235 	\$ 164,235 
	<u>\$ 5,531,342</u>	<u>\$ 1,238,321</u>	<u>\$ 1,238,321</u>

Under FSC guidelines, ESFHC reclassified the trading loss reserve and default loss reserve made before 2010 to special reserve. This reclassification is only allowed when in adherence to regulatory mandates, and any other usage is expressly forbidden. The special reserve from equity investments under the equity method was \$164,235 thousand.

According to Rule No. 1090150022 issued by the FSC and the directive titled "Questions and Answers for Special Reserve," ESFHC should appropriate to or reverse from its special reserve certain specified amounts. If a contra equity account is reversed, the reversed portion of reserve could be distributed as dividends.

## d. Appropriation of earnings

Under ESFHC's Articles of Incorporation, in order to continue to strengthen the financial structure and enhance profitability while maintaining an adequate level of own capital, a residual dividend policy is adopted whereby stock dividends are distributed to preserve the required capital, and the remaining surplus is distributed in the form of cash dividends.

If made a profit in annual accounts, the profit shall be first utilized for paying all taxes, offsetting the deficit of previous years, setting aside a legal reserve and special reserve in accordance with related regulations, setting aside a special reserve if needed, and then any remaining profit together with the reversal of special reserve and prior years' unappropriated earnings, the board of directors shall draw up the appropriation of earnings motion for the approval of stockholders. ESFHC may distribute cash dividends and (or) stock dividends in accordance with its operating strategy and future capital planning to determine the most appropriate dividend policy. Cash dividends must be at least 10% of total dividends declared unless the resulting cash dividend per share falls below NT\$0.10.

Under the Company Act, appropriations to the legal reserve shall be made until the reserve equals ESFHC's paid-in capital. This reserve should only be used to offset deficit. When the reserve exceeds 25% of ESFHC's paid-in capital, the excess may be used to issue new shares or distribute cash dividends.

Under related regulations, a special reserve is appropriated from the balance of the retained earnings at an amount from the net income and unappropriated earnings that is equal to the debit balance of accounts in the stockholders' equity section. The special reserve should be appropriated from the prior years' unappropriated earnings to the extent of the debit balance accumulated from prior years and such special reserve should not be appropriated. Afterward, if there is any reversal of the decrease in other stockholders' equity, ESFHC is allowed to appropriate retained earnings from the reversal amount.

The appropriations of earnings for 2022 and 2021 that were approved in the stockholders' meetings on June 9, 2023 and June 17, 2022, respectively, were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings		Dividends P	er Share (NT\$)
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Legal reserve	\$ 1,532,804	\$ 2,113,352		
Special reserve	4,293,021	1,074,086		
Cash dividends	2,855,020	8,947,582	\$0.19	\$0.67
Stock dividends	5,710,000	9,000,000	0.38	0.67

Under any condition causing changes in both numbers of ESFHC's outstanding shares and dividends per share after above approved appropriations of earnings for 2022, the chairman of the board of directors was given authorization to adjust the ratios of cash and stock dividends to ESFHC's outstanding shares.

Information on earnings appropriation or deficit offsetting is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the TWSE (http://emops.twse.com.tw).

#### e. Non-controlling interests

	For the Six Months Ended June 30		
	2023	2022	
Balance, January 1	\$ 164,678	\$ 158,753	
Share-based payment for the subscription of new shares by employees	2,139	-	
Cash dividends distributed by subsidiary Attributable to non-controlling interests:	, <u>-</u>	(18,107)	
Net income	6,956	10,373	
Exchange differences on the translation of financial statements of foreign operations	68	349	
Balance, June 30	\$ 173,841	<u>\$ 151,368</u>	

# 40. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

ESFHC is the ultimate controller of the E.SUN Group. All transactions, balances, income and expenses between the parent company (ESFHC) and the subsidiaries (related parties of the Company) are eliminated on a consolidated basis. In addition to those mentioned in Table 2 and in other notes, the significant related-party transactions are summarized as follows:

# a. Related parties

Related Party	Relationship with the Company
E.SUN Foundation and E.SUN Volunteer & Social Welfare Foundation	Related parties in substance
Others	Key management of the Company and other related parties

- b. Significant transactions between the Company and related parties
  - 1) Loans and deposits
    - a) Loans

	Highest Balance (Note)	Ending Balance	Interest Revenue	Ending Interest Rate (%)
For the six months ended June 30, 2023				
Key management Others	\$ 453,200 4,276,674	\$ 429,239 3,967,822	\$ 3,183 31,781	
	<u>\$ 4,729,874</u>	\$ 4,397,061	\$ 34,964	1.70-2.53
For the six months ended June 30, 2022				
Key management	\$ 394,189	\$ 358,403	\$ 2,192	
Others	3,496,031	3,134,323	18,984	
	\$ 3,890,220	\$ 3,492,726	<u>\$ 21,176</u>	1.37-2.10
b) Deposits				
	Highest Balance (Note)	Ending Balance	Interest Expense	Ending Interest Rate (%)
For the six months ended June 30, 2023				
Key management Others	\$ 1,196,691 5,725,770	\$ 501,923 3,603,243	\$ 2,281 22,350	
	\$ 6,922,461	\$ 4,105,166	\$ 24,631	0-6.55 (Continued)

	Highest Balance (Note)	Ending Balance	Interest Expense	Ending Interest Rate (%)
For the six months ended June 30, 2022				
Key management Others	\$ 1,269,985 2,436,493	\$ 528,013 1,644,621	\$ 486 4,272	
	\$ 3,706,478	\$ 2,172,634	\$ 4,758	0-4.40 (Concluded)

Note: The sum of the respective highest balances of each account for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

		June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
2)	Interest receivable (part of receivables)			
	Key management Others	\$ 351 3,029	\$ 307 2,653	\$ 245 1,942
		\$ 3,380	<u>\$ 2,960</u>	<u>\$ 2,187</u>
3)	Interest payable (part of payables)			
	Key management Others	\$ 366 5,221	\$ 300 2,192	\$ 110 1,180
		\$ 5,587	\$ 2,492	\$ 1,290
			For the Six M	
			2023	2022
4)	Donation (part of general and administrative	e expenses)		
	Others - E.SUN Volunteer & Social Welfard	e Foundation	\$ 25,959	\$ 20,461

The above donation is for E.SUN Volunteer & Social Welfare Foundation's social welfare charity.

5) E.SUN Volunteer & Social Welfare Foundation entrusted some properties to E.SUN Bank. E.SUN Bank charged \$217 thousand and \$205 thousand (part of service fee and commission income, net) accordingly for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The interest rates shown above are similar to, or approximate, those offered to third parties. However, the interest rates for savings deposits given to managers of E.SUN Bank are the same as the interest rates of employees' savings deposits within a certain amount.

Under the Banking Act, except for consumer loans and government loans, credits extended by E.SUN Bank to any related party should be 100% secured, and the terms of credits extended to related parties should be similar to those for third parties.

c. Subsidiaries' related-party transactions and balances that each amounted to more than \$100,000 thousand

# 1) E.SUN Bank

# a) Loans

		Highest Balance (Note)	Ending Balance	Interest Revenue	Ending Interest Rate (%)
	For the six months ended June 30, 2023				
	Subsidiaries Sister companies Key management Others	\$ 5,046,624 70,000 453,200 4,242,151 \$ 9,811,975	\$ 4,797,408 429,239 3,934,127 \$ 9,160,774	\$ 139,278 5 3,183 31,498 \$ 173,964	1.70-6.41
	For the six months ended June 30, 2022				
	Subsidiaries Key management Others	\$ 4,554,023 355,289 3,416,495	\$ 4,167,585 319,503 3,059,513	\$ 25,217 1,967 18,518	
		\$ 8,325,807	\$ 7,546,601	\$ 45,702	1.37-2.65
b)	Deposits				
					F., 11.,
	For the six months ended  June 30, 2023	Highest Balance (Note)	Ending Balance	Interest Expense	Ending Interest Rate (%)
			_		Interest
	June 30, 2023  ESFHC Subsidiaries Sister companies Key management	\$ 28,329,061	\$ 2,374,346 6,235 2,695,318 501,923 3,599,720	\$ 8,839 38 14,674 2,281 22,331	Interest Rate (%)

Note: The sum of the respective highest balances of each account for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

		June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
c)	Call loans to banks (part of due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks)			
	ESBC	\$ 8,156,180	\$ 8,274,660	\$ 7,266,670
d)	Accounts receivable (part of receivables)			
	Sister companies	\$ 294,899	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,288,475
e)	Call loans from banks (part of deposits from the Central Bank and other banks)			
	Sister companies	\$ 560,376	\$ 553,032	<u>\$</u>
f)	Deposits from banks (part of deposits from the Central Bank and other banks)			
	Subsidiaries	\$ 96,410	\$ 515,509	\$ 78,852
g)	Remuneration of directors (part of payables)			
	ESFHC	\$ 106,000	\$ 72,000	\$ 102,000
h)	Consolidated tax return payables (part of current tax liabilities)			
	ESFHC	\$ 1,795,144	\$ 1,247,468	\$ 1,677,481

The consolidated tax return receivable and payable refer to ESFHC's filed consolidated corporate tax returns from 2003.

		For the Six Months Ended June 30		
		2023	2022	
i)	Interest revenue from call loans to banks			
	Subsidiaries	<u>\$ 121,867</u>	\$ 73,168	

The interest rates shown above are similar to, or approximate, those offered to third parties. However, the interest rates for savings deposits given to managers of E.SUN Bank are the same as the interest rates of employees' savings deposits within a certain amount.

Under the Banking Act, except for consumer loans and government loans, credits extended by E.SUN Bank to any related party should be 100% secured, and the terms of credits extended to related parties should be similar to those for third parties.

# 2) E.SUN Securities

a) Deposits each amounting to more than \$100,000 thousand in E.SUN Bank as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively, were as follows:

June 30, 2023 2022 June 30,	2022
Deposits \$ 412,946 \$ 621,480 \$ 419	,998
Financial asset at amortized cost -	
current \$ 175,000 \$ 297,896 \$ 75	,000
Deposits - futures exchange margins \$\\\\ \\$ 769,984 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	<u>,651</u>
Restricted assets - current <u>\$ 244,000</u> <u>\$ 214,000</u> <u>\$ 214</u>	,000
Operating deposits \$ 445,000 \$ 445,000 \$ 445	,000
Deposits - settlements \$ 253,200 \$ 138,973 \$ 254	,834
Deposits - collections for	
underwriting stock value <u>\$ 380</u> <u>\$ 443,866</u> <u>\$</u>	177

- b) E.SUN Securities entrusted to E.SUN Bank the deal settlement of securities and applied for a guarantee for overdraft amounting to \$4,500,000 thousand as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022. For this overdraft, E.SUN Securities provided time deposits and real estate to E.SUN Bank as collaterals. Other financial institutions provided guarantee for the overdraft. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, there was no overdraft amount.
- c) For its business needs, E.SUN Securities applied for a short-term loan up to \$200,000 thousand from E.SUN Bank.
- d) The amount of dividends payable to parent company (part of other payables) as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$665,200 thousand and \$1,207,640 thousand, respectively.

		June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
e)	Consolidated tax return payables (part of current tax liabilities)			
	ESFHC	\$ 105,050	\$ 50,650	\$ 141,249
f)	Accounts payable for settlement (part of payables)			
	Sister companies	\$ 294,899	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,288,475</u>

## 3) ESVC

a) Deposits each amounting to more than \$100,000 thousand in E.SUN Bank as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively, were as follows:

		December 31,	
	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022
Deposits - E.SUN Bank	\$ 324,294	\$ 371,766	\$ 745,721

b) The amount of dividends payable to parent company as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$45,000 thousand and \$260,000 thousand, respectively.

#### d. Remuneration of key management

The remuneration of the directors and other key management for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are summarized as follows:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30			
		2023		2022
Salaries and other short-term employment benefits	\$	191,594	\$	192,570
Post-employment benefits		1,354		1,489
Interest arising from the employees' preferential rates in excess				0.6
of normal rates	_			86
	\$	192,948	\$	194,145

#### 41. PLEDGED ASSETS

a. In addition to those mentioned in other notes, pledged securities were as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (face value) Investments in debt instruments at amortized	\$ 25,305,000	\$ 25,305,000	\$ 25,200,000
cost (face value)  Investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (face	6,017,877	5,169,139	4,977,822
value)	8,241,106	8,345,679	5,983,074
	\$ 39,563,983	\$ 38,819,818	\$ 36,160,896

As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the foregoing bonds and securities, with aggregate face value of \$20,305,000 thousand, \$20,305,000 thousand and \$20,200,000 thousand, respectively, had been provided as collaterals for day-term overdraft to comply with the clearing system requirement of the Central Bank (CB) of the Republic of China for real-time gross settlement (RTGS). The unused overdraft amount at day's end can also be treated as E.SUN Bank's liquidity reserve. For covering its call loans from the CB, E.SUN Bank had provided collaterals consisting of securities with aggregate face values of \$5,000,000 thousand as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022. It had also provided other securities as collaterals for operating reserve and for meeting the requirements for judiciary provisional seizure.

b. To expand its capital sourcing and enhance its liquidity position, E.SUN Bank's Los Angeles Branch obtained access privileges at the Discount Window of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco. The information on the securities and loans pledged by the Branch for this access was as follows:

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

Date	Pledged Amount	Collateral Value
June 30, 2023	\$ 257,800	\$ 237,093
December 31, 2022	\$ 250,800	\$ 227,365
June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 175,000</u>	\$ 156,021

c. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, UCB has provided US\$3,707 thousand, US\$2,774 thousand and US\$8,838 thousand, respectively, due from the National Bank of Cambodia as collaterals for guarantees of both loan and settlement accounts in the National Bank of Cambodia in accordance with relevant regulations.

#### 42. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

In addition to those mentioned in other notes, the contingencies and commitments were as follows:

#### a. E.SUN Bank

As of June 30, 2023, agreements on the acquisition and decoration of buildings and various purchases related to the improvements of existing premises occupied by E.SUN Bank's branches amounted to approximately \$3,076,385 thousand, and the remaining unpaid amount was approximately \$1,926,594 thousand.

# b. E.SUN Bank (China), Ltd. (ESBC)

As of June 30, 2023, decoration of buildings and various purchases related to the improvements of existing premises occupied by ESBC amounted to approximately \$113,512 thousand, and the remaining unpaid amount was approximately \$44,396 thousand.

#### 43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair values of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

Except as detailed in the following table, the management considers the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

	June 3	June 30, 2023		r 31, 2022	June 30, 2022		
	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	
Financial assets							
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	\$ 444,568,244	\$ 438,445,643	\$ 401,405,743	\$ 395,017,074	\$ 351,967,026	\$ 347,460,482	
Financial liabilities							
Bonds payable	44,250,000	43,750,890	43,850,000	43,052,564	40,850,000	40,787,044	

# Fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2023

	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets					
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	\$ 438,445,643	\$ 58,395,993	\$ 380,049,650	\$	-
Financial liabilities					
Bonds payable	43,750,890	-	43,750,890		-
Fair value hierarchy as o	f December 31, 2022				
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets					
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	\$ 395,017,074	\$ 42,828,785	\$ 352,188,289	\$	-
Financial liabilities					
Bonds payable	43,052,564	-	43,052,564		-
Fair value hierarchy as o	f June 30, 2022				
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets					
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	\$ 347,460,482	\$ 31,933,389	\$ 315,527,093	\$	-
Financial liabilities					
Bonds payable	40,787,044	-	40,787,044		-

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities included in the Level 2 categories above have been determined in accordance with income approaches based on a discounted cash flow analysis.

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities traded on active markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices. When market prices are not available, valuation techniques are applied. The financial data obtained by the Company for making estimations and assumptions for financial instrument valuation is consistent with those used by other market participants to price financial instruments. The fair value of the unlisted stocks held by the Company is determined by using market approach or asset approach.

b. The valuation techniques and assumptions the Company uses for determining fair values were as follows:

The Company estimated the fair value of each forward contract on the basis of the exchange rates quoted by Refinitiv on each settlement date. Fair values of interest rate swap contracts and cross-currency swap contracts are calculated using the discounted cash flow method. Fair values of currency option contracts are based on estimates made using the Black Scholes model, binomial method or Monte Carlo simulation. The fair values of futures contracts are calculated using the prices quoted by the futures exchange.

For valuation of debt instruments with no active market, the fair value is determined on the basis of the discounted cash flow method. The Company uses a discount rate approximating the rate of return of financial instruments with similar terms and characteristics, including the credit risk of the debtors, the residual period during which the fixed interest rate prescribed by contracts is accrued, the residual period for principal repayments, and the type of currency (New Taiwan dollars, U.S. dollars, etc.) to be used for payments. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the discount rates used ranged from 1.145% to 1.576%, 1.011% to 1.750% and 0.522% to 1.680%, respectively, for the New Taiwan dollar and from 3.528% to 5.885%, 3.454% to 5.285% and 1.650% to 3.515%, respectively, for the U.S. dollar.

If there are trade prices or prices quoted by major market players, the latest trade prices and quoted prices are used as the basis for evaluating the fair value of debt instruments, which are classified as investments in debt instruments at amortized cost; otherwise, the Company uses the foregoing valuation techniques to determine fair value.

The Company takes credit/debit valuation adjustments into consideration in order to reflect the credit risk resulted from counterparties and the credit quality of the Company when determining fair values of the financial instruments.

c. The fair value hierarchies of the Company's financial instruments, which were measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	June 30, 2023				
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Derivative instruments Equity instruments Debt instruments Others	\$ 57,322,581 6,533,143 112,195,118 121,737,802	\$ 330,441 4,141,150 10,863,455 362,836	\$ 56,992,140 101,331,663 121,374,966	\$ - 2,391,993 - -	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Equity instruments Debt instruments	15,777,525 349,442,799	14,017,067 158,448,850	190,993,949	1,760,458	
Financial assets - hedging, net					
Derivative instruments	10,603	-	10,603	-	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss					
Held-for-trading - derivative instruments Held-for-trading - others Financial liabilities designated as at fair	49,461,807 5,932	5,932	49,461,807	-	
value through profit or loss	41,006,766	-	41,006,766	-	

		Decembe	er 31, 2022	
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Derivative instruments	\$ 61,908,060	\$ 279,127	\$ 61,628,933	\$ -
Equity instruments	4,936,592	2,607,439	111.075.222	2,329,153
Debt instruments Others	120,599,359 173,305,262	8,624,036 125,529	111,975,323 173,179,733	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments	14,546,562	13,152,115	-	1,394,447
Debt instruments	333,170,304	149,175,333	183,994,971	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Derivative instruments Financial liabilities designated as at fair	51,764,562	-	51,764,562	-
value through profit or loss	37,805,089	-	37,805,089	-
		June 3	0, 2022	
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Derivative instruments	\$ 69,453,380	\$ 309,521	\$ 69,143,859	\$ -
Equity instruments	5,224,999	2,887,386	116 720 010	2,337,613
Debt instruments Others	117,012,805 194,073,617	283,795 164,844	116,729,010 193,908,773	- -
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	22 ,,0,0,0,0		,,	
Equity instruments	19,704,130	18,185,320	-	1,518,810
Debt instruments	323,721,223	163,660,525	160,060,698	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Held-for-trading - derivative instruments Held-for-trading - others	48,265,976 5,211	5,211	48,265,976	- -
Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss	45,976,699	-	45,976,699	-

The Company remeasures the classification of fair value hierarchy at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is a transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy.

There were no significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

#### d. Reconciliation of the financial instruments classified in Level 3

## For the six months ended June 30, 2023

	Financial Assets at FVTPL	Financial Assets at FVTOCI
	<b>Equity Instruments</b>	<b>Equity Instruments</b>
D.1	ф. 2.220.152	Ф. 1.204.447
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 2,329,153	\$ 1,394,447
Valuation recognized in profit or loss	77,625	-
Valuation recognized in other comprehensive income	-	316,056
Acquisitions	287,023	51,480
Transfers into Level 3	1,088	-
Disposals	(47,269)	(1,824)
Transfers out of Level 3 (Note)	(255,627)	-
Change in exchange rates	<del></del>	299
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 2,391,993	\$ 1,760,458
Change in unrealized gains or losses for the period included in profit or loss for assets held at the end of the reporting period	\$ (10,283)	

# For the six months ended June 30, 2022

	Financial Assets at FVTPL	Financial Assets at FVTOCI
	Equity Instruments	Equity Instruments
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 2,131,302	\$ 1,433,269
Valuation recognized in profit or loss	602,239	-
Valuation recognized in other comprehensive income	-	94,709
Acquisitions	261,039	35,715
Disposals	(21,097)	(15,898)
Transfers out of Level 3 (Note)	(635,870)	(30,229)
Change in exchange rates		1,244
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 2,337,613	<u>\$ 1,518,810</u>
Change in unrealized gains or losses for the period included in profit or loss for assets held at the end of the reporting period	<u>\$ 169,936</u>	

Note: The stock transferred into Level 1 since the quoted price in active markets is available.

# e. Valuation process on fair value in Level 3

The Company's risk management division is responsible for conducting independent fair value verification, using independent source data to bring the valuation results close to market conditions, confirming that the data sources are independent, reliable, consistent with other data messages, and representing executable prices, and regularly calibrating valuation models and updating input values and data required for the model, as well as any other necessary fair value adjustments, to ensure that the valuation results are reasonable.

# f. Quantitative information on significant unobservable input (Level 3) in fair value

The significant unobservable inputs of the fair value of financial instruments classified in Level 3 on a recurring basis are as follows:

# June 30, 2023

	Fair Value	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted- average)	The Relation Between Inputs and Fair Value
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Investments in equity instruments	\$ 1,387,342	Market approach	Lack of liquidity discount	-%-30%	The higher the lack of liquidity, the lower the fair value is
	1,004,651	Asset approach	Lack of liquidity discount; allowance of minority interest	-%-30%; 5%	The higher the lack of liquidity or the higher the allowance of minority interest, the lower the fair value is
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Investments in equity instruments	864,257	Market approach	Lack of liquidity discount	5%-30%	The higher the lack of liquidity, the lower the fair value is
	277,922	Asset approach	Lack of liquidity discount; allowance of minority interest	-%-30%; 5%-10%	The higher the lack of liquidity or the higher the allowance of minority interest, the lower the fair value is
	618,279	Income approach	Lack of liquidity discount; allowance of minority interest	10%-30%; -%	The higher the lack of liquidity or the higher the allowance of minority interest, the lower the fair value is
<u>December 31, 2022</u>					
	Fair Value	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted- average)	The Relation Between Inputs and Fair Value
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Investments in equity instruments	\$ 1,062,625	Market approach	Lack of liquidity discount	-%-30%	The higher the lack of liquidity, the lower the fair value is
	1,266,528	Asset approach	Lack of liquidity discount; allowance of minority interest	-%-30%; 5%	The higher the lack of liquidity or the higher the allowance of minority interest, the lower the fair value is  (Continued)

	Fa	air Value	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted- average)	The Relation Between Inputs and Fair Value
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Investments in equity instruments	\$	731,724	Market approach	Lack of liquidity discount	10%-30%	The higher the lack of liquidity, the lower the fair value is
		108,021	Asset approach	Lack of liquidity discount; allowance of minority interest	-%-30%; -%-10%	The higher the lack of liquidity or the higher the allowance of minority interest, the lower the fair value is
		554,702	Income approach	Lack of liquidity discount; allowance of minority interest	10%-30%; -%	The higher the lack of liquidity or the higher the allowance of minority interest, the lower the fair value is  (Concluded)

# June 30, 2022

	Fair Value	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted- average)	The Relation Between Inputs and Fair Value
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Investments in equity instruments	\$ 868,542	Market approach	Lack of liquidity discount	-%-30%	The higher the lack of liquidity, the lower the fair value is
	1,469,071	Asset approach	Lack of liquidity discount; allowance of minority interest	-%-30%; 5%	The higher the lack of liquidity or the higher the allowance of minority interest, the lower the fair value is
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Investments in equity instruments	685,900	Market approach	Lack of liquidity discount	10%-30%	The higher the lack of liquidity, the lower the fair value is
	216,436	Asset approach	Lack of liquidity discount; allowance of minority interest	-%-30%; -%-10%	The higher the lack of liquidity or the higher the allowance of minority interest, the lower the fair value is
	616,474	Income approach	Lack of liquidity discount; allowance of minority interest	10%-30%; -%	The higher the lack of liquidity or the higher the allowance of minority interest, the lower the fair value is

# g. Sensitivity analysis of fair value hierarchy classified in Level 3

The fair value measurement of financial instruments is reasonable, although the use of different valuation models or parameters may lead to different results. For financial instruments classified in Level 3, if one parameter changes by 10%, the effects on profit or loss or other comprehensive income for the current period are as follow:

# June 30, 2023

	Changes in Reflected in Po the Curr	Changes in Fair Value Reflected in Other Comprehensive Income for the Current Period				
	Favorable Changes	Unfavorable Changes	Favor Char		Unfav Cha	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Investments in equity instruments Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Investments in equity	\$ 239,199	\$ (239,199)	\$	-	\$	-
instruments	-	-	176	5,046	(17	6,046)
<u>December 31, 2022</u>	Changes in Reflected in Pi the Curr Favorable	Changes in Fair Value Reflected in Other Comprehensive Income for the Current Year Favorable Unfavorable			r for the	
	Changes	Unfavorable Changes	r avoi Chai		Cha	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Investments in equity instruments Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Investments in equity	\$ 232,915	\$ (232,915)	\$	-	\$	-
instruments	-	-	139	9,445	(13	9,445)

			Changes in Fair value			
	Reflected in P	n Fair Value rofit or Loss for ent Period	Reflected in Other Comprehensive Income for the Current Period			
	Favorable Changes	Unfavorable Changes	Favorable Changes	Unfavorable Changes		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Investments in equity instruments	\$ 233,761	\$ (233,761)	\$ -	\$ -		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		•				
Investments in equity instruments	_	_	151,881	(151,881)		

Changes in Fair Value

h. Information on financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss was as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Difference between carrying amounts and the amounts due on maturity Fair value Amounts due on maturity	\$ 41,006,766 53,584,085	\$ 37,805,089 51,650,659	\$ 45,976,699 49,922,496
	\$ (12,577,319)	\$ (13,845,570)	\$ (3,945,797)
			Change in Fair Values Resulting from Credit Risk Variations
Accumulated amount of change As of June 30, 2023 As of December 31, 2022 As of June 30, 2022			\$ (3,865,600) \$ (5,794,301) \$ 721,419

The change in fair value of bank debentures resulting from credit risk variation is the difference between the total change in fair value and the change in fair value due to market risk variations of these financial instruments. The change in fair value resulting from market risk variations is calculated using the benchmark yield rate plus a fixed credit spread. The fair values of bank debentures are the present values of future cash flows discounted by the benchmark yield rate quoted in the market as of the balance sheet date plus the credit spread estimated using the interest rates of the debt issuers' borrowings with similar maturities.

#### i. Information on financial risk management

#### 1) ESFHC

### a) Risk management

ESFHC established the Risk Management Committee, of which the convener is the general manager and the executive secretary is the chief risk officer, to draw up the principles and policies of risk management to be followed by each subsidiary, to coordinate and monitor the enforcement of risk management policies of each subsidiary and to deliberate whether proposals brought up by each risk-based unit focusing on a variety of individual issues are suitable for the Company.

#### b) Market risk

ESFHC set up the "Market Risk Management Principle of E.SUN Financial Holding Company" as the guideline for market risk management.

It monitors and controls the market risk of ESFHC and subsidiaries, and sets up the risk limit of ESFHC and subsidiaries, including the value at risk (VaR) limit, Position-limit and Stop Loss Limit. ESFHC also makes a risk evaluation report, which covers the taking of risk exposure by each risk-based unit and the adequacy of the current risk management system, to the board of directors quarterly.

The operation of ESFHC involves currencies different from its functional currency, i.e., foreign currencies; thus, ESFHC is exposed to foreign-exchange risks. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, ESFHC does not conduct any businesses involves currencies different from its functional currency.

The influence of the fluctuations in exchange rates for foreign-currency assets and liabilities on profit or loss is limited; thus, ESFHC expects the risk from exchange rate fluctuations to be immaterial.

#### c) Credit risk

To maintain good asset quality, ESFHC's subsidiaries have established independent credit review divisions and set up fair credit approval processes. ESFHC and subsidiaries also set up management policies and requirements of counterparties' credit rating, default risk, settlement risk, and risk concentration pertaining products, industries, and affiliates.

#### d) Liquidity risk

ESFHC set up the "Liquidity Risk Management Guideline of E.SUN Financial Holding Company" as the guideline for liquidity risk management. It monitors and asks ESFHC and subsidiaries to maintain appropriate liquidity, payment ability, financial stability, and to improve urgent situation handling ability. ESFHC and subsidiaries also follow the requirements of authorities, adopt numeral management, and compile cash flow gap analysis report regularly. Additionally, ESFHC and subsidiaries set up liquidity risk management index and monitor it strictly.

#### 2) E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries

#### a) Risk management

E.SUN Bank established the Risk Management Division to draw up the principles and policies of risk management to be followed by each department, to coordinate and monitor the enforcement of risk management policies of each department, and to deliberate whether proposals brought up by each risk-based unit to deal with a variety of issues are suitable for E.SUN Bank.

#### b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries' exposure to financial losses due to inability of customers or counterparties to meet the contractual obligations on financial instruments. Credit risk exists in both on- and off-balance sheet items. The on-balance sheet exposure to credit risks is mainly in loans and the credit card business, due from other banks, call loans to other banks, investment in debt instrument and derivatives. The off-balance sheet exposure to credit risks is mainly in financial guarantees, acceptance, letter of credits and loan commitments.

To ensure its credit risk falls within the acceptable range, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries have stipulated in the Guidelines for Credit Risk Management that for all the products provided and businesses conducted, including all on- and off-balance sheet transactions in the banking and trading books, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries should make a detailed analysis to identify existing and potential credit risks. Before launching new products or businesses, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries ensure compliance with all applicable rules and regulations and identify relevant credit risks. For sophisticated credit extensions, such as accounts receivable factored without recourse and credit derivative instruments, etc., E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries also require the use of a certain risk management system described in related rules and guidelines. The assessment of asset qualities and provision for possible losses of the overseas operating units, unless regulated by the local authorities, are in accordance with E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries' risk management policies and guidelines.

The measurement and management of credit risks from E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries' main businesses are as follows:

#### i. Loans and credit card business (including loan commitment and guarantees)

On each reporting date, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries assess the change in the default risk of financial assets, as well as consider reasonable and corroborative information that shows the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, including the overdue status of credit assets from clients, actual repayment situation, credit investigation result, announcement of dishonored checks and negotiation of the debts from other financial institutions, or the debtor has reorganized or is likely to reorganize to determine whether the credit risk has increased significantly.

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries adopt the 12-month ECLs to evaluate the loss allowance of financial instruments whose credit risk do not increase significantly since initial recognition and adopt the lifetime ECLs to evaluate the loss allowance of financial instruments whose credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition or of that is credit impaired.

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries consider both the 12-month and lifetime probability of default (PD) of the borrower with the loss given default (LGD), multiplying, the exposure at default (EAD), as well as the impact of time value, to calculate the 12-month ECLs and lifetime ECLs, respectively.

PD refers to the borrower's probability to default and LGD refers to losses caused by the default. E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries apply the PD and LGD to the credit business according to each group's historical information (such as credit loss experience) from internal statistical data, and adjust historical data based on current observable and forward-looking macroeconomic information, then calculate by applying the progressive one factor model respectively. E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries periodically review forward-looking macroeconomic information and timely adjusts PD for impact of factors such as the COVID-19.

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries estimate the account balance based on the ways in repayment and consider the possible survival rate to calculate the EAD. In addition, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries estimate the 12-month ECLs and lifetime ECLs of loan commitments by considering the portion of the loan commitments expected to be used within 12 months after the reporting date and within expected lifetime based on the guidelines issued by the Bank's Association and Basel Accords to determine the amount of EAD for calculating expected credit losses.

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries use the same definitions for default and credit impairment of financial assets. If one or more of the conditions are met, for instance, the financial assets are overdue for more than 90 days, or the credit investigation appears to be abnormal, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries determine that the financial assets are defaulted and credit impaired.

Credit assets are classified into five categories. In addition to normal credit assets that are classified as sound assets, the unsound assets are classified, on the basis of the valuation of collaterals and the length of time the payments become overdue, as special mention, substandard, with collectability high doubtful and uncollectable. E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries also set up policies for the management of doubtful credits and the collection of overdue debts to deal with collection problems.

For risk management purposes, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries rate credit qualities (by using an internal rating model for credit risk, a credit score table, etc.) in accordance with the nature and scale of a business.

With the use of statistical method and judgment by experts, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries have developed a credit rating model for clients. E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries review the model periodically to examine if the outcome matches reality and adjusts each parameter to optimize the result. Except the petit credit and residential mortgage, which are assessed by using the credit rating model, consumer loans are assessed individually for default risks.

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries classify the credit qualities of corporate loans as strong, medium and weak.

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries evaluate the credit rating of borrowers at least once a year. In addition, to ensure the estimates used are reasonable and to make sure the outcome calculated matches reality, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries annually conduct validity tests and back testing on the models using data on customers' actual defaults.

### ii. Due from and call loans to other banks

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries evaluate the credit status of counterparties before deals are closed. E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries grant different limits to the counterparties based on their respective credit ratings as suggested by domestic and foreign credit rating institutes.

#### iii. Investments in debt instruments and derivatives

Investments in debt instruments were classified as at FVTOCI and as at amortized cost.

June 30, 2023

	At FVTOCI	At Amortized Cost	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$ 359,834,848	\$ 444,604,253	\$ 804,439,101
Less: Allowance for impairment loss Amortized cost Adjustment to fair value	(105,130) 359,729,718 (10,856,233)	(36,009) \$ 444,568,244	(141,139) 804,297,962 (10,856,233)
	<u>\$ 348,873,485</u>		<u>\$ 793,441,729</u>
<u>December 31, 2022</u>			
	At FVTOCI	At Amortized Cost	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$ 344,957,546	\$ 401,436,904	\$ 746,394,450
Less: Allowance for impairment loss Amortized cost Adjustment to fair value	(113,585) 344,843,961 (12,232,382)	(31,161) \$ 401,405,743	(144,746) 746,249,704 (12,232,382)
	\$ 332,611,579		\$ 734,017,322
<u>June 30, 2022</u>			
	At FVTOCI	At Amortized Cost	Total
Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment	\$ 333,706,595	\$ 351,988,309	\$ 685,694,904
loss Amortized cost Adjustment to fair value	(95,128) 333,611,467 (10,438,379)	(21,283) \$ 351,967,026	(116,411) 685,578,493 (10,438,379)
	\$ 323,173,088		\$ 675,140,114

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries only invest in debt instruments that are rated the equivalent of investment grade or higher and have low credit risk for the purpose of impairment assessment. The credit rating information is supplied by independent rating agencies. The Company's exposure and the external credit ratings are continuously monitored. The Company reviews changes in bond yields and other public information and makes an assessment whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since the investment was recognized.

In order to minimize credit risk, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries have tasked a team to develop and maintain a credit risk grading framework to categorize exposures according to degree of risk of default. The credit rating information may be obtained from independent rating agencies where available and, if not available, the team uses other publicly available financial information to rate the debtors.

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries consider the historical default rates of each credit rating supplied by external rating agencies, the current financial condition of debtors, and industry forecast to estimate 12-month or lifetime expected credit losses. E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries' current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories:

#### June 30, 2023

Credit Rating	Description	Basis for Recognizing Expected Credit Losses	Expected Credit Loss Rate	Gross Carrying Amount
Performing	The counterparty has a low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows	12-month ECL	-%-1.00%	\$ 804,439,101

#### December 31, 2022

Credit Rating	Description	Basis for Recognizing Expected Credit Losses	Expected Credit Loss Rate	Gross Carrying Amount
Performing	The counterparty has a low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows	12-month ECL	-%-1.00%	\$ 746,379,987
Credit risk has increased significantly	The credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition	Lifetime ECL (unimpaired)	6.90%	14,463
June 30, 2022				

Credit Rating	Description	Basis for Recognizing Expected Credit Losses	Expected Credit Loss Rate	Gross Carrying Amount
Performing	The counterparty has a low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows	12-month ECL	-%-0.93%	\$ 685,694,904

The allowance for impairment loss of investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI and at amortized cost grouped by credit rating is reconciled as follows:

#### For the six months ended June 30, 2023

	Credi			
Allowance for Impairment Loss	Performing (12-Month ECL)	Credit Risk Has Increased Significantly (Expected Credit Loss and No Credit Loss During the Duration)	Total	
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 143,747	\$ 999	\$ 144,746	
New financial assets purchased	9,744	1,976	11,720	
Derecognition	(12,820)	(3,019)	(15,839)	
Change in model or risk parameters	816	-	816	
Change in exchange rates or others	(348)	44	(304)	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 141,139	\$ -	\$ 141,139	

For the six months ended June 30, 2022

	Credit Rating
Allowance for Impairment Loss	Performing (12-Month ECL)
Amovance for impairment 2000	ECE)
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 115,437
New financial assets purchased	18,492
Derecognition	(8,780)
Change in model or risk parameters	(10,336)
Change in exchange rates or others	1,598
Balance at June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 116,411</u>

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries identify and manage credit risks from debt instruments using external credit ratings of the debt instruments along with the evaluation of credit qualities of bonds, regional conditions and counterparties risks.

The other banks with which E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries conduct derivative transactions are mostly considered investment grade. E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries monitor the credit limits (including lending limits) by counterparties. The credits extended to counterparties that are not rated as investment grade are assessed case by case. The credits extended to counterparties who are general customers are monitored in accordance with the related contract terms and conditions and the credit limits for derivatives established in normal credit granting processes.

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries classify the debt instruments and derivatives into different categories, which are mainly based on the credit ratings provided by external credit agencies (Moody's, S&P, Fitch or Taiwan Ratings).

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries have a series of measures for credit granting to reduce credit risks. One of the procedures is asking for collaterals from the borrowers. To secure the debt, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries manage and assess the collaterals following the procedures that determine the scope of collateralization and valuation of collaterals and the process of disposition. In credit contracts, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries stipulate the security mechanism for debts; the conditions and terms for collaterals; and the terms and conditions of offsetting to state clearly that E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries reserve the right to reduce the granted quota, to reduce the repayment period, to demand immediate settlement or to offset the debts of the borrowers by their deposits in E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries in order to reduce the credit risks. The requirements for collaterals for other non-credit businesses depend on the nature of the financial instruments. Asset-backed securities and similar financial instruments are required to provide a pool of underlying financial assets as collaterals.

To avoid the concentration of credit risks, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries have included credit limits for a single counterparty and for a single group in its credit-related guidelines. E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries have also included credit limits for an individual (entity) and for related enterprises (group) in the guidelines for investment and regulations for risk control on equity investments. To manage the concentration risk on the assets, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries set credit limits by industry, conglomerate, country, transactions collateralized by stocks, and other categories and integrated within one system the supervision of concentration of credit risk in these categories.

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries settle most of its transactions at gross amounts. For further reduction of credit risks, settlement netting is used for some counterparties or some circumstances where the transactions with counterparties are terminated due to defaults.

The maximum exposures of assets on the consolidated balance sheets to credit risks without consideration of guarantees or other credit enforcement instruments approximate the assets' carrying amounts. The maximum exposures of off-balance sheet items to credit risks without consideration of guarantees or other credit enforcement instrument are stated as follows:

	12-Month ECL	Lif	etime ECL	(Credi	time ECL it-Impaired cial Assets)	Impa	fference of hirment Loss r Regulations		Total
Maximum exposure to credit risk Allowance for possible losses Difference of impairment loss under regulations	\$ 1,336,737,494 (130,604)	\$	854,722 (27,711)	\$	79,780 (3,364)	\$	(691,232)	\$ 1	(161,679) (691,232)
	\$_1,336,606,890	\$	827,011	\$	76,416	\$	(691,232)	\$	1,336,819,085
<u>December 31, 2022</u>									
	12-Month ECL	Lif	etime ECL	(Credi	time ECL it-Impaired cial Assets)	Impa	fference of irment Loss r Regulations		Total
Maximum exposure to credit risk Allowance for possible	\$ 1,323,790,657	\$	1,221,986	\$	66,892	\$	-	\$	1,325,079,535
losses	(110,707)		(47,755)		(3,228)		-		(161,690)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations			<u>-</u>				(781,163)	_	(781,163)
	<u>\$_1,323,679,950</u>	\$	1,174,231	\$	63,664	\$	(781,163)	<u>\$</u>	1,324,136,682

## June 30, 2022

	12-Month ECL	Lit	fetime ECL	(Cred	etime ECL lit-Impaired acial Assets)	Impa	ference of irment Loss Regulations		Total
Maximum exposure to credit risk Allowance for possible	\$ 1,262,720,379	\$	1,381,182	\$	92,856	\$	-	\$ 1	,264,194,417
losses	(107,775)		(22,401)		(2,584)		-		(132,760)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations							(802,111)		(802,111)
	\$ 1,262,612,604	\$	1,358,781	\$	90,272	\$	(802,111)	\$ 1	,263,259,546

The management of E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries believes their abilities to minimize the credit risk exposures of the off-balance sheet items are mainly attributed to their rigorous evaluation of credit extended and the periodic reviews of these credits.

The maximum exposures of consolidated balance sheet items (recognized as financial assets), collateral, master netting arrangements and other credit enforcement instruments are as follows:

June 30, 2023					
Credit-impaired	Carrying Amount	Maxim Collateral	um Exposure to 0 Master Netting Arrangements	Credit Risk Mitiga Other Credit Enhancements	ted by  Total
financial assets					
Receivables Credit cards Others	\$ 2,351,842 78,491	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Discounts and loans	8,430,063	4,277,883	-	-	4,277,883
<u>December 31, 2022</u>					
		Maxim	um Exposure to	Credit Risk Mitiga	ted by
	Carrying Amount	Collateral	Master Netting Arrangements	Other Credit Enhancements	Total
Credit-impaired financial assets			8		
Receivables Credit cards Others Discounts and loans	\$ 2,494,404 90,392 8,682,483	\$ - - 4,272,344	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - - 4,272,344
June 30, 2022	0,002,103	1,272,311			1,272,311
		Maxim	um Exposure to (	Credit Risk Mitiga	ted by
	Carrying Amount	Collateral	Master Netting	Other Credit Enhancements	Total
Credit-impaired financial assets					
Receivables Credit cards Others	\$ 2,502,366 83,624	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Discounts and loans	7,801,055	3,045,221	-	-	3,045,221

Concentration of credit risk exists when counterparties to financial transactions are individuals or groups engaged in similar activities or activities in the same region, which would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions. E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries did not have significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. Group or industry, regions and collaterals that were 10% or more of total outstanding loans of E.SUN Bank were as follows:

Credit Risk Profile by Group or	June 30	. 2023	December 31	. 2022	June 30, 202	2		
Industry	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%		
Natural person	\$ 987,081,59		\$ 966,057,987	50	\$ 942,667,020	50		
Manufacturing Finance, insurance	342,918,38	2 17	357,043,714	18	351,902,595	19		
and real estate	255,191,31	9 13	243,595,587	13	225,004,892	12		
Credit Risk Profile	June 30	June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022		June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022		, 2022	June 30, 2022	
by Regions	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%		
Domestic	\$ 1,676,829,61	5 86	\$ 1,648,022,853	85	\$ 1,616,665,423	86		
Credit Risk Profile	June 30	, 2023	December 31	, 2022	June 30, 202	2		
by Collaterals	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%		
Unsecured Secured	\$ 495,339,35	6 25	\$ 500,572,589	26	\$ 489,061,972	26		
Real estate	1,284,349,69	6 66	1,261,661,428	65	1,223,605,412	65		

Some financial assets held by E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries, such as cash and cash equivalents, due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, securities purchased under resell agreements and refundable deposits, are exposed to low credit risks because the counterparties have rather high credit ratings.

The credit quality of discounts and loans evaluation on a 12-month expected credit loss basis were as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Credit rating			
Strong	\$ 1,413,015,642	\$ 1,429,042,829	\$ 1,372,979,737
Medium	508,037,963	492,073,699	484,866,225
Weak	46,825,079	21,600,401	22,704,576
Carrying amount	1,967,878,684	1,942,716,929	1,880,550,538
Allowance for possible losses	(1,699,067)	(1,594,898)	(1,694,749)
	<u>\$ 1,966,179,617</u>	<u>\$ 1,941,122,031</u>	\$ 1,878,855,789

#### c) Market risk

Market risk refers to the risk of fluctuation in the fair values or the future cash flows of the onand off-balance sheet instruments held by E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries because of market price changes. The risk factors that cause market price changes usually include interest rates, exchange rates, and the prices of equity securities and commodities. Changes in these risk factors will cause risk of fluctuation in the net income or in the value of investment portfolio of E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries. The main market risks E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries face are the risks on equity securities, interest rates, and exchange rate risks. The equity securities exposed to market risks mainly include stocks listed on the TWSE or traded on the Taipei Exchange and stock index futures in Taiwan; the instruments exposed to interest rate risk mainly include bonds and interest rate derivatives such as the fixed-for-floating interest rate swap; and the instruments exposed to exchange rate risk mainly include the consolidated positions of the investment held by E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries, such as the derivatives denominated in foreign currency and foreign-currency bonds.

E.SUN Bank monitors the market risk positions and the tolerable loss of E.SUN Bank in accordance with the goals of risk management and the amount limits authorized by the board of directors. E.SUN Bank has set up market risk information systems to effectively monitor the management of amount limits on financial instruments, to evaluate the profit and loss, to conduct sensitivity analysis, stress test and calculation of value at risk (VaR), etc. The result is reported in the meetings of risk management and to the board of directors as their reference for making managerial decisions.

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries mainly divide the positions exposed to market risks into investment portfolios held for trading and investment portfolios not held for trading. The portfolios are monitored by the Risk Management Division, and the management results are reported regularly to the board of directors and the supervisors of each division.

The business units and the risk management units both identify market risk factors for E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries' exposed positions in order to measure market risks. Market risk factors refer to the factors that affect interest rates, exchange rates and values of held financial instruments such as equity securities, etc. E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries analyze the impact of risk factors on their holding positions, profit and loss, negative result of stress test, sensitivity, VaR, etc., and measure the levels within which the investment portfolios and equity securities might suffer from interest rate risks, exchange rate risks, etc.

The Risk Management Division reports regularly to the board of directors the achievement of management objectives on market risks, the control of holding positions and profit and loss, the sensitivity analysis, the stress test, the value at risk of equity securities, etc. for their understanding of E.SUN Bank's market risk control. E.SUN Bank also has sound mechanisms for reporting and set limits and stop-loss regulations for all the transactions. If a trade reaches the stop-loss limit, the stop-loss will be executed immediately. Trades that do not follow the stop-loss rule should be reported to the management for their approval, and the reasons for their noncompliance as well as corresponding strategies should also be presented to the management.

#### Effects of interest rate benchmark reform

A fundamental reform of major interest rate benchmarks is being undertaken globally, including the replacement of LIBOR with alternative, nearly risk-free rates. Under the announcement of the Financial Conduct Authority of the United Kingdom, the non-USD LIBOR and USD LIBOR 1-week and 2-month day tenors have been discontinued at the end of 2021, while the USD LIBOR other day tenors will be retired at the end of June 2023.

The risks arising from the transition relate principally to the potential impact of interest rate basis risk. E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries have established a LIBOR transition project plan. The transition project considers product conversion, contract modification, communication between customers and investors, adjustments to systems and processes, finance and tax implications, as well as the risk model. The transition project has been implemented by the corresponding LIBOR transition response team. As of June 30, 2023, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries have finished the amendments to the related systems and operational processes, contract conversions with counterparties and due diligence customer rights notifications. For those parts of financial instruments for which contractual conversions have not yet been

completed, negotiations and conversions will continue to ensure that the interest rate basis before and after modifications is economically appropriate.

The following table contains the details of non-derivative financial instruments held by the Company at June 30, 2023, which are subject to the reform and have not transitioned to an alternative benchmark interest rate:

	Carrying Amount
Financial assets that reference the USD LIBOR	
Financial assets at FVTOCI	\$ 3,480,720
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	623,004
Discounts and loans	11,304,924
Non-derivative financial assets affected by the interest rate benchmark	
reform	<u>\$ 15,408,648</u>

E.SUN Bank uses the VaR model and stress tests to evaluate risks on investment portfolios for trading. E.SUN Bank also assesses market risks and evaluates the maximum expected loss of positions through making assumptions on changes in various market conditions. The board of directors set amount limits based on VaR. The whole risk management process is monitored daily by the Risk Management Division.

VaR statistically estimates the potential loss of the positions due to adverse market movements. E.SUN Bank may suffer the "maximum potential loss" within a certain confidence interval (99%), so it is still probable that the actual loss is larger than the VaR to some extent. VaR model assumes that E.SUN Bank holds the positions at least for the minimum holding periods (10 days) before they can be settled, and that the market fluctuation in these 10 days is similar to that in the past. E.SUN Bank evaluates historical market fluctuation based on historical data in the past two years. It evaluates the VaR of its holding positions using the variance/covariance method. The computation will be used for periodic examinations and verification of assumptions and parameters used. However, this evaluation method cannot prevent losses from significant market fluctuations.

Information on the VaR of E.SUN Bank was as follows:

#### For the six months ended June 30, 2023

Historical Values at Risk (99%, 10-day)	Average	ľ	Minimum	N	<b>Taximum</b>	Ju	ne 30, 2023
By risk type							
Currency Interest Equity Risk diversification	\$ 3,660,406 12,954,119 830,032 (9,472,444)	\$	2,156,029 8,870,264 684,604	\$	5,111,666 15,185,073 980,088	\$	5,032,810 10,957,601 778,511 (8,330,767)
Total risk exposure	\$ 7,972,113					\$_	8,438,155

#### For the year ended December 31, 2022

Historical Values at Risk (99%, 10-day)	Average	Minimum	Maximum	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
By risk type					
Currency Interest Equity Risk diversification	\$ 3,071,900 11,251,012 976,594 (8,318,495)	\$ 2,156,029 5,702,952 684,604	\$ 4,562,202 15,185,073 1,311,178	\$ 3,280,214 13,486,178 814,411 (9,409,144)	\$ 3,152,614 12,918,164 920,598 (10,225,415)
Total risk exposure	<u>\$ 6,981,011</u>			<u>\$ 8,171,659</u>	<u>\$ 6,765,961</u>

Stress test is used to measure the greatest potential losses of the portfolio of risk assets under the worst scenarios. The Risk Management Division performs it, and it includes (a) a stress test on risk factors, in which the stress test is applied to all kinds of risks; and (b) a temporary stress test, in which the stress test is applied to special investment positions or specific investment areas, for example, areas where exchange rates fluctuate dramatically. The results of stress tests are reported to the senior management.

For the information on the foreign-currency financial assets and liabilities with significant effect, please refer to Table 3.

#### d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the possibility of financial loss resulting from the shortage of funds in meeting the needs of asset acquisition or debt repayment on maturity. Examples are the depositors' withdrawal of deposits before maturity, difficulty in raising funds from other banks or worsening funding conditions due to the fluctuations in specific markets, unstable recovery of money due to credit defaults, deterioration of the convertibility of financial instruments, early termination of interest-sensitive instruments, etc. These situations might result in decrease of cash inflows from loans, trades and investments. In some extreme cases, lack of liquidity may cause decrease of asset values in balance sheets, disposal of assets or other situations in which loan commitments cannot be met. Liquidity risks exist in all banking operations, and are influenced by specific events from industries or markets, including but not limited to credit events, mergers and acquisitions, systematic risks in the industry or natural disasters.

Liquidity risk management is done by the money market division and monitored by the risk management division. The procedures include (a) maintaining daily money market operations and monitoring future cash flows to ensure the meeting of liquidity requirements; (b) holding an appropriate amount of readily convertible and highly liquid assets to prevent from unpredictable events that disrupt cash flows; (c) monitoring the liquidity ratios for the balance sheets in accordance with internal and external policies; and (d) managing security products during their remaining maturity periods. Liquidity risk monitoring and reporting are based on the valuation and prediction of future cash flows from different terms to maturity (maturity gap is used by E.SUN Bank as a tool to manage liquidity risk). The prediction of cash flows involves the cash outflows at the maturity date of the financial liabilities and the cash inflows at the receipt date of financial assets.

For maintaining solvency and meeting the needs of emergency assistance arrangements, E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries hold cash and high-quality, liquid interest-bearing assets. The assets held for liquidity risk management include cash and cash equivalents, due from Central Bank and call loans to other banks, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, discounts and loans, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, debt instruments at amortized cost, etc.

The liquidity reserve ratios of E.SUN Bank for June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022 were 27.05%, 32.69% and 32.23%, respectively.

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries disclosed the analysis of cash outflows from nonderivative financial liabilities by the residual maturities as of the balance sheet date. The amounts of cash outflows are based on contractual cash flows, so some amounts may not correspond to those that shown in the consolidated balance sheets.

June 30, 2023	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Deposits from the						
Central Bank and						
other banks	\$ 41,302,974	\$ 25,687,019	\$ 3,030,190	\$ 2,147,452	\$ 1,220,259	\$ 73,387,894
Nonderivative financial						
liabilities at fair						
value through profit						
or loss	1,143,652	-	-	-	52,440,433	53,584,085
Securities sold under						
repurchase						
agreements	6,936,069	3,295,497	5,158,596	3,759,731	741,932	19,891,825
Payables	13,080,999	3,317,741	1,905,341	1,150,322	7,935,923	27,390,326
Deposits and						
remittances	1,014,143,468	260,460,769	290,909,177	497,495,569	886,472,750	2,949,481,733
Bank debentures	-	-	-	2,200,000	36,050,000	38,250,000
Lease liabilities	86,832	164,162	266,895	453,111	3,209,103	4,180,103
Other items of cash						ĺ
outflow on maturity	6,314,230	4,546,910	1,402,354	457,934	89,286,000	102,007,428

December 31, 2022	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Deposits from the Central Bank and other banks Nonderivative financial	\$ 36,100,630	\$ 12,536,682	\$ 2,319,318	\$ 20,506,455	\$ 1,051,349	\$ 72,514,434
liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Securities sold under repurchase	-	-	-	563,970	51,086,689	51,650,659
agreements	7,017,134	1,686,572	893,711	3,791,737	5,166,615	18,555,769
Payables	25,355,286	1,903,153	978,906	1,202,633	99,617	29,539,595
Deposits and						
remittances	1,103,188,963	248,975,620	241,709,886	478,805,828	831,701,057	2,904,381,354
Bank debentures	-	-	1,500,000	-	36,350,000	37,850,000
Lease liabilities	120,510	162,118	259,028	519,949	3,406,422	4,468,027
Other items of cash						
outflow on maturity	69,467,603	14,526,405	520,580	4,147,740	12,379,558	101,041,886

June 30, 2022	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Deposits from the Central Bank and						
other banks	\$ 53,920,696	\$ 15,893,100	\$ 1,371,308	\$ 2,421,818	- \$	\$ 73,606,922
Nonderivative financial						
liabilities at fair						
value through profit						
or loss	-	-	1,091,301	-	48,831,195	49,922,496
Securities sold under						
repurchase						
agreements	4,100,000	4,323,311	112,978	603,474	8,794,949	17,934,712
Payables	30,269,764	762,207	533,745	597,457	108,430	32,271,603
Deposits and						
remittances	1,115,692,808	233,582,847	270,475,301	420,926,108	744,808,368	2,785,485,432
Bank debentures	-	6,500,000	100,000	1,500,000	26,750,000	34,850,000
Lease liabilities	94,235	162,327	255,289	516,477	3,032,777	4,061,105
Other items of cash						·
outflow on maturity	5,765,430	2,551,909	916,410	172,411	80,448,995	89,855,155

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries assessed the maturity date of contracts to understand the basic elements of all derivative financial instruments shown in the consolidated balance sheets. The amounts used in the maturity analyses of derivative financial liabilities are based on contractual cash flows, so some may not correspond to the amounts shown in the consolidated balance sheets. The maturity analysis of derivative financial liabilities was as follows:

#### i. Derivative financial liabilities to be settled at net amounts

June 30, 2023	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities						
at fair value through profit or						
loss						
Currency derivatives	\$ 84,441	\$ 123,021	\$ 81,237	\$ 73,121	\$ -	\$ 361,820
Interest derivatives	293	723	70	1	-	1,086

December 31, 2022	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or						
loss						
Currency derivatives	\$ 53,252	\$ 154,586	\$ 67,248	\$ 30,606	\$ -	\$ 305,692
Interest derivatives	2,023	2,309	24	-	-	4,356

June 30, 2022	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities						
at fair value through profit or						
loss						
Currency derivatives	\$ 166,276	\$ 68,404	\$ 177,866	\$ 57,957	\$ -	\$ 470,503
Interest derivatives	322	649	74	-	-	1,045

#### ii. Derivative financial liabilities to be settled at gross amounts

June 30, 2023	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Currency derivatives						
Cash outflow	\$ 174,932,832	\$ 173,088,594	\$ 184,364,897	\$ 220,889,469	\$ 5,976,142	\$ 759,251,934
Cash inflow	170,006,419	167,020,626	176,904,383	205,832,678	5,843,996	725,608,102
Interest derivatives						
Cash outflow	941,707	1,775,152	1,885,188	3,593,347	20,742,925	28,938,319
Cash inflow	1,318,703	46,775	75,707	514,435	6,354,658	8,310,278
Total cash outflow	175,874,539	174,863,746	186,250,085	224,482,816	26,719,067	788,190,253
Total cash inflow	171,325,122	167,067,401	176,980,090	206,347,113	12,198,654	733,918,380
Net cash outflow	\$ 4,549,417	\$ 7,796,345	\$ 9,269,995	\$ 18,135,703	\$ 14,520,413	\$ 54,271,873

December 31, 2022	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Currency derivatives						
Cash outflow	\$ 164,583,466	\$ 321,200,960	\$ 202,826,981	\$ 154,841,611	\$ 311,766,355	\$ 1,155,219,373
Cash inflow	158,082,611	310,568,594	197,128,511	152,999,296	298,893,531	1,117,672,543
Interest derivatives						
Cash outflow	833,737	1,114,348	1,806,581	3,715,871	22,096,164	29,566,701
Cash inflow	3,877,367	156,222	144,611	132,772	7,160,284	11,471,256
Total cash outflow	165,417,203	322,315,308	204,633,562	158,557,482	333,862,519	1,184,786,074
Total cash inflow	161,959,978	310,724,816	197,273,122	153,132,068	306,053,815	1,129,143,799
Net cash outflow	\$ 3,457,225	\$ 11,590,492	\$ 7,360,440	\$ 5,425,414	\$ 27,808,704	\$ 55,642,275

June 30, 2022	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Currency derivatives						
Cash outflow	\$ 176,521,514	\$ 166,728,645	\$ 199,228,526	\$ 240,745,840	\$ 5,961,737	\$ 789,186,262
Cash inflow	170,960,231	160,764,489	189,724,289	231,260,364	5,564,267	758,273,640
Interest derivatives						
Cash outflow	665,572	481,643	1,020,055	2,056,897	19,365,415	23,589,582
Cash inflow	101,470	59,499	109,975	542,125	7,341,793	8,154,862
Total cash outflow	177,187,086	167,210,288	200,248,581	242,802,737	25,327,152	812,775,844
Total cash inflow	171,061,701	160,823,988	189,834,264	231,802,489	12,906,060	766,428,502
Net cash outflow	\$ 6,125,385	\$ 6,386,300	\$ 10,414,317	\$ 11,000,248	\$ 12,421,092	\$ 46,347,342

E.SUN Bank and its subsidiaries conducted the maturity analysis of off-balance sheet items based on the residual maturities as of the consolidated balance sheet date. For the financial guarantee contracts issued, the maximum amounts of the guarantees are included in the earliest periods that the guarantee obligation might have been required to be fulfilled. The amounts used in the maturity analysis of off-balance sheet items are based on contractual cash flows, so some amounts may not correspond to those shown in the consolidated balance sheets.

June 30, 2023	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Irrevocable loan commitments issued	\$ 3,361,436	\$ 5,050,001	\$ 3,889,270	\$ 6,480,229	\$ 50,834,048	\$ 69,614,984
Credit card commitments	2,195,417	6,555,798	13,582,152	27,191,485	552,563,706	602,088,558
Letters of credit issued and yet unused	2,098,499	6,100,064	1,393,240	448,718	605,325	10,645,846
Other guarantees	4,741,415	4,306,576	2,604,721	6,930,481	6,574,979	25,158,172

December 31, 2022	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Irrevocable loan commitments issued	\$ 1,190,229	\$ 989,097	\$ 3,933,361	\$ 10,788,710	\$ 40,392,202	\$ 57,293,599
Credit card commitments	3,875,042	1,481,556	5,797,131	16,760,772	461,717,325	489,631,826
Letters of credit issued and yet unused	2,989,408	4,754,014	1,011,988	1,874,069	120,811	10,750,290
Other guarantees	5,252,286	3,253,641	8,655,128	5,988,083	6,164,624	29,313,762

June 30, 2022	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Irrevocable loan commitments issued	\$ 1,313,176	\$ 2,865,459	\$ 4,143,042	\$ 6,943,821	\$ 42,871,433	\$ 58,136,931
Credit card commitments	203,890	77,416	2,763,440	12,138,088	455,018,270	470,201,104
Letters of credit issued and yet unused	3,172,940	6,543,201	1,835,612	958,344	38,009	12,548,106
Other guarantees	4,727,478	7,903,358	3,654,947	11,101,966	5,623,187	33,010,936

#### j. Transfers of financial assets

Most of the transferred financial assets of the Company that are not derecognized in their entirety are securities sold under repurchase agreements. According to these transactions, the right on cash flow of the transferred financial assets would be transferred to other entities and the associated liabilities of the Company's obligation to repurchase the transferred financial assets at a fixed price in the future would be recognized. As the Company is restricted to use, sell or pledge the transferred financial assets throughout the term of transaction, and is still exposed to interest rate risks and credit risks on these instruments, the transferred financial assets are not derecognized in their entirety. The details of financial assets that were not derecognized in their entirety and the associated financial liabilities were as follows:

	June 30, 2023									
Category of Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Transferred Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Transferred Financial Assets	Fair Value of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Net Position					
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI - securities sold under repurchase agreements Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost - securities sold under repurchase	\$ 19,874,014	\$ 18,897,601	\$ 19,874,014	\$ 18,897,601	\$ 976,413					
agreements	1,056,468	906,581	947,116	906,581	40,535					

	December 31, 2022									
Category of Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Transferred Financial Assets	Amount of Served Associated Financial Financial Associated Financial		Associated Financial	Fair Value of Net Position					
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI - securities sold under repurchase agreements Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost - securities sold under repurchase	\$ 19,335,552	\$ 17,569,699	\$ 19,335,552	\$ 17,569,699	\$ 1,765,853					
agreements	946,453	925,596	964,224	925,596	38,628					

	June 30, 2022									
Category of Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Transferred Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Transferred Financial Assets	Fair Value of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Net Position					
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI - securities sold under repurchase agreements Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost - securities sold under repurchase	\$ 17,773,474	\$ 16,789,514	\$ 17,773,474	\$ 16,789,514	\$ 983,960					
agreements	1,104,132	1,084,024	1,124,523	1,084,024	40,499					

### k. Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The Company is eligible to present certain derivative assets and derivative liabilities on a net basis on the balance sheet since the offsetting criteria are met. Cash collateral has also been paid by part of counterparties for the net amount of the derivative assets and derivative liabilities. The cash collateral does not meet the offsetting criteria, but it can be set off against the net amount of the derivative assets and derivative liabilities in the case of default and insolvency or bankruptcy, in accordance with an associated collateral arrangement.

The tables below present the quantitative information on financial assets and financial liabilities that have been offset in the balance sheet or that are covered by enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements.

Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities Offset in the Balance Sheet	Net Amounts of Financial Assets Presented in the Balance Sheet		nts Not Offset in nce Sheet Cash Collateral Received	Net Amounts
Derivatives Resell agreements Settlements	\$ 57,322,581 10,958,978 16,221 \$ 68,297,780	\$ - (15,660) \$ (15,660)	\$ 57,322,581 10,958,978 561 \$ 68,282,120	\$ (32,910,648) (10,958,978) ————————————————————————————————————	\$ (3,564,602) 	\$ 20,847,331 561 \$ 20,847,892
Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets Offset in the Balance Sheet	Net Amounts of Financial Liabilities Presented in the Balance Sheet		nts Not Offset in nce Sheet Cash Collateral Pledged	Net Amounts
Derivatives Repurchase agreements Settlements	\$ 49,461,807 19,855,019 74,106 \$ 69,390,932	\$ - (33,160) \$ (33,160)	\$ 49,461,807 19,855,019 40,946 \$ 69,357,772	\$ (32,910,648) (19,855,019) ————————————————————————————————————	\$ (12,118,520) - - - \$ (12,118,520)	\$ 4,432,639 40,946 \$ 4,473,585

# December 31, 2022

	Gross Amounts of Recognized	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities	Net Amounts of Financial Assets Presented in		nts Not Offset in nce Sheet	
Financial Assets	Financial Assets	Offset in the Balance Sheet	the Balance Sheet	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	Net Amounts
Derivatives Resell agreements	\$ 61,908,060 7,892,518	\$ - -	\$ 61,908,060 7,892,518	\$ (35,552,553) (7,892,518)	\$ (7,849,094) -	\$ 18,506,413
Settlements	11,964		11,964			11,964
	\$ 69,812,542	<u>\$</u>	\$ 69,812,542	<u>\$ (43,445,071</u> )	<u>\$ (7,849,094)</u>	<u>\$ 18,518,377</u>
	Gross Amounts of Recognized	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets	Net Amounts of Financial Liabilities Presented in		nts Not Offset in nce Sheet	
Financial Liabilities	Financial Liabilities	Offset in the Balance Sheet	the Balance Sheet	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	Net Amounts
Derivatives Repurchase agreements Settlements	\$ 51,764,562 18,535,596 384	\$ -	\$ 51,764,562 18,535,596 384	\$ (35,552,553) (18,535,596)	\$ (9,847,389)	\$ 6,364,620
	\$ 70,300,542	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 70,300,542</u>	<u>\$ (54,088,149)</u>	<u>\$ (9,847,389)</u>	\$ 6,365,004
June 30, 2022	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities Offset in the	Net Amounts of Financial Assets Presented in the Balance	the Bala Financial	nts Not Offset in nce Sheet Cash Collateral	
Financial Assets	Assets	Balance Sheet	Sheet	Instruments	Received	Net Amounts
Derivatives Resell agreements Settlements	\$ 69,453,380 1,684,658 67,076	\$ - (43,072)	\$ 69,453,380 1,684,658 24,004	\$ (31,066,613) (1,684,658)	\$ (12,434,623) - -	\$ 25,952,144 - - 24,004
	<u>\$ 71,205,114</u>	<u>\$ (43,072)</u>	<u>\$ 71,162,042</u>	<u>\$ (32,751,271)</u>	<u>\$ (12,434,623)</u>	\$ 25,976,148
	Gross Amounts of Recognized	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets	Net Amounts of Financial Liabilities Presented in	the Bala	nts Not Offset in	
Financial Liabilities	Financial Liabilities	Offset in the Balance Sheet	the Balance Sheet	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	Net Amounts
Derivatives Repurchase agreements Settlements	\$ 48,265,976 17,901,884 620,571	\$ - (43,072)	\$ 48,265,976 17,901,884 577,499	\$ (31,066,613) (17,901,884)	\$ (9,299,288)	\$ 7,900,075 - 577,499
	\$ 66,788,431	\$ (43,072)	\$ 66,745,359	<u>\$ (48,968,497)</u>	\$ (9,299,288)	\$ 8,477,574

# 44. ALLOCATION OF REVENUE, COST AND EXPENSE RESULTING FROM INTERCOMPANY SHARING OF RESOURCES

Under cooperation arrangements, E.SUN Bank and E.SUN Securities shared some equipment and operating sites; thus, related expenses were allocated as follows:

	E.SUN Bank	E.SUN Securities	Total	Allocation Method
For the six months ended June 30, 2023				
Others	<u>\$ 131</u>	<u>\$ 123</u>	<u>\$ 254</u>	Utilities - 50% each Building maintenance fee - based on space actually occupied
For the six months ended June 30, 2022				
Others	<u>\$ 124</u>	<u>\$ 119</u>	<u>\$ 243</u>	Utilities - 50% each Building maintenance fee - based on space actually occupied

The cross-selling transactions between E.SUN Bank and E.SUN Securities were as follows (the amounts below refer to E.SUN Bank):

	For the Six M June	
	2023	2022
Revenue Expense	\$ 2,337 \$ 76,603	\$ 1,940 \$ 80,247

#### **45. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

ESFHC's objective of capital management is to sustain the eligible capital of the Group at an amount that meets the requirements for legal capital and minimum group capital adequacy ratio (CAR). To ensure that there is sufficient capital to undertake a variety of risks, ESFHC assesses the risk portfolios by their characteristics. The calculation of group eligible capital and minimum requirement of legal capital is in conformity with the rules enacted by the authorities.

Financial Management Division manages Group CAR. The Financial Management Division ensures that ESFHC's group CAR meets both its internal requirements and external requirements by the authorities, and the timely report to the authorities every half year. ESFHC has set up a warning signal mechanism that gives alarm when the CAR falls below the standard, and asks relevant units to bring up improvement strategies to deal with it.

Under the Financial Holding Company Act and related regulations, ESFHC should maintain a group CAR at no lower than 100%. If the ratio falls below 100%, the appropriation of earnings as cash dividends or other assets will be restricted, and the authorities may discipline ESFHC, depending on the situation.

The Banking Act and related regulations require that E.SUN Bank maintains both stand-alone and consolidated ratios of regulatory capital to risk-weighted assets (including ratio of the common equity to risk-weighted assets, ratio of Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets and capital adequacy ratio) should comply with the minimum ratio requested by authorities.

Under the rules governing securities firms and related regulations, the CAR of a securities firm should be at least 200% to ensure its stability as well as maintain the health of the security markets. If the ratio is below 200%, the authority may impose certain restrictions on a firm's operations. The CARs of E.SUN Securities as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022 were 565%, 680% and 391%, respectively.

Please refer to related information in Table 14 (attached).

# 46. E.SUN FINANCIAL HOLDING COMPANY, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES' ASSET QUALITY, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT EXTENSIONS, INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY, PROFITABILITY AND MATURITY ANALYSIS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

- a. E.SUN Bank's asset quality: Table 4 (attached).
- b. E.SUN Bank's concentration of credit extensions

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

	June 30,	2023		June 30, 2022				
Rank (Note 1)	Industry of Group Enterprise (Note 2)	Total Amount of Credit Endorsement or Other Transactions (Note 3)	Percentage of Current Period's Equity	Industry of Group Enterprise (Note 2)	Total Amount of Credit Endorsement or Other Transactions (Note 3)	Percentage of Current Period's Equity		
1	Group A Manufacture of other electronic parts and components not elsewhere classified	\$ 11,527,765	5.32	Group A Manufacture of other electronic parts and components not elsewhere classified	\$ 10,637,399	5.98		
2	Group B Real estate development	9,120,700	4.21	Group K Other activities auxiliary to financial service activities not elsewhere classified	8,528,113	4.79		
3	Group C Manufacture of integrated circuits	7,394,863	3.42	Group L Manufacture of computers	7,329,266	4.12		
4	Group D Real estate activities for sale and rental with own or leased property	6,856,815	3.17	Group E Activities of head offices	7,064,005	3.97		
5	Group E Activities of head offices	6,809,464	3.15	Group B Real estate development	7,055,400	3.97		
6	Group F Quarrying of rocks and gravel and other mining	6,312,081	2.92	Group M Electricity Supply	6,761,632	3.80		
7	Group G Wholesale of computers, computer peripheral equipment and software	5,790,722	2.67	Group H Manufacture of computers	6,399,847	3.60		
8	Group H Manufacture of computers	5,622,044	2.60	Group G Wholesale of computers, computer peripheral equipment and software	6,380,498	3.59		
9	Group I Packaging and testing of semi-conductors	5,574,808	2.58	Group C Manufacture of integrated circuits	5,821,533	3.27		
10	Group J Other holding companies	5,284,043	2.44	Group N Retail sale of computers, computer peripheral equipment and software	5,599,557	3.15		

- Note 1: The list shows top 10 rankings by total amount of credit, endorsement or other transactions but excludes government-owned or state-run enterprises. If the borrower is a member of a group enterprise, the total amount of credit, endorsement or other transactions of the entire group enterprise must be listed and disclosed by code and line of industry. The industry of the group enterprise should be presented as the industry of the member firm with the highest risk exposure. The lines of industry should be described in accordance with the Standard Industrial Classification System of the Republic of China published by the Directorate-General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics under the Executive Yuan.
- Note 2: Group enterprise refers to a group of corporate entities as defined by Article 6 of "Supplementary Provisions to the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation Rules for Review of Securities Listings".
- Note 3: Total amount of credit, endorsement or other transactions is the sum of various loans (including import and export negotiations, discounts, overdrafts, unsecured and secured short-term loans, margin loans receivable, unsecured and secured medium-term loans, unsecured and secured long-term loans and overdue loans), exchange bills negotiated, accounts receivable factored without recourse, acceptances and guarantees.
- c. E.SUN Bank's interest rate sensitivity information

#### **Interest Rate Sensitivity (New Taiwan Dollars)**

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

#### June 30, 2023

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Interest rate-sensitive assets	\$ 1,956,930,677	\$ 112,287,779	\$ 74,721,539	\$ 138,880,776	\$ 2,282,820,771
Interest rate-sensitive liabilities	1,658,545,541	97,675,944	163,861,784	125,478,629	2,045,561,898
Interest rate sensitivity gap	298,385,136	14,611,835	(89,140,245)	13,402,147	237,258,873
Net worth					197,967,964
Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets	111.60				
Ratio of interest rate sensitivity gap	to net worth				119.85

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days		's 181 Days to 1 Year				Total
Interest rate-sensitive assets	\$ 1,791,306,522	\$	128,400,940	\$	97,127,337	\$	172,145,201	\$ 2,188,980,000
Interest rate-sensitive liabilities	1,524,245,274		85,930,313		76,006,211		104,456,047	1,790,637,845
Interest rate sensitivity gap	267,061,248		42,470,627		21,121,126		67,689,154	398,342,155
Net worth								166,499,666
Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities							122.25	
Ratio of interest rate sensitivity gap	to net worth							239.25

- Note 1: The above amounts included only New Taiwan dollar amounts held by the head office and branches of E.SUN Bank (i.e., excluding foreign currency).
- Note 2: Interest rate-sensitive assets and liabilities refer to the revenues or costs of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities that were affected by interest rate changes.
- Note 3: Interest rate sensitivity gap = Interest rate-sensitive assets Interest rate-sensitive liabilities.
- Note 4: Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities = Interest rate-sensitive assets ÷ Interest rate-sensitive liabilities (in New Taiwan dollars).

#### **Interest Rate Sensitivity (U.S. Dollars)**

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, %)

#### June 30, 2023

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total			
Interest rate-sensitive assets	\$ 16,183,828	\$ 1,516,822	\$ 818,880	\$ 3,709,409	\$ 22,228,939			
Interest rate-sensitive liabilities	21,782,655	3,944,402	2,935,570	1,689,203	30,351,830			
Interest rate sensitivity gap	(5,598,827)	(2,427,580)	(2,116,690)	2,020,206	(8,122,891)			
Net worth								
Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities								
Ratio of interest rate sensitivity g	ap to net worth				(7,740.21)			

#### June 30, 2022

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total			
Interest rate-sensitive assets	\$ 15,539,602	\$ 1,225,351	\$ 76,832	\$ 3,293,445	\$ 20,135,230			
Interest rate-sensitive liabilities	25,304,234	3,878,271	3,176,641	1,679,853	34,038,999			
Interest rate sensitivity gap	(9,764,632)	(2,652,920)	(3,099,809)	1,613,592	(13,903,769)			
Net worth					77,364			
Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities								
Ratio of interest rate sensitivity g	ap to net worth				(17,971.88)			

- Note 1: The above amounts included only U.S. dollar amounts held by the head office, domestic branches, OBU and overseas branches of E.SUN Bank and excluded contingent assets and contingent liabilities.
- Note 2: Interest rate-sensitive assets and liabilities refer to the revenues or costs of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities that were affected by interest rate changes.
- Note 3: Interest rate sensitivity gap = Interest rate-sensitive assets Interest rate-sensitive liabilities.
- Note 4: Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities = Interest rate-sensitive assets ÷ Interest rate-sensitive liabilities (in U.S. dollars).

#### d. Profitability

1) E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd. and subsidiaries

Unit: %

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	
Datum on total accets	Before income tax	0.75	0.56
Return on total assets	After income tax	0.60	0.43
Datama an agritu	Before income tax	12.62	9.78
Return on equity	After income tax	10.05	7.51
Net income ratio		33.70	27.62

#### 2) E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.

Unit: %

	Items	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Datum on total assets	Before income tax	9.63	7.00
Return on total assets	After income tax	9.60	6.99
D - t	Before income tax	10.09	7.52
Return on equity	After income tax	10.05	7.50
Net income ratio		98.10	97.74

#### 3) E.SUN Bank

Unit: %

	Items	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Datum on total accets	Before income tax	0.70	0.50
Return on total assets	After income tax	0.56	0.40
Patrim on agrity	Before income tax	11.73	8.77
Return on equity	After income tax	9.33	6.89
Net income ratio		33.56	27.60

#### 4) E.SUN Securities

Unit: %

	Items		June 30, 2022
Datum on total assets	Before income tax	7.33	5.29
Return on total assets	After income tax	6.27	4.29
D	Before income tax	20.99	20.80
Return on equity	After income tax	17.97	16.86
Net income ratio		40.44	37.78

- Note 1: Return on total assets = Income before (after) income tax  $\div$  Average total assets.
- Note 2: Return on equity = Income before (after) income tax  $\div$  Average equity.
- Note 3: Net income ratio = Income after income tax  $\div$  Total net revenues.
- Note 4: Income before (after) income tax represents income from January to each period-end date.
- Note 5: The above profitability ratios are calculated on the basis of annualized figures.

#### e. E.SUN Bank's maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

#### **Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities (New Taiwan Dollars)**

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Total			Remaining Per	iod to Maturity		
	1 Otai	0-10 Days	11-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days to 1 Year	Over 1 Year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 2,769,777,702	\$ 260,129,185	\$ 267,623,458	\$ 167,718,206	\$ 226,453,210	\$ 242,891,394	\$ 1,604,962,249
Main capital outflow on maturity	3,351,448,878	84,608,731	161,661,998	390,092,319	490,770,641	764,017,387	1,460,297,802
Gap	(581,671,176)	175,520,454	105,961,460	(222,374,113)	(264,317,431)	(521,125,993)	144,664,447

## June 30, 2022

	T-4-1			Remaining Peri	iod to Maturity		
	Total	0-10 Days	11-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days to 1 Year	Over 1 Year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 2,681,479,836	\$ 301,803,362	\$ 251,988,219	\$ 162,339,610	\$ 170,069,898	\$ 227,293,636	\$ 1,567,985,111
Main capital outflow on maturity	3,129,174,284	120,447,951	200,868,832	339,972,911	425,195,325	593,872,633	1,448,816,632
Gap	(447,694,448)	181,355,411	51,119,387	(177,633,301)	(255,125,427)	(366,578,997)	119,168,479

Note: The above amounts included only New Taiwan dollar amounts held by E.SUN Bank.

#### Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities (U.S. Dollars)

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

#### June 30, 2023

			Remai	ning Period to M	aturity	
	Total	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days to 1 Year	Over 1 Year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 57,086,270	\$ 11,724,365	\$ 10,639,615	\$ 9,794,565	\$ 10,704,085	\$ 14,223,640
Main capital outflow on maturity	66,820,276	14,371,527	17,446,094	14,318,276	16,494,603	4,189,776
Gap	(9,734,006)	(2,647,162)	(6,806,479)	(4,523,711)	(5,790,518)	10,033,864

#### June 30, 2022

		Remaining Period to Maturity				
	Total	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days to 1 Year	Over 1 Year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 61,428,496	\$ 12,748,588	\$ 10,274,088	\$ 11,486,299	\$ 12,684,632	\$ 14,234,889
Main capital outflow on maturity	70,243,152	17,089,556	15,940,143	15,196,869	18,430,532	3,586,052
Gap	(8,814,656)	(4,340,968)	(5,666,055)	(3,710,570)	(5,745,900)	10,648,837

Note 1: The above amounts included only U.S. dollar amounts held by E.SUN Bank.

Note 2: If overseas assets exceed 10% of E.SUN Bank total assets, supplementary information shall be disclosed.

#### Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities of Overseas Branches (U.S. Dollars)

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

#### June 30, 2023

			Remai	ning Period to M	aturity	
	Total	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days to 1 Year	Over 1 Year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 16,168,513	\$ 4,192,684	\$ 2,832,834	\$ 2,264,608	\$ 1,988,858	\$ 4,889,529
Main capital outflow on maturity	16,888,739	5,189,916	5,118,495	3,104,405	2,711,382	764,541
Gap	(720,226)	(997,232)	(2,285,661)	(839,797)	(722,524)	4,124,988

			Remai	ning Period to M	aturity	
	Total	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days to 1 Year	Over 1 Year
Main capital inflow on maturity	\$ 14,559,124	\$ 2,879,231	\$ 2,638,426	\$ 2,620,273	\$ 1,748,280	\$ 4,672,914
Main capital outflow on maturity	15,208,206	4,299,960	4,314,969	3,644,659	2,508,403	440,215
Gap	(649,082)	(1,420,729)	(1,676,543)	(1,024,386)	(760,123)	4,232,699

#### 47. E.SUN BANK'S TRUST BUSINESS UNDER THE TRUST ENTERPRISE ACT

a. Trust-related items, as shown in the following balance sheet, statements of income and trust property list

The trust-related items shown below were managed by E.SUN Bank's Trust Department. However, these items were not included in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Balance Sheets of Trust Accounts June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022

Trust Assets	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022 June 30, 2022		Trust Liabilities	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	
Cash in banks Investments Receivables Real estate	\$ 15,238,247 326,758,405 275 8,197,803	\$ 9,431,296 311,318,781 276 7,144,272	\$ 5,768,177 305,895,280 275 5,671,447	Accounts payable on administrative expense Accounts payable on	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 4	
Securities under custody	807,207,643	712,069,347	688,462,780	securities under custody Trust capital	807,207,643	712,069,347	688,462,780	
				Cash Securities Real estate	338,306,267 5,840,939 8,291,257	316,148,363 5,583,576 7,262,073	307,373,398 5,283,640 5,772,450	
				Reserves and accumulated deficit Net income	(7,774,853) 5,531,116	960,828 (2,060,219)	(1,263,585) 169,272	
Total assets	\$ 1,157,402,373	\$ 1,039,963,972	\$ 1,005,797,959	Total liabilities	\$ 1,157,402,373	\$ 1,039,963,972	\$ 1,005,797,959	

Note: Investments of the OBU are included in total trust-related assets. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the amounts of the OBU's investments were \$25,590,987 thousand, \$25,468,930 thousand and \$27,118,407 thousand, respectively.

Trust Property List June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022

	J	une 30, 2023	D	ecember 31, 2022	Jı	ıne 30, 2022	
Cash in E.SUN Bank	\$	15,226,531	\$	9,421,860	\$	5,758,961	
Cash in other banks	*	11,716	•	9,436	,	9,216	
Stocks		21,179,664		22,764,400		17,981,540	
Mutual funds		238,365,929		232,504,986		237,141,564	
Bonds		60,480,866		49,032,754		35,045,839	
Structured products		6,622,564		6,886,924		15,712,337	
Beneficial certificates pending settlement		109,382		129,717		14,000	
Receivables		275		276		275	
Real estate		8,197,803		7,144,272		5,671,447	
Securities under custody		807,207,643		712,069,347		688,462,780	
	\$	1,157,402,373	\$	1,039,963,972	\$	1,005,797,959	

## Statements of Income on Trust Accounts For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

		Months Ended
	2023	2022
Revenues		
Interest	\$ 63,341	\$ 4,608
Cash dividends	5,606,354	5,664,396
Realized capital gain - common stocks	11,372	82
Unrealized capital gain - common stocks	15,149	947
Property gain	2,254,503	1,619,924
Realized capital gain - bonds	1,446,665	1,424,030
Realized capital gain - mutual funds	119,604	224,347
Other revenues	200	8,800
Revenues from beneficial certificates	31,142	25,899
Total revenues	9,548,330	8,973,033
<u>Expenses</u>		
Management fees	156,926	217,121
Supervisor fees	10	_
Service fees	187	705
Property loss	3,767,635	8,399,636
Income tax	3,057	153
Tax expenditures	5,229	5,290
Other expenses	13,730	12,358
Realized capital loss - common stocks	2	13
Realized capital loss - bonds	552	-
Realized capital loss - mutual funds	69,886	154,585
Unrealized capital loss - common stocks		13,900
Total expenses	4,017,214	8,803,761
Net income	\$ 5,531,116	\$ 169,272

b. Nature of trust business operations under the Trust Enterprise Act: Note 1.

#### 48. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

## a. Non-cash financing activities

The cash dividend approved at ESFHC's stockholders' meeting had not yet been distributed as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$2,855,020 thousand and \$8,947,582 thousand, respectively.

# b. Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

# For the six months ended June 30, 2023

							Non-cas	h Changes				
		Opening Balance		ash Inflows (Outflows)	Ne	ew Leases	Adjus (Incl Chang Fair Attribu	Value stments luding les in the Value lutable to les in the lt Risk)		Others	Clo	sing Balance
Short-term												
borrowings	\$	3,140,581	\$	(1,834,366)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,047	\$	1,314,262
Commercial paper		1 720 402		2 200 000						(2.104)		4 1 1 7 2 0 0
issued		1,739,403		2,380,000		-		-		(2,194)		4,117,209
Bonds payable Long-term		43,850,000		400,000		-		-		-		44,250,000
borrowings		359,910		(4,368)		_				4,931		360,473
Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss -		337,710		(4,300)						٦,/31		300,473
bank debentures		37,805,089		-		-	1.	,268,251		1,933,426		41,006,766
Guarantee deposits												
received		7,187,919		(4,697,328)		-		-		-		2,490,591
Lease liabilities	_	4,303,812	_	(602,709)		293,908			_	(20,811)	_	3,974,200
	\$	98,386,714	\$	(4,358,771)	\$	293,908	<u>\$ 1</u>	268,251	\$	1,923,399	\$	97,513,501

# For the six months ended June 30, 2022

		Opening Balance	-	ash Inflows Outflows)	Ne	w Leases	Fa Ad (I Cha Fa Attr Cha	ash Changes air Value justments ncluding nges in the air Value ibutable to nges in the edit Risk)		Others	Clo	sing Balance
Due to the Central												
Bank and other banks	\$	14,021,010	e.	(14,021,010)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Short-term	Ф	14,021,010	Ф	(14,021,010)	Ф	-	Э	-	Ф	-	Ф	-
borrowings		623,780		653,167		_		_		_		1,276,947
Commercial paper		023,700		055,107								1,270,717
issued		4,788,871		(970,000)		_		-		(491)		3,818,380
Bonds payable		41,370,000		(520,000)		-		-		` -		40,850,000
Long-term												
borrowings		335,037		(6,724)		-		-		24,152		352,465
Financial liabilities												
designated as at												
fair value through profit or loss -												
bank debentures		47,449,715		_		_		(5,947,873)		4,474,857		45,976,699
Guarantee deposits		47,442,713						(3,747,673)		7,77,037		43,770,077
received		1,938,732		9,944,997		_		_		_		11,883,729
Lease liabilities		3,998,061		(558,597)		532,091				(15,921)		3,955,634
	\$	114,525,206	\$	(5,478,167)	\$	532,091	\$	(5,947,873)	\$	4,482,597	\$	108,113,854

# 49. ESFHC'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS AND STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME OF SUBSIDIARIES

Please refer to Table 5 (attached).

#### 50. BUSINESS SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Please refer to Table 6 (attached).

# 51. DISCLOSURE REQUIRED UNDER ARTICLE 46 OF THE FINANCIAL HOLDING COMPANY ACT

Please refer to Table 15 (attached).

#### 52. E.SUN SECURITIES' FINANCIAL RATIOS OF FUTURES BUSINESS

The financial ratios of E.SUN Securities were in compliance with the requirements of the Regulations Governing Futures Commission Merchants. Please refer to Table 17 (attached).

#### 53. FUTURES BROKERAGE AND DEALING BUSINESS RISK

#### a. Futures brokerage business

Customers have to deposit an initial margin at a percentage of the amount of transaction when entering into futures contracts with the futures department of E.SUN Securities. Customers' gains or losses result from the leverage on the margin deposits. For the protection of E.SUN Securities from harm arising from customers' huge losses, the margin accounts of customers are reevaluated daily on the basis of the market prices of the outstanding futures contracts. When the customers' margin accounts fall below an agreed level (the maintenance margin), E.SUN Securities will ask its customers to deposit additional margins immediately. If the customers fail to do so, E.SUN Securities settles their position by making offsets against their contracts.

#### b. Futures dealing business

E.SUN Securities has to deposit an initial margin at a percentage of the amount of transaction when dealing with futures contracts. In addition, E.SUN Securities has to deposit an initial margin at a percentage of the amount of transaction when dealing with put option contracts. E.SUN Securities reevaluates daily the margin accounts on the basis of the market prices of the outstanding futures and option contracts. When the margin accounts fall below an agreed level (the maintenance margin), E.SUN Securities will deposit additional margins immediately or settle its position by making offsets against its contracts.

#### 54. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

Following are additional disclosures for ESFHC and its investees:

- a. Significant transactions and b. investees:
  - 1) Financing provided: ESFHC, E.SUN Bank, UCB and ESBC not applicable; investee none.
  - 2) Endorsement/guarantee provided: ESFHC, E.SUN Bank, UCB and ESBC not applicable; investee none.
  - 3) Marketable securities held: ESFHC, E.SUN Bank, UCB, ESBC and E.SUN Securities not applicable; investee: Table 7 (attached).
  - 4) Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital (ESFHC, E.SUN Bank, UCB and ESBC disclosed its investments acquired or disposed of): E.SUN Securities not applicable; ESFHC and investee: Table 8 (attached).
  - 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital: Table 9 (attached).
  - 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital: None.
  - 7) Financial asset securitization: None.
  - 8) Allowance of service fees to related parties amounting to at least NT\$5 million: Table 10 (attached).
  - 9) Sale of nonperforming loans by subsidiaries: None.
  - 10) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital: Table 11 (attached).
  - 11) Related information and proportionate share in investees: Table 16 (attached).
  - 12) Derivative transactions: Notes 8 and 43 to the consolidated financial statements.
  - 13) Other significant transactions that may affect the decisions of users of financial reports: None.
- c. Investment in mainland China:

The information on major operating items, paid-in capital, methods of investment, investment inflows and outflows, proportion of stockholdings, investment income or loss, book value at period-end, the remitted investment profits and the limit on the amount of investment in mainland China is shown in Table 12 (attached).

- d. Business relationship and significant transactions among the parent company and subsidiaries: Table 13 (attached).
- e. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholders, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder: Table 18 (attached).

#### 55. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The information reported to the Company's chief operating decision makers for the assessment of segment performance focuses mainly on operation and profitability. The Company's reportable segments are as follows:

- a. Corporate banking unit, which handles corporate loans, foreign exchange business, and financial banking operations, etc.;
- b. Individual banking unit, which handles residential mortgage, unsecured personal loans (UPLs), wealth management, and credit cards;
- c. Overseas branches and subsidiaries, including overseas branches and subsidiaries' business; and
- d. Others, including other performance units except for the above operating segments.

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Company's accounting policies described in Note 4. Segment profit is measured at income before income tax, and this measure is reported to the chief operating decision makers for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance. The terms of transactions between segments are similar to those for third parties.

The revenues, expenses and related information of the Company's reportable segments were as follows:

(In Millions of New Taiwan Dollars)

		For the Six I	<b>Months Ended Ju</b>	ine 30, 2023	
	Corporate Banking Unit	Individual Banking Unit	Overseas Branches and Subsidiaries	Others	Total
Net interest revenues (expenses)	<u>\$ 15,926</u>	<u>\$ 13,636</u>	<u>\$ 4,848</u>	<u>\$ (20,415)</u>	<u>\$ 13,995</u>
Total net revenues (expenses) Reversal of (provision for) bad-debt expenses and reversal of (provision for) losses on commitments and	\$ 11,235	\$ 21,627	\$ 5,816	\$ (7,374)	\$ 31,304
guarantees Operating expenses	(74) (2,917)	(573) (10,946)	9 (1,477)	216 (2,292)	(422) (17,632)
Income (loss) before income tax	\$ 8,244	<u>\$ 10,108</u>	<u>\$ 4,348</u>	<u>\$ (9,450)</u>	<u>\$ 13,250</u>

For the Six Months	<b>Ended June 30, 2022</b>
--------------------	----------------------------

	Corporate Banking Unit	Individual Banking Unit	Overseas Branches and Subsidiaries	Others	Total
Net interest revenues (expenses)	<u>\$ 5,961</u>	<u>\$ 9,983</u>	<u>\$ 3,135</u>	<u>\$ (3,819)</u>	<u>\$ 15,260</u>
Total net revenues (expenses) Provision for bad-debt expenses and provision for losses	\$ 7,651	\$ 17,387	\$ 3,635	\$ (2,989)	\$ 25,684
on commitments and guarantees Operating expenses	(182) (2,405)	(402) (10,148)	(253) (1,316)	(39) (1,699)	(876) (15,568)
Income (loss) before income tax	\$ 5,064	\$ 6,837	<u>\$ 2,066</u>	<u>\$ (4,727)</u>	\$ 9,240

# E.SUN FINANCIAL HOLDING COMPANY, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES JUNE 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND JUNE 30, 2022

# **Entities Included in the Consolidated Financial Statements**

				Perce			
Investor Company	Investor Company Investee Company Location		Businesses and Products	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	Note
E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	Taipei	Banking	100.00	100.00	100.00	
	E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	Taipei	Underwriting, brokering, dealing securities and operating in brokerage of futures	100.00	100.00	100.00	
	E.SUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Taipei	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	
E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	E.SUN Bank (China), Ltd.	Mainland China	Banking	100.00	100.00	100.00	
	BankPro E-Service Technology Co., Ltd.	Taipei	Information software	61.67	61.67	61.67	
E.SUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	BankPro E-Service Technology Co., Ltd.	Taipei	Information software	2.40	2.40	2.40	
E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	Union Commercial Bank PLC.	Cambodia	Banking	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Union Commercial Bank PLC.	URE Land Holding Co., Ltd.	Cambodia	Real estate leasing and management	90.00	90.00	90.00	Note
E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	E.SUN Securities Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.	Taipei	Security consulting	100.00	100.00	100.00	

Note: Union Commercial Bank PLC. holds a 49% interest in URE Land Holding Co., Ltd. In the Articles of Incorporation of URE Land Holding Co., Ltd., Union Commercial Bank PLC. has power to control the composition of the board of directors and owns at least 90% of economic benefit of URE Land Holding Co., Ltd.; hence, URE Land Holding Co., Ltd. is deemed as a subsidiary of Union Commercial Bank PLC.

# E.SUN FINANCIAL HOLDING COMPANY, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

## Loans

# June 30, 2023

		Highest Balance for		Loan Cla	ssification		Differences in Terms of Transaction from Those for Unrelated Parties	
Туре	Account Volume or Name	the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 (Note)	Ending Balance	Normal Loans	Nonperforming Loans	Collateral		
Consumer loans Self-used residential mortgage Other loans	139 509 Others	\$ 81,830 3,660,328 2,110,939	\$ 67,851 2,855,376 1,473,834	\$ 67,851 2,855,376 1,473,834	-	Land and buildings as collateral for part of the loans Land and buildings Land, buildings, and plant	None None None	

# June 30, 2022

		<b>Highest Balance for</b>	Highest Balance for		ssification		Differences in Terms of	
Туре	Account Volume or Name	the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 (Note)	<b>Ending Balance</b>	Normal Loans	Nonperforming Loans	Collateral	Transaction from Those for Unrelated Parties	
Consumer loans Self-used residential mortgage Other loans	100 401 Others	\$ 33,669 2,801,292 1,213,444	\$ 26,459 2,434,364 1,031,903	\$ 26,459 2,434,364 1,031,903	-	Land and buildings as collateral for part of the loans Land and buildings Land, buildings, and plant	None None None	

Note: The sum of the respective highest balances of each account for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

# E.SUN COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# INFORMATION ON FOREIGN-CURRENCY FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES WITH SIGNIFICANT EFFECT JUNE 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND JUNE 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

		June 30, 2023			<b>December 31, 2022</b>			June 30, 2022	
	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	New Taiwan Dollars	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	New Taiwan Dollars	Foreign Currencies	<b>Exchange Rate</b>	New Taiwan Dollars
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD	\$ 25,704,638	31.1520	\$ 800,750,883	\$ 24,388,008	30.7240	\$ 749,297,158	\$ 23,113,390	29.7260	\$ 687,068,631
CNY	28,004,910	4.2820	119,917,025	24,748,728	4.4076	109,082,494	23,535,449	4.4409	104,518,575
AUD	6,043,662	20.6220	124,632,398	6,552,826	20.8330	136,515,024	6,340,286	20.4530	129,677,870
Non-monetary items									
USD	997,398	31.1520	31,070,942	1,116,306	30.7240	34,297,386	899,272	29.7260	26,731,759
CNY	324,863	4.2820	1,391,063	78,701	4.4076	346,883	119,930	4.4409	532,597
AUD	6,297	20.6220	129,857	976	20.8330	20,333	4,055	20.4530	82,937
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD	\$ 34,384,460	31.1520	\$ 1,071,144,698	\$ 38,168,195	30.7240	\$ 1,172,679,623	\$ 37,668,334	29.7260	\$ 1,119,728,896
CNY	26,035,599	4.2820	111,484,435	23,148,601	4.4076	102,029,774	24,442,282	4.4409	108,545,730
AUD	2,894,509	20.6220	59,690,565	3,007,740	20.8330	62,660,247	2,957,053	20.4530	60,480,605
Non-monetary items	, ,		, ,	, ,		, ,	, ,		, ,
USD	787,283	31.1520	24,525,440	821,086	30.7240	25,227,046	676,925	29.7260	20,122,273
CNY	118,749	4.2820	508,483	106,458	4.4076	469,224	53,247	4.4409	236,465
AUD	2,467	20.6220	50,874	8,431	20.8330	175,643	2,217	20.4530	45,344

## E.SUN COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.

# ASSET QUALITY - NONPERFORMING LOANS AND RECEIVABLES

JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

Period		June 30, 2023					June 30, 2022					
Items		Nonperforming Loans (Note 1)	Loans	Ratio of Nonperforming Loans (Note 2)	Allowance for Possible Losses	Coverage Ratio (Note 3)	Nonperforming Loans (Note 1)	Loans	Ratio of Nonperforming Loans (Note 2)	Allowance for Possible Losses	Coverage Ratio (Note 3)	
Corporate banking	Secured		\$ 1,590,005	\$ 470,422,671	0.34	\$ 5,415,897	340.62	\$ 1,047,569	\$ 449,976,911	0.23	\$ 5,066,012	483.60
Corporate banking	Unsecured		292,074	473,843,867	0.06	5,093,097	1,743.77	706,584	452,857,788	0.16	Ratio of onperforming coans (Note 2)         Allowance for Possible Losses         Coans (Note 2)           0.23         \$ 5,066,012           0.16         5,205,526           0.05         7,611,364           -         12           0.59         1,714,551           0.08         2,881,179           0.01         30,226           0.16         22,508,870           Ratio of onperforming Receivables (Note 2)         Allowance for Possible Losses (Note 2)           0.15         842,808           -         172,367           4,706           17,784           1,224,470	736.72
	Residential mortga	age (Note 4)	227,134	538,842,316	0.04	7,864,084	3,462.31	247,004	521,172,442	0.05	7,611,364	3,081.47
Consumer banking	Cash card		-	622	-	11	-	-	767	-	12	-
	Small-scale credit	loans (Note 5)	1,070,522	123,506,618	0.87	1,634,216	152.66	809,299	137,654,723	0.59	1,714,551	211.86
	Other (Note 6)	Secured	194,628	321,377,077	0.06	3,267,320	1,678.75	215,640	280,013,646	0.08	2,881,179	1,336.11
		Unsecured	-	2,537,562	-	27,681	-	214	2,807,592	0.01	30,226	14,124.30
Loan		3,374,363	1,930,530,733	0.17	23,302,306	690.57	3,026,310	1,844,483,869	0.16	22,508,870	743.77	
		Nonperforming Receivables (Note 1)	Receivables	Ratio of Nonperforming Receivables (Note 2)	Allowance for Possible Losses	Coverage Ratio (Note 3)	Nonperforming Receivables (Note 1)	Receivables	Nonperforming Receivables		Coverage Ratio (Note 3)	
Credit cards			168,883	118,502,651	0.14	799,987	473.69	117,067	76,174,545	0.15	842,808	719.94
Accounts receivable factored	without recourse (No	te 7)	-	8,209,291	-	107,605	-	-	13,681,145	-	172,367	-
Amounts of executed contrac nonperforming loans (Note		not reported as			3,11	10		4,706				
Amounts of executed contracts on negotiated debts not reported as nonperforming receivables (Note 8)		13,140				17,784						
Amounts of executed debt-restructuring projects not reported as nonperforming loans (Note 9)		1,248,531				1,224,470						
Amounts of executed debt-restructuring projects not reported as nonperforming receivables (Note 9)		1,525,661				1,613,287						

- Note 1: Nonperforming loans are reported to the authorities and disclosed to the public, as required by the "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Nonperforming/Non-accrued Loans." Nonperforming receivables are reported to the authorities and disclosed to the public, as required by the Banking Bureau's letter dated July 6, 2005 (Ref. No. 0944000378).
- Note 2: Ratio of nonperforming loans: Nonperforming loans ÷ Outstanding loans balance.
  Ratio of nonperforming receivables: Nonperforming receivables ÷ Outstanding receivables balance.
- Note 3: Coverage ratio of loans: Allowance for possible losses for loans ÷ Nonperforming loans.

  Coverage ratio of receivables: Allowance for possible losses for receivables ÷ Nonperforming receivables.
- Note 4: The mortgage loan is for house purchase or renovation and is fully secured by housing that is purchased (owned) by the borrower, the spouse or the minor children of the borrowers.
- Note 5: Based on the Banking Bureau's letter dated December 19, 2005 (Ref. No. 09440010950), small-scale credit loans are unsecured, involve small amounts and exclude credit cards and cash cards.
- Note 6: Other consumers' banking loans refer to secured or unsecured loans that exclude residential mortgage, cash cards, credit cards and small-scale credit loans.
- Note 7: As required by the Banking Bureau in its letter dated July 19, 2005 (Ref. No. 0945000494), accounts receivable factored without recourse are reported as nonperforming receivables within six months after the factors or insurance companies refuse to indemnify banks for any liabilities on these accounts.
- Note 8: Amounts of executed contracts on negotiated debts that are not reported as nonperforming loans or receivables are reported in accordance with the Banking Bureau's letter dated April 25, 2006 (Ref. No. 09510001270).
- Note 9: Amounts of executed debt-restructuring projects not reported as nonperforming loans or receivables are disclosed to the public in accordance with the Banking Bureau's letter dated September 15, 2008 (Ref. No. 09700318940) and September 20, 2016 (Ref. No. 10500134790).

# E.SUN FINANCIAL HOLDING COMPANY, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# ESFHC'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS AND STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME OF SUBSIDIARIES JUNE 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND JUNE 30, 2022

# 1. ESFHC's financial statements

# E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.

# Balance Sheets (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		December 31,				December 31,	
Assets	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022	Liabilities and Equity	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ 2,340,360	\$ 441,727 126,149	\$ 8,030,158 138,612	Payables Current tax liabilities Corporate bonds payable	\$ 3,361,458 2,154,153 6,000,000	\$ 661,396 1,451,027 6,000,000	\$ 9,380,716 2,184,638 6,000,000
Receivables Current tax assets Investments under the equity method	833,490 1,900,558 228,813,631	80,203 1,351,872 203,005,975	1,595,779 1,869,778 189,447,865	Lease liabilities Other financial liabilities Total liabilities	149,815 62 11,665,488	150,813 62 8,263,298	152,674 
Property and equipment, net Right-of-use assets Intangible assets	1,703 144,763 1,842	2,680 146,277 2,492	3,920 148,655 3,142	Equity Capital stock	156,640,000	142,751,000	142,751,000
Deferred tax assets Other assets	3,526 57,347	7,202 24,997	6,763 45,203	Capital surplus Retained earnings Other equity Total equity	34,800,497 35,552,088 (4,439,666) 222,552,919	26,070,164 33,472,219 (5,367,107) 196,926,276	26,070,164 25,468,643 (10,717,960) 183,571,847
Total	<u>\$ 234,218,407</u>	\$ 205,189,574	<u>\$ 201,289,875</u>	Total	<u>\$ 234,218,407</u>	\$ 205,189,574	\$ 201,289,875 (Continued)

# E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.

# Statements of Comprehensive Income (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Three I		For the Six Months Ended June 30			
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Revenues and gains Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for using						
equity method	\$ 4,594,667	\$ 2,848,420	\$ 10,720,423	\$ 7,258,062		
Other revenues and gains	36,269	18,757	51,911	16,188		
Total revenues and gains	4,630,936	2,867,177	10,772,334	7,274,250		
Expenses and losses		,,				
Operating expenses	94,038	62,536	167,110	148,370		
Other expenses and losses	12,597	12,613	25,066	25,727		
Total expenses and losses	106,635	75,149	192,176	174,097		
Income before income tax	4,524,301	2,792,028	10,580,158	7,100,153		
Income tax expense	(23,579)	(32,623)	(37,245)	(15,481)		
Net income for the period	4,500,722	2,759,405	10,542,913	7,084,672		
Other comprehensive income	, ,		, ,	, ,		
(loss)	(259,684)	(6,533,606)	1,031,556	(9,404,082)		
Total comprehensive income						
(loss)	<u>\$ 4,241,038</u>	<u>\$ (3,774,201)</u>	<u>\$ 11,574,469</u>	\$ (2,319,410)		
Earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars; retrospectively adjusted for the effects of the stock dividends distributed)						
Basic	\$0.29	\$0.19	\$0.70	\$0.48		
Diluted	<u>\$0.29</u>	<u>\$0.19</u>	<u>\$0.70</u>	\$0.48 (Continued)		

#### E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.

### Statements of Changes in Equity (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Other Equity

									Other Equity		
-	Shares (In Thousands)	Capital Stock  Common Stock	Reserve for Capitalization	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Retained Earnings  Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Exchange Differences on the Translation of Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	Changes in the Fair Value Attributable to Changes in the Credit Risk of Financial Liabilities Designated as at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2023	14,275,100	\$ 142,751,000	s -	\$ 26,070,164	\$ 16,897,898	\$ 1,238,321	\$ 15,336,000	\$ (385,903)	\$ (10,775,505)	\$ 5,794,301	\$ 196,926,276
,	11,273,100	\$ 112,751,000	Ψ	\$ 20,070,101	\$ 10,007,000	Ψ 1,230,321	Ψ 13,330,000	\$ (303,703)	\$ (10,773,303)	\$ 3,771,301	\$\psi\$ 190,920,270
Appropriation of 2022 earnings					1,532,804		(1.522.904)				
Legal reserve Special reserve	-	-	-	-	1,332,604	4,293,021	(1,532,804) (4,293,021)	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	4,293,021	(2,855,021)	-	-	-	(2,855,020)
Stock dividends	_	-	5,710,000	_	-	-	(5,710,000)	-		-	(2,633,020)
Stock dividends	-	-	5,710,000	-	-	-	(5,710,000)	-	-	-	-
Issuance of shares for cash	800,000	8,000,000	-	8,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,000,000
Issuance of common stock from employees' compensation	-	-	179,000	275,660	-	-	-	-	-	-	454,660
Share-based payment for the subscription of new shares by											
employees	-	-	-	454,673	-	-	(2,139)	-	-	-	452,534
Disposals of investments in equity instruments at fair value through											
other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	104,115	-	(104,115)	-	-
Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,542,913	-	-	-	10,542,913
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2023, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	(80,139)	3,040,396	(1,928,701)	1,031,556
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended											
June 30, 2023	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	10,542,913	(80,139)	3,040,396	(1,928,701)	11,574,469
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2023	15,075,100	<u>\$ 150,751,000</u>	\$ 5,889,000	<u>\$ 34,800,497</u>	<u>\$ 18,430,702</u>	<u>\$ 5,531,342</u>	<u>\$ 11,590,044</u>	<u>\$ (466,042)</u>	<u>\$ (7,839,224)</u>	\$ 3,865,600	<u>\$ 222,552,919</u>
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2022	13,354,600	\$ 133,546,000	\$ -	\$ 25,662,214	\$ 14,784,546	\$ 164,235	\$ 21,142,980	\$ (2,721,712)	\$ 2,299,053	\$ (651,427)	\$ 194,225,889
Appropriation of 2021 earnings											
Legal reserve	-	-	-	-	2,113,352	-	(2,113,352)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	_	-	_	-	· · ·	1,074,086	(1,074,086)	-	_	-	-
Cash dividends	_	-	_	-	_		(8,947,582)	-	_	-	(8,947,582)
Stock dividends	-	-	9,000,000	-	-	-	(9,000,000)	-	-	-	-
Issuance of common stock from employees' compensation	-	-	205,000	407,950	-	-	-	-	-	-	612,950
Disposals of investments in equity instruments at fair value through											
other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	239,792	-	(239,792)	-	-
Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2022							7 094 672				7 094 672
Not income for the six months ended Julie 30, 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,084,672	-	-	-	7,084,672
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2022, net of income tax	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	1,518,867	(10,852,957)	(69,992)	(9,404,082)
Total communicación in como (log-) for the sir results and 1											
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2022							7 004 672	1 510 047	(10.952.057)	(60,002)	(2 210 410)
June 30, 2022	<del></del>	<del>-</del>	<del></del>	<del></del>		<del></del>	7,084,672	1,518,867	(10,852,957)	(69,992)	(2,319,410)
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2022	13,354,600	\$ 133,546,000	\$ 9,205,000	\$ 26,070,164	\$ 16,897,898	\$ 1,238,321	\$ 7,332,424	<u>\$ (1,202,845)</u>	\$ (8,793,696)	<u>\$ (721,419)</u>	\$ 183,571,847
ELECTRICOLD SO, EVE	<u> 13,337,000</u>	<u>ψ 100,000</u>	<u>w 7,202,000</u>	<u>Ψ 20,070,10τ</u>	<u>y 10,071,070</u>	<u>Ψ 1,220,221</u>	<u>w 1,552,747</u>	<u>ψ (1,202,0π3)</u>	<u>w (0,775,070</u> )	<u>Ψ (/21,71/</u> )	(Continued)

### E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.

### Statements of Cash Flows (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	ix Months Ended June 30
2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities	
Income before income tax \$ 10,580,15	8 \$ 7,100,153
Adjustments for:	, , ,
Depreciation and amortization expenses 4,03	7 4,352
Interest expense 25,06	
Interest revenue (8,64	-
Salary expenses on share-based payments 10,95	
Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	,
accounted for using equity method (10,720,42)	3) (7,258,062)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities	(,, , , , , ,
Receivables (43,08	7) (14,770)
Other financial assets	- 1,100,000
Other assets (32,32	
Payables 4,56	
Cash generated from (used in) operating activities (179,69	
Interest received 8,64	
Dividend received	- 7,172,933
Interest paid (48,00	
Income tax refund 120,87	, , , , ,
Net cash generated from (used in) operating activities (98,18)	
Cash flows from investing activities	
Acquisition of equity-method investments (14,000,00	0) -
Payments for properties and equipment (3)	·
Increase in refundable deposits (2	
Net cash used in investing activities $\frac{14,000,05}{}$	
Cash flows from financing activities	
Repayment of corporate bonds	- (1,100,000)
Repayments of the principal portion of lease liabilities (3,12)	5) (3,140)
Proceeds from issuance of shares 16,000,00	
Net cash generated from (used in) financing activities 15,996,87	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,898,63	3 6,998,936
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 441,72	7 1,031,222
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period \$2,340,36	0 \$ 8,030,158
<u>.                                      </u>	(Continued)

### 2. Subsidiaries' condensed balance sheets

### E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.

### Condensed Balance Sheets (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		December 31,				December 31,	
Assets	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022	Liabilities and Equity	June 30, 2023	2022	June 30, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 53,324,575	\$ 73,479,227	\$ 65,922,702	<u>Liabilities</u>			
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	187,849,976	149,959,697	124,249,902				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	290,426,827	355,620,362	380,267,798	Deposits from the Central Bank and other banks	\$ 63,092,242	\$ 67,133,658	\$ 66,625,419
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive				Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	89,957,945	89,101,408	94,007,758
income	341,931,240	326,925,713	325,287,591	Securities sold under repurchase agreements	14,751,422	12,280,579	11,434,233
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	440,829,468	398,051,472	350,274,820	Payables	26,584,000	28,492,271	31,461,786
Hedging financial assets - net	10,603	-	-	Current tax liabilities	2,469,971	1,436,013	1,891,781
Securities purchased under resell agreements	10,954,787	7,881,831	1,684,169	Deposits and remittances	2,898,385,299	2,851,621,558	2,736,213,463
Receivables, net	141,278,356	114,100,019	101,670,584	Bank debentures	38,250,000	37,850,000	34,850,000
Current tax assets	46,367	9,544	125,336	Other financial liabilities	93,424,796	90,837,889	84,581,597
Discounts and loans, net	1,907,241,284	1,878,924,693	1,822,042,630	Provisions	980,250	1,083,412	1,080,782
Investments under the equity method, net	15,094,525	15,008,986	14,551,277	Lease liabilities	3,412,925	3,720,012	3,382,421
Other financial assets, net	2,619,200	1,372,280	4,490,900	Deferred tax liabilities	1,918,950	1,851,346	1,353,503
Properties and equipment, net	31,772,851	31,648,604	31,030,472	Other liabilities	3,911,041	3,500,684	3,241,548
Right-of-use assets, net	6,261,860	6,585,747	6,297,207	Total liabilities	3,237,138,841	3,188,908,830	3,070,124,291
Investment properties, net	650,004	572,777	575,135				
Intangible assets, net	4,944,124	4,779,939	4,822,619	<u>Equity</u>			
Deferred tax assets	3,098,835	3,125,750	2,959,400				
Other assets, net	15,288,652	12,231,839	11,759,437	Capital stock	117,072,000	103,637,000	103,637,000
				Capital surplus	34,550,800	27,412,151	27,182,363
				Retained earnings	69,219,009	65,422,036	57,539,603
				Other equity	(4,357,116)	(5,101,537)	(10,471,278)
				Total equity	216,484,693	191,369,650	177,887,688
Total	\$ 3,453,623,534	\$ 3,380,278,480	\$ 3,248,011,979	Total	\$ 3,453,623,534	\$ 3,380,278,480	\$ 3,248,011,979
							(Continued)

### E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.

### Condensed Balance Sheets (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Assets	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	Liabilities and Equity	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Current assets	\$ 16,515,222	\$ 13,628,049	\$ 17,588,492	<u>Liabilities</u>			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,034,773	448,707	607,188				
Financial assets at fair value through other				Current liabilities	\$ 14,292,022	\$ 10,928,187	\$ 15,210,917
comprehensive income	1,800,914	1,643,797	1,659,368	Noncurrent liabilities	82,527	99,691	110,154
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	636,290	759,186	536,290	Total liabilities	14,374,549	11,027,878	15,321,071
Investments under the equity method	60,175	59,494	60,629				
Properties and equipment	349,346	354,316	325,673	<u>Equity</u>			
Right-of-use assets	135,044	154,290	175,748				
Investment properties	19,042	19,218	19,394	Capital stock	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Intangible assets	22,556	27,357	26,548	Capital surplus	146,332	125,386	125,627
Deferred tax assets	26,688	30,273	31,691	Retained earnings	2,631,270	2,684,290	2,231,119
Other noncurrent assets	649,119	651,773	637,211	Other equity	97,018	<u>(61,094)</u>	(9,585)
				Total equity	6,874,620	6,748,582	6,347,161
Total	<u>\$ 21,249,169</u>	<u>\$ 17,776,460</u>	\$ 21,668,232	Total	<u>\$ 21,249,169</u>	<u>\$ 17,776,460</u>	\$ 21,668,232
			E.SUN Venture	Capital Co., Ltd.			
				Balance Sheets New Taiwan Dollars)			
			(				
Assets	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	Liabilities and Equity	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 420,472 4,967,677	\$ 464,656 4,353,344	\$ 840,263 4,624,356	<u>Liabilities</u>			
Financial assets at fair value through other	4,707,077	4,555,544	4,024,330	Current liabilities	\$ 59,252	\$ 63,529	\$ 329,379
comprehensive income	145,214	134,972	150,348	Noncurrent liabilities	54,893	37,743	106,925
Properties and equipment	1,767	1,940	128	Total liabilities	114,145	101,272	436,304
Right-of-use assets	21,275	21,621	21,969				
Intangible assets	750	1,500	2,250	<u>Equity</u>			
Deferred tax assets	381	358	361	<del>- • •</del>			
Other noncurrent assets	232	232	232	Capital stock	4,500,000	4,500,000	4,500,000
				Capital surplus	82,895	81,719	81,684
				c up tun curp tuc		01,717	,
				Retained earnings	1,142,852	608,771	979,683
				Retained earnings Other equity	1,142,852 (282,124)	608,771 (313,139)	979,683 (357,764)
				Retained earnings	1,142,852	608,771	979,683

### 3. Subsidiaries' condensed statements of comprehensive income

### E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.

### Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Six M June	
Items	2023	2022
Interest revenue	\$ 37,966,000	\$ 19,777,270
Less: Interest expense	(24,901,031)	(5,775,741)
Net interest	13,064,969	14,001,529
Net revenues and gains other than interest	15,271,880	8,831,215
Total net revenues	28,336,849	22,832,744
Provision for bad-debt expenses and provision for losses on		
commitments and guarantees	(387,426)	(818,296)
Operating expenses	(15,988,373)	(13,989,984)
Income before income tax	11,961,050	8,024,464
Income tax expense	(2,452,141)	(1,723,215)
Net income for the period	9,508,909	6,301,249
Other comprehensive income (loss)	867,485	(9,391,397)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 10,376,394	\$ (3,090,148)
Earnings per share (retrospectively adjusted for the effects of the stock dividends distributed)		
Basic	<u>\$ 0.86</u>	<u>\$ 0.58</u>
		(Continued)

### E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.

### Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Six M	
	June	e 30
Items	2023	2022
Income	\$ 1,538,640	\$ 1,533,221
Service charge	(93,520)	(108,008)
Employee benefit expenses	(474,490)	(461,383)
Share of profit of subsidiaries accounted for using equity method	687	1,831
Operating expenses	(331,147)	(341,540)
Other profits and losses	74,778	69,388
Income before income tax	714,948	693,509
Income tax expense	(102,768)	(131,406)
Net income for the period	612,180	562,103
Other comprehensive income	158,112	1,087
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 770,292</u>	\$ 563,190
Earnings per share		
Basic	<u>\$ 1.53</u>	<u>\$ 1.41</u>

### E.SUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd.

### Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Six M Jun	
Items	2023	2022
Operating revenue	\$ 630,311	\$ 514,890
Operating expenses	<u>(19,282</u> )	<u>(8,690</u> )
Operating income	611,029	506,200
Non-operating income and expenses	4,284	4,620
Income before income tax	615,313	510,820
Income tax expense	(17,281)	(117,657)
Net income for the period	598,032	393,163
Other comprehensive income	12,066	11,346
Total comprehensive income	\$ 610,098	\$ 404,509
Earnings per share (retrospectively adjusted for the effects of the stock dividends distributed)		
Basic	<u>\$ 1.33</u>	<u>\$ 0.87</u>
		(Concluded)

### BUSINESS SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

### For the six months ended June 30, 2023

Business Segment Items	Banking	Securities	Others	Consolidated
Net interest revenues (expenses)	\$ 13,849,228	\$ 169,730	\$ (23,613)	\$ 13,995,345
Net revenues and gains other than interest	15,422,459	1,254,687	631,806	17,308,952
Total net revenues	29,271,687	1,424,417	608,193	31,304,297
Reversal of (provision for) bad-debt				
expenses and reversal of (provision for)				
losses on commitments and guarantees	(423,188)	804	-	(422,384)
Operating expenses	(16,659,208)	(786,426)	(186,225)	(17,631,859)
Income before income tax	12,189,291	638,795	421,968	13,250,054
Income tax expense	(2,542,767)	(102,768)	(54,650)	(2,700,185)
Net income	9,646,524	536,027	367,318	10,549,869

### For the six months ended June 30, 2022

Business Segment Items	Banking	Securities	Others	Consolidated
Net interest revenues (expenses)	\$ 15,054,186	\$ 230,551	\$ (24,557)	\$ 15,260,180
Net revenues and gains other than interest	8,731,833	1,173,910	517,836	10,423,579
Total net revenues	23,786,019	1,404,461	493,279	25,683,759
Reversal of (provision for) bad-debt				
expenses and reversal of (provision for)				
losses on commitments and guarantees	(877,411)	1,867	-	(875,544)
Operating expenses	(14,621,218)	(783,476)	(163,024)	(15,567,718)
Income before income tax	8,287,390	622,852	330,255	9,240,497
Income tax expense	(1,880,507)	(131,406)	(133,539)	(2,145,452)
Net income	6,406,883	491,446	196,716	7,095,045

## MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Marketable Securities Type and Issuer/Name	Relationship		June 30, 2023				
Holding Company Name		with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares (Thousands)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Not
SSUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Stock							
Serv ventare capitar co., Etc.	Eurocharm Holdings Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	199	\$ 37,213	0.30	\$ 37,213	
	World known MFG (Cayman) Limited	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,443	93,074	4.26	93,074	
	Brighten Optix Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	90	20,970	0.37	20,970	
	OBI Pharma, Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	108	10,462	0.05	10,462	
	Evergreen Aviation Technologies Corp.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	550	61,600	0.15	61,600	
	AMPACS Corporation	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	195	13,681	0.13	13,681	
	Turvo International Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	540	59,400	0.90	59,400	
	MOSA Industrial Corporation	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,910	58,921	0.94	58,921	
	Chien Shing Harbour Service Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	570	25,992	0.65	25,992	
	Uniflex Technology Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	348	2,253	0.22	2,253	
	Tanvex BioPharma Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	455	34,199	0.17	34,199	
	Xu Yuan Packing Technology Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	210	3,140	0.38	3,140	
	Kham Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	399	24,078	1.33	24,078	
	MSSCORPS Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,260	215,460	2.69	215,460	
	TaiMed Biologics Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	424	44,944	0.17	44,944	
	Ledlink Optics, Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	90	2,079	0.19	2,079	
	Oneness Biotech Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	193	41,626	0.05	41,626	
	TBI Motion Technology Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	354	14,178	0.37	14,178	
	Fusheng Precision Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	345	76,245	0.26	76,245	
	Amulaire Thermal Technology, Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	103	3,671	0.11	3,671	
	ShengHua Entertainment Communication Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	195	870	0.33	870	
	APEX DYNAMICS, INC.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	258	57,276	0.33	57,276	
	Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	183	30,098	0.32	30,098	
	VisEra Technologies Company Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	200	52,200	0.13	52,200	
	Evergreen Steel Corp.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	700	46,900	0.00	46,900	
	Green World FinTech Service Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10	5,361	0.17	5,361	
	Gogoro Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,250	124,258	0.51	124,258	
	Jason's Entertainment Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	249	10,615	1.56	10,615	
	Epoch Chemtronics Corp.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,889	120,531	5.55	120,531	
	Perfect Medical Industry Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	516	9,273	1.13	9,273	
	Wieson Technologies Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	445	5,398	0.67	5,398	
	Mutual-Tek Industries Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	600	7,350	0.67	7,350	
	3D Global Biotech Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,668	46,170	3.00	46,170	
	Taiwan Advanced Nanotech Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	829	44,608	2.71	44,608	
	Prince Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	477	18,087	1.32	18,087	
	Vetnostrum Animal Health Co., Ltd	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		72,680	3.02	72,680	
	Vizionfocus Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,000	,			
	VIZIOINOCUS INC.	-	rmaneral assets at rair value inrough profit of loss	3,500	681,100	6.73	681,100	

		Relationship		June 30, 2023				
Holding Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Issuer/Name	with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares (Thousands)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership	Market Value or Net Asset Value	No
	CHO Pharma Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	140	\$ 12,093	0.08	\$ 12,093	
	Brim Biotechnology, Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	680	55,162	0.73	55,162	
	Vactronics Technologies Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,652	137,628	2.75	137,628	
	Win Win Precision Technology Co., Ltd	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,336	100,475	2.42	100,475	
	GREAT GIANT FIBRE GARMENT CO., LTD.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	784	72,143	1.30	72,143	
	Twoway Communications Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	460	17,926	0.56	17,926	
	ALLIANCE MATERIAL CO., LTD.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	300	5,166	1.10	5,166	
			Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	591	35,962	2.36	35,962	
	Natural Polymer International Corporation VPON Ltd.	-		1	33,902	0.98	33,902	
		-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,186	10 176	3.05	10 176	
	TRANSOUND Electronics Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,200	10,176		10,176	
	BioResource International, Inc. (preferred stock)	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	815	27,564	6.15	27,564	
	AMARYLLO INC.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	290	1,345	1.98	1,345	
	IKALA Global Online Corp.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	18,040	35,173	1.52	35,173	
	Acepodia, Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	25,065	422,234	4.43	422,234	
	Arrowspan Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	264	-	1.36	-	
	Ansun Biopharma, Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	673	18,936	0.18	18,936	
	Winking Studios Limited	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	788	45,041	4.52	45,041	
	Vpon Holding Inc.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	265	22,782	0.81	22,782	
	Xrex Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	353	12,642	1.33	12,642	
	Solidlite Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,867	22,423	13.07	22,423	
	Suntek Precision Corp.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,117	-	2.93	_	
	Exploit Technology Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	42	-	0.51	_	
	King Point Enterprise Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	900	31,708	2.28	31,708	
	Orgchem Technologies Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,220	1,216	2.35	1,216	
	ACHB Enterprise Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	733	60,108	7.82	60,108	
	High Performance Information Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,445	47,471	6.00	47,471	
	Sam Lam Technology Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,700	-	6.07	_	
	Pai Lung Machinery Mill Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	293	_	0.77	_	
	Remotek Corporation	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	506	3,590	0.73	3,590	
	MontJade Engineering Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,000	13,437	4.55	13,437	
	ICP Technology Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	734	11,686	2.35	11,686	
	Robospark Technology Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	670	11,000	2.72	11,000	
	KHL II Venture Capital Co., Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	20	2,168	5.00	2,168	
	KHL IV Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	-			,	2.86	1 ′	
		-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8,128 378	139,645	0.41	139,645	
	Amaran Biotechnology, Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1	5,091		5,091	
	Innovation & Infinity Global Corp.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,724	-	2.75	-	
	Starchips Technology Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	56	-	0.93	-	
	Arclite Optronics Corporation	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	643	-	8.25	-	
	Mesotek Corporation	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	446	-	3.62	-	
	Applied Green Light Taiwan, Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	96	<del>-</del>	2.04	-	
	Air-Bag Packing Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,000	7,492	4.00	7,492	
	Excetek Technologies Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	651	7,510	3.69	7,510	
	Advanced Material Systems Corporation	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,564	40,045	4.64	40,045	
	Auria Solar Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,200	-	0.57	-	
	XPEC Art Center Inc.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	53	363	0.39	363	
	Fashionguide Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	324	8,594	1.93	8,594	
	Tekho Marine Biotech Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,808	3,635	8.97	3,635	1

		Relationship		June 30, 2023				
Holding Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Issuer/Name	with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares (Thousands)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Not
	Tanallan Taahnalaay Co. Ltd		Financial agests at fair value through profit or loss	666	\$ -	8.67	s -	
	Tapollop Technology Co., Ltd. Shih Hsiang Auto Parts Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	500	21,149	2.03	21,149	
	Enterex International Limited	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	453	21,149	0.41	21,149	
	21st Financial Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	417	43,649	0.41	43,649	
		-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1	61,970	4.76	61,970	
	KHL V Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Batom Co., Ltd.	-		6,263	,	1.24	16,987	
	Kee Fresh & Safe Foodtech Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	391 950	16,987 29,162	2.85	1	
		-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		,		29,162	
	Taiwan Silicones Technology Co., Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,880	2,576	9.84	2,576	
	AP Biosciences Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,500	51,240	2.32	51,240	
	9SPlay Entertainment Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	89	388	0.33	388	
	KHL Investment Advisors Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,977	72,241	5.95	72,241	
	Taishan Buffalo Investment Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	92,600	82,672	2.15	82,672	
	Chuan Shih Industrial Co., Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,250	-	5.79	-	
	Tera Xtal Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	206	1.4.2.62	0.11	- 14062	
	Morrison Opto-electronics Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	221	14,263	0.96	14,263	
	Obigen Pharma, Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,500	104,073	2.36	104,073	
	Rock BioMedical, Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11,000	110,000	18.87	110,000	
	AmTrust Capital II Corp.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8,000	77,186	8.00	77,186	
	Innotech Logistics Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,000	35,297	6.00	35,297	
	Caremed Supply Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,418	39,753	6.69	39,753	
	Huimin Environmental Tech Corporation	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,000	34,824	2.84	34,824	
	Mercury Electronic Industrial Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	3,000	49,979	12.18	49,979	
	Gama Pay Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	1,657	9,734	2.07	9,734	
	Crowningtek Inc.	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	365	1,347	9.12	1,347	
	Awin Diamond Technology Corporation	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	1,500	14,260	14.72	14,260	
	OME Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	1,457	34,214	2.30	34,214	
	Danotech Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	1,500	-	3.22	-	
	Procrystal Technology Company Limited	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	3,360	-	2.69	-	
	Biodenta Corporation	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	6	-	0.06	-	
	MCM Stamping Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	600	-	1.90	-	
	Pet Pharm Biotech Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	314	4,413	1.01	4,413	
	Life + Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	854	3,706	6.85	3,706	
	Vision Application Tech Corp.	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	782	-	5.28	-	
	Beyond Innovation Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	1,776	1,261	5.26	1,261	
	Topray Mems Inc.	_	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	975	2,352	2.14	2,352	
	Fuho Technology Co., Ltd.	_	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	389	7,053	1.53	7,053	
	Shanghai Vpon Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	38,615		8.93		
	O'Pay Electronic Payment Co., Ltd.		Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	242	7,705	0.33	7,705	
	Foreign fund							
	Delos Capital Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8,023	185,136	7.63	185,136	
	Delos Capital Fund 2	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7,622	286,561	7.46	286,561	
	Delos Capital Fund 3	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	943	18,704	3.32	18,704	
	Taishan Buffalo No. 3 Biotech Venture Capital	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	56,250	51,137	4.57	51,137	
	Rui Zhan Capital Co., Ltd	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	14,118	14,118	9.09	14,118	

(Concluded)

# MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED OR DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 10% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/In Thousands of Shares, Unless Stated Otherwise)

	Type and Name of	Financial	Financial G		Beginning Balance Acquisition		isition	Disposal				Ending Balance		
Company Name	Marketable Securities	Statement Account	Counterparty	Relationship	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Carrying Amount	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Number of Shares	Amount
E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	Equity-method investments	-	-	10,363,700	\$ 191,377,565	1,343,500 (Note 1)	\$ 27,132,355 (Notes 2 and 3)	-	\$ -	\$ 2,016,496 (Notes 2 and 3)	\$ -	11,707,200	\$ 216,493,424 (Note 3)

Note 1: Consisting of 760,000 thousand shares issuance for cash and 583,500 thousand shares of stock dividends.

Note 2: Consisting of \$14,000,000 thousand due to issuance of shares for cash, \$738,649 thousand due to equity increase in share-based payment, \$9,509,725 thousand as the net gain from equity investments under the equity method and \$867,485 thousand as other comprehensive income from equity investments under the equity method.

Note 3: When preparing the consolidated financial statements, the amount had been eliminated.

# ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE AT COSTS OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 10% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

		Transaction	Transaction	Payment Term/		Nature of	Prior	Transaction of	Related Count	erparty	Price		Other
Name	Property	Date	Amount	Payment Status	Counterparty	Relationship	Owner	Relationship	Transfer Date	Amount	Reference	Purpose of Acquisition	Terms
E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	Construction of new building for the operation in Kaohsiung	2018.11.09 2019.11.28 2023.02.20	\$ 776,370 (Note)	1	Chun Yuan Construction Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	\$ -	Tender	For the operation of the branch of E.SUN Bank	None
	Qingpu branch in Taoyuan	2022.08.19 2022.09.15	500,000	\$150,000 has been paid as of June 30, 2023	Eight Point International Corp.	-	-	-	-	-	Appraisal	For the operation of the branch of E.SUN Bank	None
	Xiaokuaishi branch in Taoyuan	2022.08.19	308,000	\$61,600 has been paid as of June 30, 2023	Yang, Yang and Yang	-	-	-	-	-	Appraisal	For the operation of the branch of E.SUN Bank	None
	Xinzhuang Fuduxin Branch	2023.04.21	323,000	\$323,000 has been paid as of June 30, 2023	Chung Mao Property Development Co., Ltd., Lee	-	-	-	-	-	Appraisal	For the operation of the branch of E.SUN Bank	None

Note: The initial transaction amount was \$707,000 thousand and additional amount of \$38,300 thousand and secondary additional amount \$31,070 thousand.

# ALLOWANCE OF SERVICE FEES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$5 MILLION FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Securities Firms	Counterparty	Nature of Relationship	Total Amounts of Brokerage Service Revenue	Total Allowance of Brokerage Service Revenue	Service Revenue from Related Party	Allowance of Service Revenue for Related Party	Percentage of Service Revenue from Related Party to Total Amounts	Allowance of Service Revenue
E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	Same parent company	\$ 2,134,845	\$ 959,020	\$ 14,384	\$ 5,515	0.67	0.58

# RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 10% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL JUNE 30, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	<b>Ending Balance</b>	Turnover Rate	Ove	rdue	Amount Received in	Allowance for
Company Name	Related I alty	Keiauonsiiip	Eliuling Dalance	Turnover Kate	Amount	Action Taken	Subsequent Period	Bad Debts
E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	Subsidiary	\$ 1,901,144 (Notes 1 and 3)	-	\$ -	-	\$ 54,000	\$ -
E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	781,609 (Notes 2 and 3)	-	-	-	672,282	-

Note 1: The receivables come from remuneration of directors and receivables related to consolidated tax returns from E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Note 2: The receivables come from cash dividends payable, remuneration of directors and receivables related to consolidated tax returns from E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.

Note 3: When preparing the consolidated financial statements, the receivables have been eliminated.

### INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

### a. E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Investment Type	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of	Outflow	ent Flows Inflow	Investment from Taiwan as of	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Income	Carrying Amount as of June 30, 2023	Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings as of June 30, 2023
E.SUN Bank (China), Ltd.	Deposits, loans, import and export, exchange and foreign exchange business	\$ 9,758,742 (Note 1)	Direct	\$ 9,758,742	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,758,742 (Note 1)	100	\$ 129,214	\$ 9,436,680	\$ -

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of June 30, 2023	Investment Amount Approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA	Maximum Investment Allowable (Note 2)
\$9,758,742 (Note 1)	\$9,758,742 (Note 1)	\$130,001,906

### b. E.SUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd.

				Accumulated	Investme	ent Flows	Accumulated					Accumulated
Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Investment Type	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2023	Outflow	Inflow	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of June 30, 2023	Investee Net Income (Loss)	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Income	Carrying Amount as of June 30, 2023	Inward Remittance of Earnings as of June 30, 2023
Transound Electronics (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Innovation, R&D, manufacture and selling in new electronic components, and establish R&D institution	\$ 222,442	Invest in mainland China through the third-party company (Note 3)		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,000	(Note 4)	3.05	\$ -	(Note 5)	\$ -
Shanghai Vpon Ltd.	Data analysis and developing software	199,249	Direct	38,615	-	-	38,615	(Note 4)	8.93	-	\$ -	-
Shanghai Winking Entertainment Ltd.	Computer software development, design, production, transfer of own technology, sale of self-produced products, and to provide after-sales service and related technical consultation	429,062	Invest in mainland China through the third-party company (Note 3)	23,683	-	-	23,683	(Note 4)	4.52	-	(Note 5)	-
Eccogene (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Providing innovative therapeutic solutions to address unmet medical needs globally, discovery and development of translational medicine in metabolic and immune-related diseases	109,924	Invest in mainland China through the third-party company (Note 3)	10,989	-	-	10,989	(Note 4)	0.53	-	(Note 5)	-

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of June 30, 2023	Investment Amount Approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA	Maximum Investment Allowable (Note 7)
\$152,350	\$155,131	\$3,266,173

- Note 1: Translation into New Taiwan dollars at the spot rates on the dates of investment outflow from Taiwan.
- Note 2: Based on the Investment Commission's "Regulation on the Examination of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China," investments are limited to the larger of 60% of E.SUN Bank's net asset value or 60% of E.SUN Bank's consolidated net asset value.
- Note 3: The investments in mainland China through a third-party company
  - a. Invested in Transound Electronics (Dongguan) Co., Ltd. through Transound Electronics Co., Ltd.
  - b. Invested in Shanghai Winking Entertainment Ltd. through Winking Studios Limited.
  - c. Invested in Eccogene (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. through Delos Capital Fund II, LP.
- Note 4: E.SUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd. has no significant influence over the investee and thus has no access to its financial information.
- Note 5: The carrying amount of each investment at the period end was not available from the self-prepared financial statements of the third region company.
- Note 6: E.SUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd. indirectly invested in World Known Precision Industry (Fuzhou) Co., Ltd. through the investment in World Known MFG (Cayman) Limited which has been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange on March 9, 2020; refer to its financial report for the information.
- Note 7: Based on the Investment Commission's "Regulation on the Examination of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China", the investment amount is limited to 60% of E.SUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd.'s net asset value.

(Concluded)

# BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE PARENT COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Description of Transacti	ions (Notes 3 and	5)	
No. (Note 1)	Transaction Company	Counterparty		Financial Statement Account	Amounts	Trading Terms	Transaction Amount/Total Consolidated Net Revenue or Total Consolidated Assets (%)
0	E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	a	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,338,468	Note 4	0.07
1	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	Ъ	Deposits and remittances	2,338,468	Note 4	0.07
0	E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	a	Receivable on consolidated tax returns	1,795,144	Note 4	0.05
1	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	ь	Payable on consolidated tax returns	1,795,144	Note 4	0.05
0	E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	a	Receivable on remuneration of directors	106,000	Note 4	0.00
1	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	ь	Payable on remuneration of directors	106,000	Note 4	0.00
0	E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	a	Receivable on consolidated tax returns	105,050	Note 4	0.00
2	E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	b	Payable on consolidated tax returns	105,050	Note 4	0.00
0	E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	a	Receivable on remuneration of directors and dividends	676,559	Note 4	0.02
2	E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	b	Payable on remuneration of directors and dividends	676,559	Note 4	0.02
1	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	c	Accounts receivable	294,899	Note 4	0.01
2	E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	c	Accounts payable	294,899	Note 4	0.01
2	E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	c	Cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets	587,946	Note 4	0.02
1	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	С	Deposits and remittances	587,946	Note 4	0.02
3	E.SUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	С	Cash and cash equivalents	324,294	Note 4	0.01
1	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	E.SUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	С	Deposits and remittances	324,294	Note 4	0.01
1	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	E.SUN Bank (China), Ltd.	c	Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	8,156,180	Note 4	0.23
4	E.SUN Bank (China), Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	c	Deposits from the Central Bank and other banks	8,156,180	Note 4	0.23

				Description of Transacti	ons (Notes 3 and	5)	
No. (Note 1)	Transaction Company	Counterparty	Transaction Flow (Note 2)	Financial Statement Account	Amounts	Trading Terms	Transaction Amount/Total Consolidated Net Revenue or Total Consolidated Assets (%)
1	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	Union Commercial Bank PLC.	c	Discounts and loans	\$ 4,797,408	Note 4	0.13
5	Union Commercial Bank PLC.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	С	Other financial liabilities	4,797,408	Note 4	0.13
4	E.SUN Bank (China), Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	С	Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	560,736	Note 4	0.02
1	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	E.SUN Bank (China), Ltd.	c	Deposits from the Central Bank and other banks	560,736	Note 4	0.02
1	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	E.SUN Bank (China), Ltd.	С	Interest income	121,867	Note 4	0.39
4	E.SUN Bank (China), Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	С	Interest expense	121,867	Note 4	0.39
1	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	Union Commercial Bank PLC.	С	Interest income	139,278	Note 4	0.44
5	Union Commercial Bank PLC.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	С	Interest expense	139,278	Note 4	0.44

Note 1: The parent company and subsidiaries are numbered as follows:

- a. Parent company: 0.
- b. Subsidiaries are numbered in an order starting from 1.

Note 2: Transaction flows are as follows:

- a. From parent company to subsidiary,
- b. From subsidiary to parent company, and
- c. Between subsidiaries.
- Note 3: For calculating the percentages, asset or liability account is divided by the total consolidated assets and the revenue or expense account is divided by the total consolidated net revenue of the same period.
- Note 4: The terms for the transactions between the transaction companies and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.
- Note 5: Referring to transactions exceeding \$100,000 thousand.

(Concluded)

# CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

1. E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.'s capital adequacy ratio

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %

		June 30, 2023	}		June 30, 2022	2
	Proportion -ate Share	Group's Net Eligible Capital	Group's Statutory Capital Requirement	Proportion -ate Share	Group's Net Eligible Capital	Group's Statutory Capital Requirement
E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.		\$ 222,547,551	\$ 229,972,121		\$ 183,561,942	\$ 191,380,034
E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.	100	279,874,809	188,853,960	100	246,569,035	190,158,153
E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd.	100	5,919,967	1,571,775	100	5,399,863	2,068,934
E.SUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	100	5,443,623	2,778,803	100	5,203,603	2,819,899
Deduction		(244,198,578)	(228,934,818)		(204,854,121)	(189,586,477)
Total		269,587,372	195,241,841		235,880,322	196,840,543
Group capital adequacy ratio		138	.08		119	.83

- Note 1: The above amounts are calculated under the "Regulations Governing the Consolidated Capital Adequacy of Financial Holding Companies."
- Note 2: Group capital adequacy ratio = Group's net eligible capital ÷ Group's statutory capital requirement.
- 2. E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.'s eligible capital

#### **Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars**

Items	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Common stock	\$ 150,751,000	\$ 133,546,000
Capital instruments, which conform to the terms of bank's other Tier 1		
capital	-	-
Other preferred stocks and subordinated debts	-	-
Capital collected in advance	5,889,000	9,205,000
Capital surplus	34,800,497	26,070,164
Legal reserve	18,430,702	16,897,898
Special reserve	5,531,342	1,238,321
Cumulative earnings	11,590,044	7,332,424
Equity adjustments	(4,439,666)	(10,717,960)
Less: Capital deduction	5,368	9,905
Total eligible capital	222,547,551	183,561,942

Note: The above amounts are calculated under the "Regulations Governing the Consolidated Capital Adequacy of Financial Holding Companies."

### 3. E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd.'s capital adequacy ratio

### (Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

		June 30, 2023		
Items		Standalone	Consolidated	
Н	Common equity		\$ 205,134,904	\$ 203,786,226
llig ca	Other Tier 1 capit	al	27,972,199	27,972,199
Eligible capital	Tier 2 capital		46,767,706	47,079,694
<u>al</u> e	Eligible capital	·	279,874,809	278,838,119
		Standardized approach	1,640,614,955	1,665,573,961
×	Credit risk	Internal ratings-based approach	-	-
isk		Securitization	-	-
W	Operational risk	Basic indicator approach	-	-
Risk-weighted		Standardized approach/alternative standardized approach	86,796,463	90,641,113
d a		Advanced measurement approach	-	-
assets	Market risk	Standardized approach	80,721,538	92,517,363
S		Internal model approach	-	-
	Risk-weighted assets		1,808,132,956	1,848,732,437
Capital a	Capital adequacy ratio (%)		15.48	15.08
Ratio of common equity capital to risk-weighted assets (%)		11.35	11.02	
Ratio of	Ratio of Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets (%)		12.89	12.54
Ratio of	leverage (%)		6.44	6.27

		Year	December	r 31, 2022
Items	Items		Standalone	Consolidated
н	Common equity		\$ 179,150,743	\$ 177,847,945
Eligible capital	Other Tier 1 capit	al	27,972,199	27,972,199
jbl pit	Tier 2 capital		47,782,928	48,437,242
<u>al</u>	Eligible capital		254,905,870	254,257,386
		Standardized approach	1,574,982,859	1,627,327,924
R	Credit risk	Internal ratings-based approach	-	-
isk		Securitization	2,214,444	2,214,444
-W	Operational risk  Market risk	Basic indicator approach	-	-
Risk-weighted		Standardized approach/alternative	121,515,048	126,897,558
nte		standardized approach	121,515,040	120,077,330
22		Advanced measurement approach	-	-
assets		Standardized approach	79,983,088	84,941,150
8		Internal model approach	-	-
	Risk-weighted assets		1,778,695,439	1,841,381,076
Capital adequacy ratio (%)		14.33	13.81	
Ratio of common equity capital to risk-weighted assets (%)		10.07	9.66	
Ratio of Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets (%)		11.64	11.18	
Ratio of	leverage (%)	<u> </u>	5.86	5.69

		Year	June 3	0, 2022
Items			Standalone	Consolidated
H	Common equity		\$ 172,222,839	\$ 170,962,939
Eligible capita	Other Tier 1 capit	al	27,972,199	27,972,199
ligible capital	Tier 2 capital		46,373,997	46,952,639
e al	Eligible capital		246,569,035	245,887,777
		Standardized approach	1,585,967,000	1,632,258,352
R	Credit risk	Internal ratings-based approach	-	-
isk		Securitization	2,079,725	2,079,725
W-W	Operational risk	Basic indicator approach	-	-
Risk-weighted		Standardized approach/alternative standardized approach	123,407,213	128,379,838
		Advanced measurement approach	-	-
assets	3.6.11	Standardized approach	99,576,088	106,798,288
ङ	Market risk	Internal model approach	-	-
	Risk-weighted assets		1,811,030,026	1,869,516,203
Capital adequacy ratio (%)		13.61	13.15	
Ratio of common equity capital to risk-weighted assets (%)		9.51	9.14	
	Ratio of Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets (%)		11.05	10.64
Ratio of	leverage (%)		5.78	5.86

Note 1: Eligible capital and risk-weighted assets are calculated under the "Regulations Governing the Capital Adequacy Ratio of Banks" and "Explanation of Methods for Calculating the Eligible Capital and Risk-weighted Assets of Banks".

#### Note 2: Formulas used were as follows:

- a) Eligible capital = Common equity + Other Tier 1 capital + Tier 2 capital.
- b) Risk-weighted assets = Risk-weighted asset for credit risk + Capital requirements for operational risk and market risk x 12.5.
- c) Capital adequacy ratio = Eligible capital ÷ Risk-weighted assets.
- d) Ratio of the common equity to risk-weighted assets = Common equity ÷ Risk-weighted assets.
- e) Ratio of Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets = (Common equity + Other Tier 1 capital) ÷ Risk-weighted assets.
- f) Leverage ratio = Tier 1 capital ÷ Exposure measurement.

(Concluded)

# DISCLOSURE REQUIRED UNDER ARTICLE 46 OF THE FINANCIAL HOLDING COMPANY ACT JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

### June 30, 2023

Name	Total Amounts of Credits, Endorsement or Other Transactions	Percentage of ESFHC's Equity
1. Same person or same juridical person		
Department of banking, Central Bank of the Republic of China (ROC) Ministry of Finance, ROC Treasury USA Citi Bank Morgan Stanley And Co. INT. PLC Societe Generale Credit Agricole BPCE SA Goldman Sachs International United Bank of Switzerland BNP Paribas S.A Barclays PLC Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Tai Power Co., Ltd. Corsair Finance Jersey International Ltd. International Bills Finance Corporation Hon Hai Precision Co., Ltd. HSBC Bank Plc. Commonwealth Bank of Australia JP Morgan Chase Bank N.A. NATWEST Group Plc. Taiwan Water Corporation Chong Hong Construction Co., Ltd. HOTAI FINANCE CO., LTD Nan Ya Plastic Co., Ltd. YFG Shopping Centres Pty Ltd ATF The Fu Family Trust Standard Chartered	\$ 335,690,512 78,898,601 37,065,246 26,080,338 20,402,379 20,366,162 16,706,233 16,540,795 16,218,487 15,617,690 13,575,879 13,158,694 11,523,916 11,100,488 10,599,361 10,246,907 10,118,266 10,092,079 9,781,049 9,681,787 9,663,693 9,497,804 9,355,608 8,339,000 7,915,873 7,006,777 6,856,815 6,699,536	150.84 35.45 16.65 11.72 9.17 9.15 7.51 7.43 7.29 7.02 6.10 5.91 5.18 4.99 4.76 4.60 4.55 4.53 4.39 4.35 4.34 4.27 4.20 3.75 3.56 3.15 3.08 3.01
Westpac Banking Malayan Banking Berhad Deutsche Bank AG HONG KONG MONETARY AUTHORITY	6,679,335 6,303,249 6,276,762 6,225,313	3.00 2.83 2.82 2.80

	Total Amounts	D
N.	of Credits,	Percentage of
Name	Endorsement or	ESFHC's
	Other	Equity
	Transactions	
Wells Fargo Capital Finance	\$ 6,216,880	2.79
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation	6,152,118	2.79
CHINA STEEL CORPORATION		
	5,778,159	2.60
National Australia Bank	5,573,002	2.50
Synnex Technology International Corporation	5,532,494	2.49
Monetary Authority of Singapore	5,482,477	2.46
CPC Corporation, Taiwan	5,390,295	2.42
Mizuho Financial Group	5,311,398	2.39
Uni-President Enterprises Corp.	4,999,801	2.25
Yuanta Securities Co., Ltd.	4,996,436	2.25
Government of Singapore	4,928,226	2.21
Internationale Nederlanden Groep N.V.	4,889,121	2.20
CHAILEASE FINANCE CO., LTD	4,799,126	2.16
Mtr corporation	4,724,084	2.12
Cathay Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	4,485,087	2.02
The Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation Limited	4,456,132	2.00
QUANTA COMPUTER INC.	4,416,160	1.98
FORMOSA HA TINH (CAYMAN) LIMITED	4,361,280	1.96
IRIS SPV PLC	4,146,543	1.86
Powertech Technology Inc.	3,966,200	1.78
JP Morgan Structured Products B.V.	3,952,476	1.78
KEB HANA BANK	3,890,399	1.75
Yunneng Wind Power Co., Ltd.	3,887,099	1.75
Luminis Limited	3,777,800	1.70
Shayher Properties Pty Ltd. ATF Lin Brothers Trust	3,628,956	1.63
Namchow Holdings Co., Ltd.	3,618,008	1.63
Fubon Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	3,515,408	1.58
Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd.	3,507,209	1.58
Formosa Plastics Corporation	3,486,687	1.57
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	3,433,726	1.54
Bank of America	3,419,354	1.54
Kaohsiung City Government	3,357,721	1.51
Korea Development Bank	3,338,263	1.50
Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria	3,276,269	1.47
Wealth Media Co., Ltd.	3,221,982	1.45
Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd.	3,187,598	1.43
Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	3,148,539	1.41
Emerald Bay S.A.	3,140,219	1.41
HUAKU DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD.	3,106,000	1.40
The Export-Import Bank of the Republic of China	3,098,457	1.39
CTBC Financial Holding Co., Ltd	3,060,379	1.38
CTDC Financial Holding Co., Ltd	3,000,379	1.30

	Name	Total Amounts of Credits, Endorsement or Other Transactions	Percentage of ESFHC's Equity
2.	Same natural person and his/her spouse and relatives by blood within the second degree of kinship, as well as enterprise in which the principal or his/her spouse is the responsible person		
	Chen Fang Zhu	\$ 11,158,488 11,149,327 8,881,467	5.01 5.01 3.99
3.	Lin Same affiliate	5,487,481	2.47
	Citi Bank Group Societe Generale Group Credit Agricole Group Groupe BPCE and related parties The Goldman Sachs Group Hon Hai Group UBS AG Group BNP Paribas S.A. Group HSBC Group Fubon Group TSMC Group Nomura Holdings Inc. and related parties Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Group Chailease Holding Group Hotai Group Far Eastern New Century Group Formosa Plastics Group IBF Financial Holdings Co., Ltd JPMorgan Chase & Co. Sinosteel Group Walsin Lihwa Group Chong Hong Construction Group	26,289,081 20,845,339 17,788,207 17,351,645 16,312,526 15,827,586 15,676,762 14,597,247 14,247,528 14,247,403 14,103,048 13,850,337 12,606,825 11,441,493 10,484,907 10,432,122 10,380,547 10,228,266 10,062,537 9,864,608 9,154,780 9,120,700	11.81 9.37 7.99 7.80 7.33 7.11 7.04 6.56 6.40 6.34 6.22 5.66 5.14 4.71 4.69 4.66 4.60 4.52 4.43 4.11 4.10
	Cathay Group Wells Fargo & Company Group Standard Chartered Group Mitac-synnex Group	7,983,632 7,796,199 7,767,140 7,684,939	3.59 3.50 3.49 3.45

Name	Total Amounts of Credits, Endorsement or Other Transactions	Percentage of ESFHC's Equity
Ruentex Industries Group	\$ 7,187,448	3.23
Uni-President Group	6,804,890	3.06
Deutsche Bank AG Group	6,500,688	2.92
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited and related parties	6,228,191	2.80
Chicony Technology Group	6,226,192	2.80
Mizuho Financial Group	5,655,929	2.54
PTI Group	5,646,200	2.54
Yuanta Financial Holding Group	5,554,734	2.50
Internationale Nederlanden Group	5,174,423	2.33
MTR Group	5,082,900	2.28
Evergreen Group	4,831,530	2.17
Kinpo Group	4,794,579	2.15
CITIC Group	4,741,320	2.13
TCFHC Group	4,672,009	2.10
QCI Group	4,632,621	2.08
China Development Financial Holding Group	4,445,021	2.00
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Group	4,394,023	1.97
Sinyi Realty Inc. Group	4,335,409	1.95
wpd group	4,304,972	1.93
Oisda Group	4,163,758	1.87
Eternal Materials Group	3,926,612	1.76
Namchow Group	3,697,605	1.66
Bank of America Corp. and related parties	3,468,534	1.56
Tachien Baoyou Group	3,389,600	1.52
WPG Group	3,275,854	1.47
LCY Group	3,232,278	1.45
FCF Group	3,215,988	1.45
Cooler Master Group	3,200,000	1.44

June 30, 2022

Name	Total Amounts of Credits, Endorsement or Other Transactions	Percentage of ESFHC's Equity
Same person or same juridical person		
Department of banking, Central Bank of the Republic of China (ROC) Ministry of Finance, ROC Citi Bank Morgan Stanley And Co. INT. PLC Societe Generale Credit Agricole BPCE SA Tai Power Co., Ltd. Goldman Sachs International Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. BNP Paribas S.A Corsair Finance Jersey International Ltd. Barclays PLC Treasury USA NATWEST Group Plc. CPC Corporation, Taiwan JP Morgan Structured Products B.V. Hon Hai Precision Co., Ltd. United Bank of Switzerland Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Cathay Financial Holdings Co., Ltd. HSBC Bank Plc. Credit Suisse Taiwan Railways Administration, MOTC Anshin Real Estate Management Company	\$ 367,639,668 77,717,869 24,512,432 20,863,943 19,003,818 17,627,211 16,314,811 14,430,465 13,284,472 13,274,493 12,431,910 12,124,031 11,843,672 11,774,067 10,649,065 10,481,007 10,312,145 10,270,936 9,985,533 9,822,237 9,049,715 8,920,349 8,646,073 8,269,201 8,223,113	200.27 42.34 13.35 11.37 10.35 9.60 8.89 7.86 7.24 7.23 6.77 6.60 6.45 6.41 5.80 5.71 5.62 5.60 5.44 5.35 4.93 4.86 4.71 4.50 4.48
JP Morgan Chase Bank N.A. Pegatron Corporation Deutsche Bank AG	7,466,676 7,329,266 7,322,208	4.07 3.99 3.99
Commonwealth Bank of Australia Westpac Banking Malayan Banking Berhad China Development Bank	6,387,339 6,298,587 6,132,384 5,994,346	3.48 3.43 3.34 3.27

	Total Amounts of Credits,	Percentage of	
Name	<b>Endorsement or</b>	ESFHC's	
	Other	Equity	
	Transactions	1 3	
Chong Hong Construction Co., Ltd.	\$ 5,935,000	3.23	
Wells Fargo Capital Finance	5,904,969	3.22	
YFG Shopping Centrres PTY LTD	5,420,045	2.95	
KEB HANA BANK	5,329,835	2.90	
Mizuho Financial Group	5,312,906	2.89	
Nan Ya Plastic Co., Ltd.	5,104,593	2.78	
Uni-President Enterprises Corp.	5,086,650	2.77	
Internationale Nederlanden Groep N.V.	5,036,540	2.74	
Yuanta Securities Co., Ltd.	4,999,639	2.72	
Taiwan Water Corporation	4,998,782	2.72	
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	4,993,023	2.72	
ASUSTeK Computer Inc.	4,485,728	2.72	
Standard Chartered		2.44	
	4,421,079		
Shayher Properties Pty Ltd. ATF Lin Brothers Trust	4,344,115	2.37	
National Australia Bank	4,325,114	2.36	
FORMOSA HA TINH (CAYMAN)	4,161,640	2.27	
IRIS PV PLC	4,138,752	2.25	
HSBC Bank (Taiwan)	4,136,903	2.25	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	4,096,559	2.23	
Far Eastern New Century Corporation	4,047,660	2.20	
Fubon Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	3,980,978	2.17	
Hong Kong Monetary Authority	3,786,260	2.06	
Luminis Limited	3,776,562	2.06	
Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd.	3,747,503	2.04	
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	3,738,757	2.04	
Monetary Authority of Singapore	3,604,220	1.96	
HUAKU DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD.	3,525,891	1.92	
Yunneng Wind Power Co., Ltd.	3,500,871	1.91	
Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	3,475,188	1.89	
DBS Bank Limited	3,429,774	1.87	
LANI Finance Limited	3,408,198	1.86	
Namchow Holdings Co., Ltd.	3,407,750	1.86	
Wistron Corporation	3,387,169	1.85	
Kaohsiung City Government	3,382,519	1.84	
Wealth Media Co., Ltd.	3,339,146	1.82	
Cathay United Bank	3,319,883	1.81	
Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria	3,210,337	1.75	
Nan Shan Life Insurance Company, Ltd.	3,169,175	1.73	
Export-Import Bank of Korea	3,132,335	1.71	
Bank of America	3,103,015	1.69	
The Export-Import Bank of the Republic of China	3,085,247	1.68	
Emerald Bay S.A.	3,057,453	1.67	
Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited	3,052,355	1.66	
Compal Electronics, Inc.	3,050,000	1.66	
Powertech Technology Inc.	3,048,659	1.66	
Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd.	3,019,042	1.64	
Turman Mount Co., Did.	3,017,042	1.07	

	Name	Total Amounts of Credits, Endorsement or Other Transactions	Percentage of ESFHC's Equity
1	Same natural person and his/her spouse and relatives by blood within the second degree of kinship, as well as enterprise in which the principal or his/her spouse is the responsible person		
	Lin Fang Chen Zhang Zhu You Lin Chen Zhang	\$ 10,585,723 9,909,907 9,880,237 8,228,412 6,967,389 5,906,231 3,683,731 3,408,874 3,185,777 3,178,675	5.77 5.40 5.38 4.48 3.80 3.22 2.01 1.86 1.74 1.73
	Duan Chen Same affiliate	3,169,175 3,073,806	1.73 1.67
	Citi Bank Group Credit Agricole Group Societe Generale Group Groupe BPCE and related parties Nomura Holdings Inc. and related parties Fubon Group Hon Hai Group Hon Hai Group BNP Paribas S.A. Group The Goldman Sachs Group Far Eastern New Century Group Cathay Group UBS AG Group UBS AG Group Sinyi Realty Inc. Group Formosa Plastics Group Ruentex Industries Group JPMorgan Chase & Co. Deutsche Bank AG Group Walsin Lihwa Group Wells Fargo & Company Group Chong Hong Construction Group Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited and related parties Mitac-synnex Group wpd group Chicony Technology Group	24,918,773 19,612,357 19,525,616 17,412,179 16,682,691 16,257,972 15,050,993 14,679,694 13,768,466 13,374,473 13,022,437 12,672,715 12,662,599 10,398,719 9,462,955 9,459,345 8,432,599 8,276,165 7,954,672 7,821,052 7,682,087 7,055,400 7,022,923 6,977,235 6,767,830 6,399,847	13.57 10.68 10.64 9.49 9.09 8.86 8.20 8.00 7.50 7.29 7.09 6.90 5.66 5.15 5.15 4.59 4.51 4.33 4.26 4.18 3.84 3.89 3.69 3.49

	Total Amounts	D
Name	of Credits, Endorsement or	Percentage of ESFHC's
Name	Other	Egrife's Equity
	Transactions	Equity
	Transactions	
Uni-President Group	\$ 6,395,193	3.48
Internationale Nederlanden Group	6,165,728	3.36
Standard Chartered Group	5,922,367	3.23
Mizuho Financial Group	5,782,082	3.15
Yuanta Financial Holding Group	5,766,430	3.14
Kinpo Group	5,608,317	3.06
Evergreen Group	5,354,505	2.92
Oisda Group	5,150,589	2.81
Hua Nan Financial Holding Group	5,089,896	2.77
Cooler Master Group	4,847,354	2.64
WPG Group	4,693,599	2.56
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Group	4,627,856	2.52
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Group	4,614,130	2.51
CITIC Group	4,511,975	2.46
First Financial Holding Group	4,391,000	2.39
PTI Group	4,199,066	2.29
DBS Group	4,193,747	2.28
Wistron Corporation and related parties	4,090,997	2.23
China Development Financial Holding Group	3,973,208	2.16
Roya Golden Eagle Group	3,934,992	2.14
Chailease Holding Group	3,721,647	2.03
Hong Fu Industrial Group	3,492,735	1.90
Namchow Group	3,440,465	1.87
Hotai Group	3,378,953	1.84
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd. and related parties	3,362,589	1.83
Inventec Corporation and related parties	3,310,048	1.80
LCY Group	3,208,066	1.75
Eternal Materials Group	3,196,225	1.74
Bank of America Corp. and related parties	3,145,621	1.71
Charoen Pokphand Group	3,011,135	1.64

(Concluded)

### E.SUN FINANCIAL HOLDING COMPANY, LTD.

# THE RELATED INFORMATION AND PROPORTIONATE SHARE IN INVESTEES JUNE 30, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Investor Company				Damaantaga			The Proportion	nte Share of the C Investees (		Affiliates in	
	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	Percentage of	Carrying	Investment		Pro Forma	Tota	l	
	Threstee Company	Location	Main Dusinesses and Froducts	Ownership	Amount	Income	Shares (Thousands)	Shares (Note 2)	Shares (Thousands)	l of	
E.SUN Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	E.SUN Commercial Bank, Ltd. E.SUN Securities Co., Ltd. E.SUN Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Taipei Taipei Taipei	Banking Dealing, underwriting, brokering securities and operating in brokerage of futures Investment	100.00 100.00 100.00	\$ 216,493,424 6,874,620 5,445,587	\$ 9,509,725 612,180 598,518	11,707,200 400,000 450,000	- -	11,707,200 400,000 450,000	100.00 100.00 100.00	Note 3 Note 3

- Note 1: Shares or pro forma shares held by the Company, directors, supervisors, president, vice president and affiliates in accordance with the Company Act have been included.
- Note 2: a. Pro forma shares are shares that are assumed to be obtained through buying equity-based securities or entering into equity-linked derivative contracts for purposes defined in Paragraph 2 of Article 36 and Article 37 of the Financial Holding Company Act.
  - b. Equity-based securities are covered by Paragraph 1 Article 11 of the "Securities and Exchange Law Enforcement Rules," such as convertible bonds and warrants.
  - c. Derivative contracts, such as stock options, are those conforming to the definition of derivatives in International Financial Reporting Standard 9.
- Note 3: When preparing the consolidated financial statements, it has been eliminated.

## E.SUN SECURITIES CO., LTD.

### FINANCIAL RATIOS OF FUTURES BUSINESS JUNE 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND JUNE 30, 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Requirement: The Rules Governing Futures Commission Merchants.

	Formula	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		June 30, 2022			Status of
Rule No.		Formula	Ratio	Formula	Ratio	Formula	Ratio	Standard	Compliance with Standard (Met/Unmet)
17	Equities  Total liabilities minus customers' equity accounts - Futures	1,173,985 (1,834,278-1,825,781)	138.16	1,207,687 (1,809,220-1,799,499)	124.23	1,163,604 (1,732,711-1,723,884)	131.81	≧1	Met
17	Current assets Current liabilities	2,726,649 1,834,278	1.49	2,744,957 1,809,220	1.52	2,612,369 1,732,711	1.51	≥1	Met
22	Equities Capital stock	1,173,985 935,000	125.56%	1,207,687 935,000	129.16%	1,163,604 935,000	124.45%	≥60% ≥40%	Met
22	Adjusted net capital Client and proprietary account	1,128,162 592,785	190.32%	1,170,820 498,982	234.64%	1,109,638 608,045	182.49%	≥20% ≥15%	Met

# INFORMATION ON MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS JUNE 30, 2023

	Shareholding			
Name of Major S	tockholder	Number of	Percentage of	
		Shares	Ownership (%)	
None		-	-	

- Note 1: The information above of major shareholders is based on the data, calculated the registration and delivery of non-physical (including treasury stock) common stock and preferred stock at least 5% as of the last business day of each quarter by Taiwan Depository and Clearing Corp. (TDCC) There may be differences between the number of shares recorded in the consolidated financial statements and the registration number of non-physical shares due to different basis of preparation.
- Note 2: Shares held in trust will be listed by each trustor who set up the trust account. As for the shareholders who own at least 10%, including self-owned shares and trusted shares that shareholders have the power to decide trust assets, shall file insider equity in accordance with regulations of securities and exchange. Please refer to Market Observation Post System (MOPS) for relevant filing data of insider equity.